COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended December 31, 2016 Together with Independent Auditor's Report



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TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

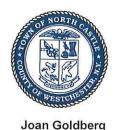
		Term Ends
SUPERVISOR:	Michael Schiliro	12/31/17
TOWN BOARD:	Stephen D'Angelo Josè L. Berra Barry Reiter Barbara DiGiacinto	12/31/20 12/31/20 12/31/17 12/31/17
TOWN CLERK:	Alison Simon	12/31/19
RECIEVER OF TAXES:	Patricia A. Colombo	12/31/17

TOWN ADMINISTRATOR: Joan Goldberg

VOTERS TOWN TOWN **TOWN RECEIVER TOWN SUPERVISOR** COUNCILMEN **CLERK OF TAXES JUSTICES TOWN ADMINISTRATOR TOWN DEPARTMENTS** RECREATION **POLICE** HIGHWAY / WATER & **BUILDING & PLANNING ASSESSOR** FINANCE AND PARKS DPW **SEWER ENG** CODE **ENFORCER BOARDS AND COMMITTEES PLANNING** RECYLING **RESIDENTIAL** ZONING **ARCHITECTURAL** LIBRARY BOARD **BOARD BOARD OF REVIEW BOARD** COMMITTEE **PROJECT APPEALS** REVIEW COMM. **ASSESSMENT** CONSERVATION **OPEN SPACE HOUSING** LIBRARY **BOARD OF BOARD** COMMITTEE **BOARD REVIEW** SUSTAINABLE **BEAUTIFICATION COMMUNICATIONS ROAD NAMING ELIJAH MILLER** COMMITTEE COMMITTEE COMMITTEE HOUSE COMM. NORTH CASTLE **AIRPORT LANDMARKS RECREATION AND BOARD OF ETHICS** COMMITTEE **PRESERVATION** PARKS ADVISORY

COMMITTEE

BOARD



TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE

Town Hall Annex – 17 Bedford Road Armonk, New York 10504

Established 1736

(914) 273-7305 jgoldberg@northcastleny.com

Town Administrator
April 11, 2017

To the Honorable Supervisor and Town Board of the Town of North Castle, New York

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the Town of North Castle, New York ("Town") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 is herewith submitted. The New York State Comptroller's Office requires the Town to submit an annual report of the financial record and transactions presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Town has elected to have these statement audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This CAFR is issued pursuant to this requirement and Town Board policy.

This report consists of management's responsibilities concerning the finances of the Town. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information present in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the Town's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not out-weigh their benefits, the Town's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town's financial statements have been audited by Bonadio & Co., LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2016 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering unqualified opinions that the Town's basic financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2016, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The financial section also includes a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the December 31, 2016 financial statements to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the Town

The Town was incorporated in 1788 by New York State as separate political entity vested with independent taxing and debt authority. There are no incorporated villages situated within the Town's borders. The Town has portions of five independently governed school districts, which rely on the taxing powers granted by New York State to raise revenues for school district purposes. The school districts use the Town's assessment roll as the basis for taxation of property within the Town.

In 2012 the Town hired a Town Administrator, setting up a Town Board – Administrator form of governance. The Town Board is the legislative, appropriating, governing and policy determining body of the Town and consists of four councilpersons, elected at large to serve a four-year term, plus the Supervisor. Councilpersons may serve an unlimited number or terms. It is the responsibility of the Town Board to enact, by resolution, all legislation including ordinances and local laws. Annual budgets for the Town must be approved by the Board; modifications and transfers between budgetary appropriations also much be authorized by the Board on the recommendation of the Supervisor and Town Administrator.

The Town Supervisor is elected for a two-year term of office. The Supervisor is a full member of and the presiding officer of the Town Board. Duties of the Supervisor include that of the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers. The Town Administrator is the Town's Chief Operating Officer and handles the administration of the Town's daily functions, including contract negotiations and departmental management. Additionally, under the supervision of the Town Supervisor, the Town Administrator prepares the annual budget.

The Town provides a wide range of governmental services to its residents. Highway construction and maintenance of roads is a Town function. Recreation is provided and parks are maintained through the Town government. Water, sewer, lighting, fire protection and ambulance services are furnished by various special districts, which have been formed within the Town. Other services performed at the Town level include property assessment, police protection, zoning administration and planning. The Town provides refuse collection services to residential properties and pays the cost thereof from the General Fund.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. All departments are required to file detailed estimates of revenues (other than real property taxes) and expenditures for the next fiscal year with the Town Administrator and Director of Finance on or before October 20th. Estimates for each fire district situated within the Town must also be filed with the Director of Finance by this date (the Town has no authority to amend the budget submitted by the fire districts). After reviewing these estimates, the Town Administrator prepares a tentative budget which includes his/her recommendations. The tentative budget is filed with the Town Clerk no later than October 30th. Subsequently, the Town Administrator presents the tentative budget to the Town Board at the regular or special hearing, which must be held on or before November 10th. The Town Board reviews the tentative budget and makes such changes as it deems necessary and that are consistent the provision of the law. Following this review process, the tentative budget, including any modifications, as approved by the Town Board becomes the preliminary budget. A public hearing, notice of which must be duly published in the Town's official newspaper, on the preliminary budget is required to be held no later than December 10th. At the hearing, any person may express their opinion concerning the preliminary budget; however, there is no requirement or provision that the preliminary budget or any portion thereof be voted on by member of the public. After the public hearing, the Town Board may further change and revise the preliminary budget. The Town Board, by resolution, adopts the preliminary budget as submitted or amended no later than December 20th, at which

time the preliminary budget becomes the adopted budget of the Town for the ensuing fiscal year. Budgetary control during the year is the responsibility of the Town Administrator and Supervisor. However, any changes or modification to the annual budget, including the transfer of appropriations among line items, must be approved by resolution of the Town Board. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. For the General, Highway, Public Library and Special District funds, these comparisons are presented as part of the basic financial statements. For other governmental funds with annual budgets, the comparisons are presented in the governmental funds subsection of this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information represented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town operates.

Local Economy

The Town is situated in the central portion of Westchester County, which continues to rank among the most affluent counties in the United States. The Town encompasses approximately 26 square miles and is primarily suburban residential in nature. However, the Town has a significant commercial base, which includes the world headquarters for International Business Machine ("IBM"), Swiss Re and several other large corporations. The population of the Town, according to the 2010 estimated census, is 11,841, which represents an increase of 9% since the 2000 official census report.

Completed Projects

The following projects were completed in the year ending 12/31/16:

- Lombardi Park Pavilion Roof
- IBM Field 1 Backstop
- Clove Road Dugout
- Demolition of house taken in rem for land addition to adjacent park
- Reconstruction of 7 miles of Town roads
- Realigned major intersection in town for safety and traffic flow
- Expansive deck installed on the Library/Community Center
- Library Generator installation

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Town's future projects include the following:

- Utilize road maintenance plan to increase the Town's Pavement Condition Index
- Maintain Town equipment and truck replacement schedule using budgeted monies
- Review of town owned buildings and land for maximum benefit determination
- Construction of additional parking in business district to encourage growth
- Possible future acquisition of local pool for municipal use
- Renovation/expansion of Town library/community center
- Streetscape improvements

Relevant Financial Policies

In 2010 the Town Board adopted a formal fund balance policy, establishing an unreserved/undesignated fund balance in the General Fund of 10% to 20% of Operating funds expenditures with a 5% minimum level required, unless unforeseen expenditures occur. If the Town's reserves fall below 10%, the policy requires the reserve balance to be restored within three to five years through financial operations. The Town continues to maintain reserves at adequate levels due to management's demonstrated commitment to being structurally balanced. The Town's investment policy and purchasing policy are adopted and reviewed annually. The Town's multi-year capital plan is reviewed and modified annually. Since the enactment of the tax cap, North Castle's annual tax levy increase has not exceeded the cap limits.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Town has been awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its CAFR from the Government Finance Officers Associations ("GFOA") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the members of the entire Town Staff, as well as our independent auditor, who assisted in its preparation. Thank you to all who participated in the process.

Respectfully submitted,

Joan Goldberg

Town Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of North Castle New York

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

Bonadio & Co., LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

April 11, 2017

To the Town Board of Town of North Castle, New York:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of North Castle, New York (Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of December 31, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(Continued)

6 Wembley Court Albany, New York 12205 p (518) 464-4080 f (518) 464-4087

www.bonadio.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Report on Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress-other postemployment benefit plans, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability and schedule of contributions-pension plans, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, comparative fund financial statements and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2016

INTRODUCTION

As management of the Town of North Castle, New York (Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the Town's financial performance.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a set of financial statements and notes. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements begin thereafter. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year ended 2016 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,316,030.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,400,859 representing a decrease in fund balance of \$387,614 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,358,897, which is 35.5% of total General Fund expenditures for 2016; an increase from the previous year of \$1,064,279.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, and other postemployment benefit obligations ("OPEB").

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are *governmental activities* (those principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues). The governmental activities of the Town include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services, and interest.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government- wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Highway Fund, Public Library Fund, Special Districts Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Highway Fund, Public Library Fund and Special Districts Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets. The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Town programs. The Town maintains only one type of fiduciary fund that is known as an Agency Fund. The Town holds resources in this fund purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of resources to the appropriate individual, organization, or government.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are located following the basic financial statements section of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements. These include the comparative statements for the governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

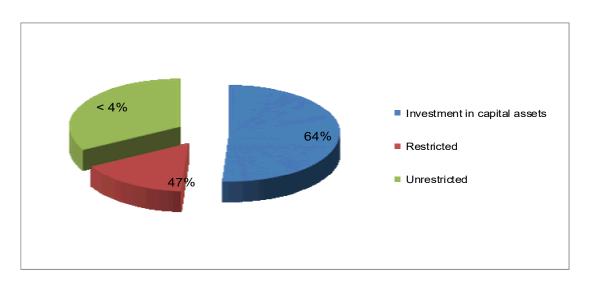
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$10,316,030 at the close of 2016.

NET POSITION

	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Percent Change
Assets:			
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 53,274,836 38,245,495	\$ 52,996,849 37,928,485	1% 1%
Total assets	91,520,331	90,925,334	1%
Deferred outflows of resources	9,724,629	2,440,169	
Total assets and deferred outflows	101,244,960	93,365,503	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities Long-term debt outstanding	39,443,545 50,353,496	38,386,787 41,944,017	3% 20%
Total liabilities	89,797,041	80,330,804	12%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,131,889	22,457	
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	15,367,333	14,247,485	8%
Restricted	4,816,040	4,631,502	4%
Unrestricted	(9,867,343)	(5,866,745)	68%
Total net position	\$ 10,316,030	\$ 13,012,242	-21%

Net Position Distribution December 31, 2016



By far, the largest component of the Town's net position is its investment in capital assets (land improvements, building improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress) (64%). The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

NET POSITION (Continued)

The restricted net position of \$4,816,040 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restrictions are as follows:

	F	iscal Year 2016	F	iscal Year 2015	Percent Change
Capital projects Workers' compensation benefits	\$	1,692	\$	30,508 1,692	100% 0%
Special districts Debt service		4,814,348 		4,595,651 3,651	5% -100%
Total	\$	4,816,040	\$	4,631,502	4%

Net position subject to external restrictions on how they may be used is \$20,183,373 with the remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which is a deficit of \$9,867,343 which must be financed from future operations. This deficit does not mean that the Town does not have resources available to meet its obligations in the ensuing year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments of other postemployment benefit and net pension obligations (\$28.2 million) that are greater than currently available resources. Payments for these liabilities will be budgeted in the year that actual payment will be made.

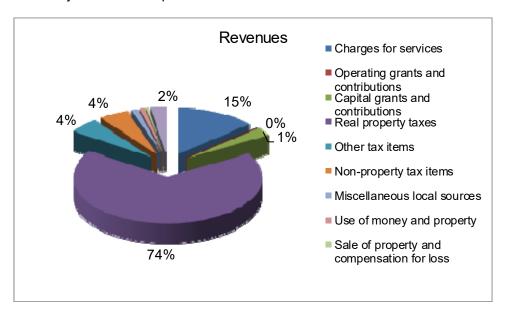
Change in Net Position

onange in Net i osition	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Percent Change
Revenue:			
Program revenue:			
Charges for services	\$ 4,612,33	2 \$ 4,606,726	0%
Operating grants and contributions	3,48	8 2,405	45%
Capital grants and contributions	966,47	352,932	174%
General revenue:			
Real property taxes	22,614,81	, ,	4%
Other tax items	1,774,28	1,613,511	10%
Non-property tax items	1,728,94		1%
Miscellaneous local sources	390,99		-41%
Use of money and property	303,66	337,977	-10%
Sale of property and compensation for loss	125,38	7 235,584	-47%
State aid	901,71	3 775,351	16%
Total revenue	33,422,09	32,070,299	4%
Expenses:			
General support	4,473,64	9 4,621,722	-3%
Public safety	10,857,91	5 11,170,848	-3%
Health	269,58	5 274,296	-2%
Transportation	8,691,88	7,928,052	10%
Economic assistance and opportunity	254,38	300,679	-15%
Culture and recreation	5,664,60	5,747,153	-1%
Home and community services	5,174,15	7,402,203	-30%
Debt service	732,12	23 725,766	1%
Total expenses	36,118,30	38,170,719	-5%
Change in Net Position	\$ (2,696,21	2) \$ (6,100,420)	-56%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$33,422,095. Tax and other tax items revenues of \$26,118,046 comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represent the largest revenue source (78%). The \$1,351,796 increase in total governmental activities revenues from the prior year is the result of a combination of the following significant factors:

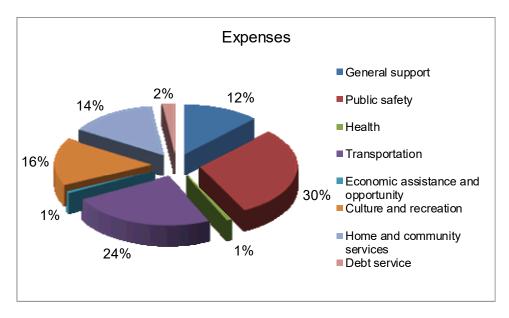
- Property taxes increased by \$836,826 due to a reduction in deferred taxes. More property
 owners paid their taxes on time, which allowed the town to lower the deferred portion of the
 property tax revenue, resulting in an increase in current year tax revenue.
- Capital grants increased by \$613,541 due to a grant received towards the construction of a UV treatment facility for our sewer plant.



For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, expenses from governmental activities totaled \$36,118,307. The largest components of governmental activities expenses are public safety \$10,857,915 (30%), transportation \$8,691,886 (24%), home and community services \$5,174,154 (14.5%), culture and recreation \$5,664,608 (15.6%), and general government support \$4,473,649 (12%). Expenses decreased from the prior year by \$2,052,412, or 5%, primarily as a result of a combination of the following significant factors:

- Public safety decreased by \$312,933 primarily as a result of retro-active salary adjustments in the prior year.
- Transportation increased by \$763,834 primarily as a result of increased road pavement projects.
- Home and community services decreased by \$2,228,049 due to the completion of a major water project in the prior year.

• GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,400,859 a decrease of \$387,614 compared to last years ending balance of \$12,788,473. This is now presented under the GASB Statement No. 54 fund balance classifications. The non-spendable fund balance component is \$514,353, consisting of amounts representing prepaid expenditures. Fund balance of \$4,816,040 is restricted primarily for special district funds. The assigned fund balance classification aggregates \$1,511,300, consisting primarily of amounts reserved for encumbrances and special districts. The remaining fund balance of \$5,559,166 is unassigned and represents the remaining positive fund balance in the General Fund of \$6,358,897 and the negative fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund of (\$799,731) after amounts that have been restricted, committed or assigned for other purposes

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,358,897, representing 92.4% of the total General fund balance of \$6,884,642. This is an increase from the prior year, when the total unassigned fund balance was \$5,294,618. Two useful measures of liquidity are the percentage of unassigned fund balance to total expenditures and total fund balance to total expenditures. As a result of the above discussion, at the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund showed a 33% unassigned fund balance as compared to total expenditures and other financing uses, up from 26% in the prior year. Total unassigned general fund balance increased \$1,064,279 or 20% due to a change in deferred taxes, retroactive pay, and expenditures for road projects.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$991,402 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$401,811 less than the amount contained in the final budget, representing a savings of 1% of the total budget. Savings of \$239,063, \$95,476 and \$14,913 were achieved in the general government support, culture and recreation and public safety respectively due to tight control on expenditures. The other savings were spread over the entire budget in no one particular area. Actual revenues and other financing sources came in \$2,017,561 higher than the final budget, a positive variance of 11%. The majority of this variance came from two sources. Real property taxes, including penalties, surpassed the budget by \$1,015,221, mainly due to a change in deferred property taxes. The second significant positive variance resulted from increased building permits, which exceeded budget by \$489,946.

The Town continues to meet its fund balance goals as set in the fund balance policy approved by the Town Board. The Town has designated none of the general fund balance to be used for real property tax relief in the 2017 fiscal year.

The Highway Fund's total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$1,333,224, a decrease of \$719,416 from the previous year. This was due to the planned use of fund balance for road paving and equipment purchases.

The Library Fund's total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$168,376, a decrease of \$44,407 from the previous year. Fund balance was used for capital improvements to the physical building.

The Special Districts Fund's total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$4,814,348 an increase of \$218,697 from the previous year, mainly due to tight expenditure controls.

The Capital Projects Fund reflects a deficit fund balance of \$799,731 at the end of the current fiscal year, a decrease of \$830,239 from the previous year. Two main projects encompass the majority of the capital activity, the LT2 UV disinfection facility and closing out the SW2 distribution system replacement. A delay in receipt of subsidized financing for the UV facility resulted in the year end deficit position.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There was a positive variance between the original and final revenue budget versus the actual results for the General Fund, with the final budget at \$18,391,677 and the actual results at \$20,408,773 a net positive variance of \$2,017,096.

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
REVENUE:				
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 15,062,369	\$ 15,062,369	\$ 16,180,348	\$ 1,117,979
Departmental income	1,568,688	1,568,688	1,737,993	169,305
Licenses and permits	640,000	782,000	1,281,385	499,385
State aid	777,000	777,000	941,166	164,166
Other revenue	343,620	201,620	263,329	61,709
Transfer from other fund		<u>-</u>	5,017	5,017
Total revenue	18,391,677	18,391,677	20,409,238	2,017,561
EXPENDITURES:				
General governmental support	4,222,884	4,088,074	3,849,011	239,063
Public Safety	8,867,585	8,928,608	8,913,695	14,913
Other expenditures	5,001,644	5,117,975	4,970,154	147,821
Debt service	299,564	284,564	189,550	95,014
Transfer to other fund		1,400,426	1,495,426	(95,000)
Total expenditures	18,391,677	19,819,647	19,417,836	401,811
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(1,427,970)	991,402	2,419,372
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	5,893,240	5,893,240	5,893,240	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 5,893,240	\$ 4,465,270	\$ 6,884,642	\$ 2,419,372

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at December 31, 2016, net of \$38,072,375 of accumulated depreciation, was \$38,245,495. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities

- Water District #2 System Replacement
- Road improvements
- Highway and police equipment
- LT UV Disinfection Facility

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	F	iscal Year 2016	F	iscal Year 2015	Percent Change
Land Land improvements Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	3,556,741 2,688,469 1,100,007 9,968,160 3,957,719 16,974,399	\$	3,556,741 2,752,815 7,263,907 10,302,420 3,367,625 10,684,977	0% -2% -70% -3% 18% 59%
Total capital assets	<u>\$</u>	38,245,495	<u>\$</u>	37,928,485	1%

Long-term Debt

On November 5th, 2014, Moody's Investors Service reviewed and assigned a rating of Aaa to the Town. The Aaa rating, which is the highest rating achievable, reflects the Town's substantial, diverse and wealthy tax base that includes Fortune 500 corporate headquarters, a low debt burden and adequate reserve levels. The stable outlook reflects Moody's belief that the Town continues to restore structure balance and its reserves.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$21,857,000. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Town are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

Known as the "constitutional debt limit", and pursuant to New York State Local Finance Law §104, the Town must limit total outstanding long-term debt to no more than 7% of the five-year average full valuation of real property. At December 31, 2016, the Town had only utilized 1.04% of its constitutional debt limit, and had the authority to issue an additional \$349,061,034 of general obligation long-term debt.

The Town anticipates a modest capital budget for 2016. Essential equipment will be considered to maintain the Town's long range equipment replacement plan, and the accelerated road improvements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

According to the New York State Department of Labor, the unemployment rate for the Town was 4.2% as of December 2016. This compares favorably with the rate of 4.8% for New York State and with the 4.7% national unemployment rate. Real estate activity, particularly home building and repairs, have started to show improvement in 2016, bringing the building permit fees up from the previous year. As the collective bargaining agreements were in place for 2016, labor costs were predictable for the next fiscal year. All of these factors were taken into consideration in developing the 2017 budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in those finances. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to:

Joan Goldberg, Town Administrator Town of North Castle 15 Bedford Road. Armonk, New York 10504.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

ASSETS Governmental Activities Cash and cash equivalents \$ 18,177,860 Receivables: 22,309,002 Taxes, net 22,309,002 Accounts 1,559,326 Water rents 161,947 Due from other governments 562,342 Prepaid tlems 514,353 Total current assets 3,566,741 Depreciable, net 3,566,741 Depreciable, net 3,4688,754 Total capital assets 38,245,495 Deferred outflows of resources: 101,244,960 Deferred outflows of resources pensions 9,724,629 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 101,244,960 LIABILITIES 2,539,060 Retainages payable 2,539,060 Retainages payable 8,3,866 Accrued interest 17,221,62 Current portion of long term debt 1,141,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities 39,443,546 Non-current liabilities 90,928,930 Total long-term liabilities 90,935,349	DECEMBER 01, 2010	
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Receivables: 32,309,009 Accounts 1,559,325 Water rents 161,247 Due from other governments 562,342 Prepaid items 53,274,836 Total current assets 53,274,836 Capital Assets: 3,556,741 Depreciable, net 3,556,741 Deferred outflows of resources: 2 Deferred outflows of resources - pensions 9,724,629 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 101,244,960 LIABILITIES 4,2539,060 Retainages payable 8,366,64 Accounts payable 2,539,060 Retainages payable 8,366,64 Accrued interest 18,230 Out a school districts 34,472,227 Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,162 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities 39,944,354 Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 9,991,443 Net postin liability 8,221,985	ASSETS	
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Accounts 1,559,325 Water rents 151,947 Due from other governments 562,342 Prepaid items 51,355 Total current assets 53,274,836 Capital Assets: "Non-depreciable" 34,688,754 Depreciable, net 34,688,754 Total capital assets 9,724,629 Deferred outflows of resources: 101,244,960 Deferred outflows of resources or pensions 9,724,629 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 101,244,960 LIABILITIES 2,539,060 Accounts payable 2,539,060 Retainages payable 83,666 Accounts payable 83,666 Account payable 1,021,622 Due to school districts 34,722,227 Bould current liabilities 39,443,545 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities 39,443,545 Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension li		32 300 000
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Non-depreciable Depreciable, net 3,556,741 Depreciable, net 34,688,754 Total capital assets 38,245,495 Deferred outflows of resources: 9,724,629 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 101,244,960 LIABILITIES 40,249,200 Accounts payable 2,539,060 Retainages payable 83,866 Accrued interest 178,230 Due to school districts 34,472,227 Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,162 Current portion of long term debt 1,141,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities: 1,432,068 Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 90,928,330 Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of reso	Total current assets	53,274,836
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Deferred outflows of resources:	Depreciable, net	34,688,754
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions 9,724,629 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 101,244,960 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 2,539,060 Retainages payable 38,866 Accrued interest 178,230 Due to school districts 34,472,272 Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,462 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 2 Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 20,708,000 Total liabilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 Net POSITION 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 Net investment in capital assets 15,367,333 Restricted for: 90,928,930 Workers' compensation benefits	Total capital assets	38,245,495
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Accounts payable	Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	9,724,629
Accounts payable 2,539,060 Retainages payable 83,866 Accrued interest 178,230 Due to school districts 34,472,227 Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,162 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities: 20,708,000 Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,965 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total limbilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources: 90,928,930 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 1,131,889 Net investment in capital assets 15,367,333 Restricted for: 90,928,930 NET POSITION 1,692 Special districts - Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 <	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	101,244,960
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Retainages payable 83,866 Accrued interest 178,230 Due to school districts 34,472,227 Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,162 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,965 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total limilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources: 90,928,930 Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,367,333 Restricted for: 1692 Workers' compensation benefits 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted<	Accounts payable	2,539.060
Due to school districts 34,472,227 Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,162 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities:		
Bond anticipation notes payable 1,021,162 Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities:	Accrued interest	178,230
Current portion of long term debt 1,149,000 Total current liabilities 39,443,545 Non-current liabilities: 1,432,068 Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources: 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 15,367,333 Restricted for: 2,545,530 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Due to school districts	
Total current liabilities 39,443,545	Bond anticipation notes payable	1,021,162
Non-current liabilities: 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources: 90,928,930 Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 15,367,333 Restricted for: 1,692 Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,546,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Current portion of long term debt	1,149,000
Compensated absences 1,432,068 Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources: 1,131,889 Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 15,367,333 Restricted for: Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted 19,867,343	Total current liabilities	39,443,545
Other postemployment benefits 19,991,443 Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,367,333 Restricted for: Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Non-current liabilities:	
Net pension liability 8,221,985 Bonds payable 20,708,000 Total long-term liabilities 50,353,496 Total liabilities 89,797,041 Deferred inflows of resources: 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 15,367,333 Restricted for: 2,545,530 Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	·	
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Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION	Total long-term liabilities	50,353,496
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 15,367,333 Restricted for: Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Total liabilities	89,797,041
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions 1,131,889 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 90,928,930 NET POSITION 15,367,333 Restricted for: Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Deferred inflows of resources:	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,367,333 Restricted for: Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		1,131,889
Net investment in capital assets 15,367,333 Restricted for: Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - Water 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	90,928,930
Restricted for: 1,692 Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Water 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	NET POSITION	
Workers' compensation benefits 1,692 Special districts - 2,545,530 Water 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		15,367,333
Special districts - Water 2,545,530 Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		1,692
Sewer 2,168,434 Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)	Special districts -	
Street Lighting 35,880 Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		
Fire 404 Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		
Parking 3,062 Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		
Ambulance 61,038 Unrestricted (9,867,343)		
Unrestricted (9,867,343)		-,
Total net position \$\\ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc		
	Total net position	<u>\$ 10,316,030</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Net (Expense)		
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in <u>Net Position</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities -	ф. 4.47 2.040	ф 205.450	•	ф 20.4F2	¢ (4,000,740)
General governmental support Public safety Health	\$ 4,473,649 10,857,915 269,585	\$ 395,456 107,731	\$ - - -	\$ 39,453 - -	\$ (4,038,740) (10,750,184) (269,585)
Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation	8,691,886 254,387 5,664,608	125,586 - 1,344,830	3,488 - -	247,923 - 69,923	(8,314,889) (254,387) (4,249,855)
Home and community services Interest	5,174,154 732,123	2,638,729	<u> </u>	609,174	(1,926,251) (732,123)
Total governmental activities	\$ 36,118,307	\$ 4,612,332	\$ 3,488	\$ 966,473	(30,536,014)
GENERAL REVENUES:					
Real property taxes and other tax items Payments in lieu of taxes					22,614,818 984,413
Interest and penalties on real property taxes Non-property tax distribution from County Franchise fees - cable TV					789,868 1,728,947 308,440
Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss					303,665 125,387
State aid Miscellaneous					901,713 82,551
Total general revenues					27,839,802
Change in net position					(2,696,212)
Net position - beginning of year					13,012,242
Net position - end of year					\$ 10,316,030

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	_	eneral -und		Highway <u>Fund</u>	Public Library <u>Fund</u>		Special Districts <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Del Serv <u>Fur</u>	ice		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10	0,989,082	\$	2,183,748	\$ 235,662	\$	4,769,367	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,177,859
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes Other Receivables:	32	2,309,009		-	-		-		-		-		32,309,009
Accounts Water rents		67,050 -		288,399	346		15,015 151,947		1,188,515 -		-		1,559,325 151,947
Due from other governments		562,342		-	-		-		-		-		562,342
Prepaid expenses		514,353		-	 								514,353
Total assets	\$ 44	1,441,836	\$	2,472,147	\$ 236,008	\$	4,936,329	\$	1,188,515	\$		\$	53,274,835
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES:													
Accounts payable	\$	327,306	\$	1,103,203	\$ 67,632	\$	121,981	\$	918,938	\$	-	\$	2,539,060
Retainages payable		-		35,720	-		-		48,146		-		83,866
Due to school districts	34	1,472,227		-	-		-		-		-		34,472,227
Bond anticipation notes payable		_		-	 -	-	-		1,021,162				1,021,162
Total liabilities	34	4,799,53 <u>3</u>		1,138,923	 67,632		121,981		1,988,246			_	38,116,315
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:													
Property tax revenues		2,757,661		-	 								2,757,661
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,757,661		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_	2,757,661
FUND BALANCES:													
Nonspendable		514,353		-	-		-		-		-		514,353
Restricted		1,692		-	-		4,814,348		-		-		4,816,040
Assigned		9,700		1,333,224	168,376		-		-		-		1,511,300
Unassigned		6,358,897	_	<u>-</u>	 -		-		(799,731)				5,559,166
Total fund balances		6,884,642		1,333,224	 168,376		4,814,348		(799,731)				12,400,859
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of													
resources and fund balances	\$ 44	<u>1,441,836</u>	\$	2,472,147	\$ 236,008	\$	4,936,329	\$	1,188,515	\$		\$	53,274,835

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 12,400,859
Total net assets reported for governmental a assets is different because:	ctivities in the statement of net	
Net pension	tflows of resources liability lows of resources	9,724,629 (8,221,985) (1,131,889)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported in the funds.		38,245,495
Revenues in the statement of activities tha financial resources are not reported as rev Real proper	enues in the funds	2,757,662
Long-term liabilities that are not due and paperiod are not reported in the funds	ayable in the current	
Accrued into Bonds paya Compensate	erest payable ble ed absences mployment benefits	 (178,230) (21,857,000) (1,432,068) (19,991,443)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 10,316,030

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General <u>Fund</u>	Highway <u>Fund</u>	Public Library <u>Fund</u>	Special Districts <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES: Real property taxes Other tax items Nonproperty tax items Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss Interfund revenue State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 12,368,680 1,774,281 2,037,387 1,737,993 98,533 1,129,946 151,439 95,947 941,166 3,488 65,361	\$ 5,829,261 	\$ 1,618,947 14,938 12,440 - 1,454 69,923 17,016	\$ 3,143,671 	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	\$ 22,960,559 1,774,281 2,037,387 3,204,735 124,867 303,665 1,129,946 151,439 125,387 719 1,844,698 3,488 106,664
Total revenues	20,404,221	6,203,742	1,734,718	4,791,867	633,286	1	33,767,835
EXPENDITURES: General governmental support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Debt service - Principal Interest Capital outlay Total expenditures	3,849,011 8,913,695 2,144 344,165 221,760 3,100,803 1,301,282 127,020 62,530	5,221 - 8,168,736 - - 170,000 41,656 - - 8,385,613	1,779,125	4,910 496,695 267,441 133,711 - 2,238,160 831,978 602,520 - 4,575,415	113,392 - - - - - 1,379,494 		3,972,534 9,410,390 269,585 8,646,612 221,760 4,879,928 3,539,442 1,128,998 706,706 1,379,494
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,481,811	(2,181,871)	(44,407)	216,452	(859,600)	1	(387,614)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	5,017 (1,495,426)	1,462,455 		558,857 (556,612)	651,612 (622,251)	(3,652)	2,677,941 (2,677,941)
Total other financing sources and uses	(1,490,409)	1,462,455		2,245	29,361	(3,652)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	991,402	(719,416)	(44,407)	218,697	(830,239)	(3,651)	(387,614)
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	5,893,240	2,052,640	212,783	4,595,651	30,508	3,651	12,788,473
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 6,884,642	\$ 1,333,224	\$ 168,376	\$ 4,814,348	\$ (799,731)	\$ -	\$ 12,400,859

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (387,614)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures less disposals Depreciation expense	1,263,616 (946,606)
Pension expense resulting from the GASB 68 related actuary reporting is not recorded as an expenditure in the government funds but is recorded in the statement of activities	(964,961)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes	(345,740)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities Principal paid on bonds	1,129,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations	 (25,417) 195,252 (2,613,742)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,696,212)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	<u>Agency</u>	Private Purpose <u>Trusts</u>
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 1,704,227 6,639	\$ - 405
Total assets	\$ 1,710,866	\$ 405
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deposits and escrows Escrows	\$ 40,622 490,748 	\$ 16,554 - (16,149)
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 1,710,866</u>	\$ 405
NET POSITION Restricted for trusts		
Total net position		<u> </u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31. 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of North Castle, New York (Town) was established in 1788 and operates in accordance with Town Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Town Supervisor serves as chief executive and chief financial officer. The Town provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the Town, b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal burden and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Town at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Town's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

- a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:
 - General Fund The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
 - Special Revenue Funds Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Town are as follows:
 - Highway Fund The Highway Fund is used to account for road and bridge maintenance and improvements as defined in the Highway Law of the State of New York. The majority of revenue resources consist of property taxes, intergovernmental charges, state aid and transfers from the general fund.
 - Public Library Fund The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's Public Library. The majority of revenue resources consist of property taxes.
 - Special Districts Fund The Special Districts Fund is provided to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's water, sewer, street lighting, fire protection, parking and ambulance districts. The majority of revenue resources consist of property taxes, departmental income and rental income.

C. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

a. Governmental Funds (Continued)

- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.
- Debt Service Fund The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.
- b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Town has two types of fiduciary funds:
 - Private Purpose Trust Funds These funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in accordance with terms of a trust agreement. Established criteria govern the use of the funds.
 - Agency funds These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the Town as agent for various deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic *resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider has been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Fund Balances

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other post- employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure

 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Town's deposit and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Town has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Town is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions and accordingly, the Town's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Town has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Town's name. The Town's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2016.

• Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1st. The Town collects county, town, highway and special districts taxes which are due April 1st and payable without penalty to April 30th. School districts taxes for the period July 1st to June 30th are levied on July 1st and are due on September 1st with the first half payable without penalty until September 30th and the second half payable without penalty until January 31st. The Town guarantees the full payment of the County and school districts warrants and assumes the responsibility for uncollected taxes. The Town also has the responsibility for conducting in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure (Continued)

The Town functions in both a fiduciary and guarantor relationship with the County of Westchester and the various school districts located within the Town with respect to the collection and payment of real property taxes levied by such jurisdictions. County taxes are included in the Town's levy and are payable without penalty for thirty days. The County Charter provides for the Town to collect County and school districts taxes and remit them as collected to the respective municipality. However, the Town must remit to the County sixty percent of the amount levied by May 25th and the balance of forty percent on October 15th. With respect to school district taxes, the Charter provides that the Town satisfy the warrant of each school district by April 5th. Thus, the Town's fiduciary responsibility is from the date of the levy until the due date of the respective tax warrant at which time the Town must satisfy its obligation to the municipalities regardless of the amounts collected. The County tax warrant is due in October and uncollected County taxes have been accounted for in a manner similar to Town taxes. The collection of school districts taxes is deemed a financing transaction until the warrants are satisfied.

- Other Receivables Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.
- Due From/To Other Funds During the course of its operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2016, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.
- Inventory There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Town. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.
- Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent years budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the fund financial statements are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life in Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Infrastructure	30-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

 Unearned/Deferred Revenues - Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Town has reported unearned revenues of \$2,757,661 for real property taxes in the General Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure (Continued)

 Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects or Debt Service funds expenditures.

- Compensated Absences The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.
- Net Position Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net
 position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either
 through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions
 imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net
 position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets,
 restricted for capital projects, workers' compensation benefits, special districts and debt
 service. The balance is classified as unrestricted.
- Fund Balances Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Town's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Town's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Highway, Public Library and Special Districts fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2015 statements to conform to the current year presentation.

I. Deferred Outflows and Inflows

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources (expenses/expenditure/revenues) until then.

J. Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The Town's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

2. STEWARDSHIP COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

The Town generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) Prior to October 20th, the head of each administrative unit shall submit to the budget officer an estimate of revenues and expenditures for such administrative unit for the ensuing year.
- b) The budget officer, upon completion of the review of the estimates, shall prepare .a tentative budget and file such budget in the office of the Town Clerk on or before October 30th.
- c) On or before November 10th, the Town Clerk shall present the tentative budget to the Town Board.
- d) The Town Board shall review the tentative budget and may make such changes, alterations and revisions as it shall consider advisable and which are consistent with law. Upon completion of such review, the tentative budget and any modifications, as approved by the Town Board, shall become the preliminary budget.
- e) On or before December 10th, the Town Board shall hold a public hearing on the preliminary budget.
- f) After the public hearing, the Town Board may further change, alter and revise the preliminary budget subject to provisions of the law.
- 9) The preliminary budget as submitted or amended shall be adopted by resolution no later than December 20th.
- h) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Highway, Public Library, Special Districts and Debt Service funds.
- i) Budgets for General, Highway, Public Library, Special Districts and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted for the Special Purpose Fund.
- j) The Town Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Town Board. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- k) Appropriations in General, Highway, Public Library, Special Districts and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

2. STEWARDSHIP COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Town is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised (See Note 5).

C. Application of Accounting Standards

The Town adopted the following accounting standards in 2016:

GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments which supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments and amends Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, paragraphs 64, 74, and 82. Statement No. 76 reduces the number of categories of authoritative generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) hierarchy and the framework for selecting those principles to two categories. The primary category "Category A" will consist of officially established GASB Statements and GASB Interpretations heretofore issued and currently in effect. The second category "Category B" will consist of GASB Technical Bulletins, GASB Implementation Guides when presented in the form of a Comprehensive Implementation Guide, and literature of the AICPA cleared by the GASB. The goal of Statement No. 76 is to help governments apply financial reporting guidance with less variability, therefore improving usefulness and comparability of financial statement information among state and local governments.

GASB Statement *No.* 77 *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments. The disclosures required by this Statement encompass tax abatements resulting from both (a) agreements that are entered into by the reporting government and (b) agreements that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The provisions of this Statement should be applied to all state and local governments subject to such tax abatement agreements

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

As of December 31, 2016, all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents and investment balances were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Town's name:

	Bank <u>Balance</u>	Carrying <u>Amount</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, including trust and agency funds	\$ 19,836,349	<u>\$ 19,218,663</u>
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name	\$ 18,836,349	
Covered by FDIC insurance	1,000,000	
Total	<u>\$ 19,836,349</u>	

B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Town and County Taxes		School District Taxes	Total
Current year Overdue	\$	301,288 80,464	\$ 30,948,866 978,391	\$ 31,250,154 1,058,855
	\$	381,752	\$ 31,927,257	32,309,009
Allowance for uncollectible taxes				
				\$ 32,309,009

School districts taxes are offset by liabilities to the school districts which will be paid no later than April 5, 2017. Taxes receivable in the fund financial statements are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$2,757,661, which represents an estimate of the receivable which will not be collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year.

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Town's capital assets are as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 2015 Balance	 Additions Disposals		Disposals		ecember 31, 2016 Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets that are not depreciated:							
Land	\$	3,556,741	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,556,741
Construction in progress		7,263,907	 <u>-</u>		(6,163,900)		1,100,007
Total non-depreciable cost		10,820,648	 		(6,163,900)		4,656,748
Capital assets that are depreciated:							
Land improvements		4,265,165	-		-		4,265,165
Buildings and improvements		17,519,161	-		-		17,519,161
Machinery and equipment		10,434,479	844,457		(21,456)		11,257,480
Infrastructure		32,014,801	 6,604,515	-			38,619,316
Total depreciable historical cost	_	64,233,606	 7,448,972		(21,456)		71,661,122
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements		1,512,350	64,346		-		1,576,696
Buildings and improvements		7,216,742	334,259		-		7,551,001
Machinery and equipment		7,066,854	232,907		-		7,299,761
Infrastructure		21,329,823	 315,094				21,644,917
Total accumulated depreciation		37,125,769	 946,606		<u>-</u>		38,072,375
Total cost, net	\$	37,928,485	\$ 6,502,366	\$	(6,185,356)	\$	38,245,495

Depreciation expense was charged to the Town's functions and programs as follows:

General government support	\$ 45,296
Public safety	32,461
Transportation	182,650
Culture and recreation	215,172
Home and community services	 471,027
Total depreciation expense	\$ 946,606

D. Pension Plans

Plan Description

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224.

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

Funding Policy

The Systems are non-contributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of service. For employees who joined after April 1, 2012, employees in NYSERS contribute 3% of their salary until April 1, 2013 and then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary throughout their active membership.

Contributions made to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

		ERS	PFRS		
	<u>-</u>				
2016	\$	1,054,662	\$	1,002,751	
2015	\$	1,349,324	\$	1,319,633	
2014	\$	1,177,992	\$	1,016,189	

The ERS and PFRS contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contribution for each respective fiscal year

The current ERS contribution for the Town was charged to various departments within the funds identified below.

New York State Employee Retirement System

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At December 31, 2016, the Town reported a liability of \$3,954,784 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by the actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Towns long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.0246400 percent, which was an increase from its proportion measured December 31, 2015 of 0.0226361 percent..

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,493,290 related to the NYS Retirement System. At December 31, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	eterred outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	19,985	\$	468,774
Changes of Assumptions		1,054,622		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the District's		2,346,195		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		307,741		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		790,997		
Total	\$	4,519,540	\$	468,774

\$790,997 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ending March 31,	2017	\$ 829,166
-	2018	829,166
	2019	829,166
	2020	772,271
	2021	-
	Thereafter	
		\$ 3,259,769

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2016 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2016. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary scale	3.8 percent indexed by service
Projected COLAs	1.3% compounded annually
Decrements	Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2015
Mortality improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014
Investment Rate of Return	7% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

New York State Employee Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as of March 31, 2016 and 2015 in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Real Rate			
Asset Type	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Domestic Equity	38.0%	7.3%		
International Equity	13.0%	8.6%		
Private Equity	10.0%	11.0%		
Real Estate	8.0%	8.3%		
Absolute Return Strategies	3.0%	6.8%		
Opportunistic Portfolio	3.0%	8.6%		
Real Asset	3.0%	8.7%		
Bonds & Mortgages	18.0%	4.0%		
Cash	2.0%	2.3%		
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2.0%	4.0%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower (6%) or 1 percent higher (8.%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Assumption		1	% Increase	
		(6%)			(7%)		(8%)
Proportionate Share of Net		_					
Pension liability	\$	8,917,751		\$	3,954,784	\$	(238,711)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

New York State Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2016, were as follows:

				TOWN'S	i own's
			р	roportionate	allocation
	F	ension Plan's	sh	are of Plan's	percentage as
	1	Fiduciary Net	F	iduciary Net	determined by
		Position		Position	the Plan
Total pension liability	\$	172,303,544	\$	42,455,593	0.0246400%
Net position		(156,253,265)		(38,500,809)	0.0246400%
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	16,050,279	\$	3,954,784	0.0246400%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		90.7%		90.7%	

New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the Town reported a liability of \$4,267,201 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by the actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.1441239 percent, which was an increase from its proportion measured December 31, 2015 of 0.1152712 percent.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,601,962 related to the NYS Retirement System. At December 31, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred

	Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 38,273	\$	645,150	
Changes of Assumptions	1,839,576		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,391,421		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between the Town			-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	183,756		17,965	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 752,063		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 5,205,089	\$	663,115	

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (Continued)

\$752,063 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ending March 31,	2017	\$ 886,893
	2018	886,893
	2019	886,893
	2020	853,596
	2021	275,636
	Thereafter	
		\$ 3,789,911

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2016 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2016. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary scale	4.5 percent indexed by service
Projected COLAs	1.3% compounded annually
Decrements	Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2015
Mortality improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014
Investment Rate of Return	7% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as of March 31, 2016 and 2015 in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Real Rate			
Asset Type	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Domestic Equity	38.0%	7.3%		
International Equity	13.0%	8.6%		
Private Equity	10.0%	11.0%		
Real Estate	8.0%	8.3%		
Absolute Return Strategies	3.0%	6.8%		
Opportunistic Portfolio	3.0%	8.6%		
Real Asset	3.0%	8.7%		
Bonds & Mortgages	18.0%	4.0%		
Cash	2.0%	2.3%		
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2.0%	4.0%		

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate</u> Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower (6%) or 1 percent higher (8%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Currer	nt Assumption		1% Increase
		(6%)		(7%)		(8%)
Proportionate Share of Net					·	
Pension liability	\$	9,531,243	\$	4,267,201	\$	(145,206)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2016, were as follows:

				Town's	Town's
			р	roportionate	allocation
	Pe	ension Plan's	sh	are of Plan's	percentage as
	F	iduciary Net	F	iduciary Net	determined by
		Position		Position	the Plan
Total pension liability	\$	30,347,727	\$	43,738,327	0.1441239%
Net position		(27,386,940)		(39,471,126)	0.1441239%
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,960,787	\$	4,267,201	0.1441239%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		90.2%		90.2%	

E. Short-Term Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Capital related BANS

	Year of original issue	Maturity Date	Rate of interest	eginning Balance	lss	ued	R	edeemed		Ending Balance
Bond anticipation notes payable:										
Water District #1 Improvements	2011	2016	0.92%	\$ 80,000	\$	-	\$	80,000	\$	-
Water District #2 improvements	2011	2016	0.92%	80,000		-		80,000		-
Open space	2015	2016	0.92%	500,000		-		500,000		-
Copier	2014	2016	0.92%	35,000				35,000		-
WD#1, WD#2, Open Space & Copier	2016	2017	1.22%	-	4	40,000		-		440,000
EFC - 2016 General, SMRF	2016	2017	0.00%	 	5	81,162	_	<u> </u>	_	581,162
				\$ 695,000	\$ 1,0	21,162	\$	695,000	\$	1,021,162

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Town's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Government activities: Bonds and notes payable:					
General obligation debt:					
Capital construction	\$ 22,986,000	\$ -	\$ 1,129,000	\$ 21,857,000	\$ 1,149,000
Other liabilities:					
Other postemployment benefits	17,377,701	4,054,836	1,441,094	19,991,443	-
Net pension liability	1,502,777	6,719,208	-	(A) 8,221,985	-
Compensated absences	1,627,320	-	195,252	(A) 1,432,068	-
Total other liabilities	20,507,798	10,774,044	1,636,346	29,645,496	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 43,493,798	\$ 10,774,044	\$ 2,765,346	\$ 51,502,496	\$ 1,149,000

⁽A) Additions and deletions to compensated absences and net pension liability are shown net because it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately.

F. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The liability for compensated absences and other post-employment benefit obligations are liquidated primarily by the general, highway, public library and special districts funds. The Town's indebtedness for bonds is satisfied by the general, highway and special districts funds.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at December 31, 2016 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Bond Issue	<u>Balance</u>	Issued	Maturity	Interest Rate	<u>Balance</u>
Firehouse acquisition	\$ 1,100,000	2004	2024	3.975%	\$ 500,000
Firehouse acquisition	1,100,000	2006	2026	3.973%	600,000
Public improvements	2,380,000	2007	2022	3.625%	1,145,000
Sewer No. 2 treatment					
plant upgrade	4,223,583	2007	2037	3.630%	3,225,000
Sewer nitrogen removal - Environmental					
Facilities Corporation	5,245,000	2009	2033	4.270%	3,817,000
Refunding bonds	1,740,000	2010	2021	2.000%	735,000
Public improvements	645,000	2010	2026	1.250%	435,000
Public improvements	2,500,000	2011	2026	1.50% - 2.65%	1,855,000
Public improvements	9,950,000	2014	2044	1.50%-5.0%	 9,545,000

\$ 21,857,000

Cash paid for interest of \$706,706 was recorded in the fund financial statements for long term debt. Interest expense of \$732,123 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending December 31	,				
2017	\$	1,149,000	\$ 677,554	\$	1,826,554
2018		1,189,000	640,326		1,829,326
2019		1,204,000	601,297		1,805,297
2020		1,244,000	559,848		1,803,848
2021		1,289,000	515,678		1,804,678
2022-2026		4,980,000	2,019,284		6,999,284
2027-2031		3,541,000	1,380,115		4,921,115
2032-2036		3,326,000	845,809		4,171,809
2037-2041		2,400,000	392,797		2,792,797
2042-2044	_	1,535,000	 56,625		1,591,625
Totals	\$	21,857,000	\$ 7,689,333	\$	29,546,333

The above general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Town.

F. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Compensated Absences

In accordance with the Town's collective bargaining agreements, all employees may accumulate sick leave based upon length of service. Upon retirement, employees are compensated for accumulated sick leave pursuant to contract provisions. Vacation time earned during the year is generally taken in the year earned; however, with permission, certain employees may carryover vacation leave to the following year. Police employees may accumulate compensatory time up to a maximum of 96 hours. The value of compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Town may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the Town and the retired employee. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid in the fund financial statements. The Town has recognized revenues and expenditures of approximately \$25,000 for Medicare Part D payments made directly to its health insurance carrier on behalf of its retirees.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable (Continued)

The Town's annual other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

F. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The Town is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rates of increase in postretirement benefits are as follows:

Assumed rates of increase in OPEB

	Medica		
Year	Non		Dental
Ended	Medicare	Medicare	and Vision
2017	8.00%	5.00%	5.00%
2018	7.00%	5.00%	5.00%
2019	6.00%	5.00%	5.00%
2020+	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

The amortization basis is the level percentage of projected payroll method with an open amortization approach with 22.7 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return and a 2.5% annual payroll growth rate. The Town currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying postemployment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the entry age normal cost method.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable (Continued)

The estimated number of participants as of December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Participants

Active employees	116
Retired employees	 101
	\$ 217

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$4,254,712 695,108 (894,984)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$4,054,836 (1,441,094)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,613,742
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	17,377,701
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 19,991,443
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	36%

F. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of Annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years is as follows:

Year <u>Ended</u>	OPEB <u>Cost</u>	С	ontribution (ARC)	-	PEB Cost Contributed	% of ARC Contributed	OPEB Obligation
12/31/16	\$ 4,054,836	\$	4,054,836	\$	1,441,094	36%	\$ 19,991,443
12/31/15	\$ 3,856,407	\$	3,328,099	\$	1,121,956	34%	\$ 14,992,782
12/31/14	\$ 3,328,099	\$	3,328,099	\$	1,121,956	34%	\$ 17,377,701

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return.

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers (Continued)

The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

		Inter	fund	
	Rev	<u>venue</u>	<u>E</u> x	<u>penditures</u>
General fund Highway fund	\$	5,017 ,462,455	\$	1,495,426
Special districts fund Capital fund	•	558,857 651,612		556,612 622,251
Debt Service Fund		<u>-</u>		3,652
Total government activities	\$ 2	,677,941	<u>\$</u>	2,677,941

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 2) to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Workers' Compensation Benefits - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6-j of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Districts - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for water, sewer, street lighting, fire protection, parking and ambulance purposes under New York State Law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Unrestricted - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

I. Fund Balances

The components of fund balance are detailed below:

Certain elements of restricted fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for employee retirement and other payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Open Space represents funds which the Town will use to acquire and/or develop recreational facilities and open space. The amount is classified as committed to indicate that Town Board approval is needed in order to spend these funds.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the Town's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriations will be amended to provide authority and complete the transactions.

Designations of fund balance are not legally required segregations but represent intended use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2016, the Town Board has assigned the amounts below to be appropriated from the ensuing year's budget.

I. Fund Balances (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

	General <u>Fund</u>			Highway <u>Fund</u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	<u>Total</u>				
Nonspendable Prepaid expenditures	\$	514,353	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	514,353
Restricted Capital Projects	·	· -	·		·		·				·	
Workers Compensation		1,692						-				1,692
Debt Service		-		-		-		4,814,348		-		4,814,348
		1,692		-		-		4,814,348		-		4,816,040
Assigned												
General		9,700		-		-		-		-		9,700
Highway		-		1,333,224								1,333,224
Public library		-		-		168,376						168,376
		•		1,333,224		168,376		-		-		1,511,300
Unassigned		6,358,897		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>		(799,731)		5,559,166
Total fund balances	\$	6,884,642	\$	1,333,224	\$	168,376	\$	4,814,348	\$	(799,731)	\$	12,400,859

4. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The Town is a defendant in various actions, all of which are within the limits of the Town's insurance coverage. Counsel for the insurance carrier is defending these claims. Consequently, an unfavorable decision in any of the actions will not have an adverse effect on the Town's financial condition.

The Town is also defendant in numerous tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which generally require tax refunds on the part of the Town. However, the amount of possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

B. Risk Management

The Town maintains various conventional liability insurance policies to protect against potential losses. The general liability policy provides coverage of \$3 million. The Town's public officials and law enforcement liability policies provide coverage of \$1 million each. In addition, the umbrella policy provides coverage up to \$10 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In addition, the Town purchases conventional insurance for workers' compensation benefits and purchases conventional health insurance from various providers.

C. Contingencies

The Town participates in various Federal grant programs. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

5. OTHER MATTERS

On June 24, 2011, the NYS Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a Town in a particular year, beginning with the 2012 year. It expires on June 16, 2016.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Town to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one.

The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places.

The Town is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Town, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Town. The Town Board may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Town Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Town Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

6. PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENT

The Town has 3 real property tax abatement agreements entered into by the Westchester County IDA (IDA) under Article 18-A of the real property tax law. These agreements provide for abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) in compliance with the IDA's Uniform Tax Exemption Policy (the Policy). In accordance with the policy, the IDA grants PILOT's in accordance with various activities for various activities such as new construction, purchasing of an existing facility, or the improvement or expansion of an existing facility. The IDA also has policies for recapture of PILOTs should the applicant not meet certain criteria. All policies are available on the IDA's website.

The following information relates to the PILOT agreements entered into under the agreements for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Start <u>Date</u>			Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Tax <u>Rate</u>	Tax <u>Value</u>	<u>!</u>	PILOT Received	Taxes <u>Abated</u>		
1/1/1998	IBM	\$	6,139,500	\$ 162.5918	\$ 998,232	\$	610,844	\$	387,388	
1/1/2000	Swiss Re Holding Corporation	\$	2,908,200	\$ 162.5918	\$ 472,849	\$	307,596	\$	165,253	
1/1/2012	Engel Burman	\$	400,000	\$ 162.5918	\$ 65,037	\$	65,973		-	

7. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Statement No. 75 replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The Statement addresses issues related to the presentation of payroll related measures in required supplementary information, selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations and classification of payments made by employers to meet employee contribution requirements. The Statement takes effect for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016 except for the selection of assumptions in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end in which the effective date is on or after June 15, 2017. Earlier adoption is encouraged.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The Statement establishes criteria and focuses on governments that control assets for fiduciary activities, as well as, the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The Town is required to adopt the provisions of this Statement for the year ending December 31, 2018. Earlier adoption is encouraged.

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This Statement address practice issues that were identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements, Including but not limited to the measurement and application of postemployment benefits. The Town is required to adopt the provisions of this Statement for the year ending December 31, 2018. Earlier adoption is encouraged.

The Town has not assessed the impact of these statements on its future financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Genera	al F	und		
		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	nriance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$	11,593,324	\$	11,593,324	\$	12,368,680	\$	775,356
Other tax items		1,689,045		1,689,045		1,774,281		85,236
Nonproperty tax items		1,780,000		1,780,000		2,037,387		257,387
Departmental income		1,568,688		1,568,688		1,737,993		169,305
Use of money and property		94,800		94,800		98,533		3,733
Licenses and permits		640,000		640,000		1,129,946		489,946
Fines and forfeitures		142,000		142,000		151,439		9,439
Sale of property and compensation for loss		26,500		26,500		95,947		69,447
State aid		777,000		777,000		941,166		164,166
Federal aid		-		-		3,488		3,488
Miscellaneous		80,320		80,320		65,361		(14,959)
Total revenues	_	18,391,677		18,391,677		20,404,221		2,012,544
EXPENDITURES:								
General governmental support		4,222,884		4,088,074		3,849,011		239,063
Public safety		8,867,585		8,928,608		8,913,695		14,913
Health		2,339		2,339		2,144		195
Transportation		352,141		350,141		344,165		5,976
Economic opportunity and development		227,195		227,795		221,760		6,035
Culture and recreation		3,095,085		3,196,279		3,100,803		95,476
Home and community services		1,316,884		1,333,421		1,301,282		32,139
Employee Benefits		8,000		8,000		-		8,000
Debt service - principal		237,020		222,020		127,020		95,000
Debt service - interest		62,544		62,544		62,530		14
Total expenditures		18,391,677		18,419,221	_	17,922,410		496,811
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>	_	(27,544)	_	2,481,811		2,509,355
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		5,017		5,017
Transfers out				(1,400,426)		(1,495,426)		(95,000)
Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>	_	(1,400,426)		(1,490,409)		(89,983)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(1,427,970)		991,402		2,419,372
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		5,893,240		5,893,240		5,893,240		
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	5,893,240	\$	4,465,270	\$	6,884,642	\$	2,419,372

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Highwa	ay F	und		
		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$	5,829,264	\$	5,829,264	\$	5,829,261	\$	(3)
Intergovernmental charges		115,000		115,000		124,867		9,867
Sale of property and compensation for loss		31,000		31,000		24,287		(6,713)
Interfund revenue State aid		200,000		200,000		719 224,435		719 24,435
Federal aid		200,000		200,000		224,433		24,433
Miscellaneous			_	<u>-</u>	_	173		173
Total revenues		6,175,264		6,175,264		6,203,742		28,478
EXPENDITURES:								
General governmental support		7,500		5,221		5,221		-
Transportation		5,997,764		8,273,237		8,168,736		104,501
Debt service - principal		170,000		170,000		170,000		-
Debt service - interest		41,657	_	41,657	_	41,656		1
Total expenditures		6,216,921		8,490,115		8,385,613		104,502
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(41,657)	_	(2,314,851)	_	(2,181,871)		132,980
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		_		1,400,426		1,462,455		62,029
Transfers out			_	-	_			-
Total other financing sources and uses				1,400,426		1,462,455		62,029
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(41,657)		(914,425)		(719,416)		195,009
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	-	2,052,640		2,052,640		2,052,640		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	2,010,983	\$	1,138,215	\$	1,333,224	\$	195,009

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Public Lib	rary	/ Fund		
		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$	1,618,948	\$	1,618,948	\$	1,618,947	\$	(1)
Departmental income	Ψ	14,000	Ψ	14,000	Ψ	14,938	Ψ	938
Use of money and property		15,000		15,000		12,440		(2,560)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,500		1,500		1,454		(46)
State aid		10,000		10,000		69,923		59,923
Miscellaneous		9,200		9,200		17,016		7,816
Total revenues		1,668,648		1,668,648		1,734,718		66,070
EXPENDITURES:								
Culture and recreation		1,668,648		1,817,637		1,779,125		38,512
Total expenditures		1,668,648		1,817,637		1,779,125		38,512
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>		(148,989)		(44,407)		104,582
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(148,989)		(44,407)		104,582
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		212,783		212,783		212,783		
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	212,783	\$	63,794	\$	168,376	\$	104,582

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL DISTRICT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Special Districts Fund										
		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)			
REVENUES:											
Real property taxes	\$	3,143,672	\$	3,143,672		3,143,671	\$	(1)			
Departmental income		1,340,977		1,340,977		1,451,804		110,827			
Use of money and property		316,127		316,127		192,692		(123,435)			
Sale of property and compensation for loss		600		600		3,699		3,099			
Miscellaneous			_			1		1			
Total revenues		4,801,376		4,801,376	_	4,791,867		(9,509)			
EXPENDITURES:											
General governmental support		-		11,946		4,910		(7,036)			
Public safety		496,695		496,695		496,695		-			
Health		297,257		296,303		267,441		(28,862)			
Transportation		140,319		138,719		133,711		(5,008)			
Home and community services		2,856,376		2,868,327		2,238,160		(630,167)			
Debt service - principal		988,818		988,818		831,978		156,840			
Debt service - interest		594,781	_	<u>594,781</u>	_	602,520		(7,739)			
Total expenditures		5,374,246		5,395,589		4,575,415		820,174			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(572,870)	_	(594,213)		216,452		810,665			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Insurance recoveries		-		-		-		-			
Transfers in		-		-		558,857		558,857			
Transfers out				(396,611)		(556,612)		(160,001)			
Total other financing sources and uses				(396,611)		2,245		398,856			
Appropriated Fund Balance		572,870		572,870				572,870			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(417,954)		218,697		636,651			
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		4,595,651		4,595,651		4,595,651					
FUND BALANCE - end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,595,651	\$	4,177,697	\$	4,814,348	\$	636,651			

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED) December 31, 2016

						Unfunded Actuarial		Covered	Unfunded Liability as a Percentage of
Valuation Date	<u>Value</u>	of Assets	Ac	crued Liability	Accrued Liability		Funded Ratio	<u>Payroll</u>	Covered Payroll
January 1, 2012 January 1, 2014 January 1, 2016	\$ \$ \$	- - -	\$ \$ \$	42,913,205 48,373,886 52,494,038	\$ \$	42,913,205 48,373,886 52,494,038	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2016	2015	2014	Last 2013	10 Fiscal Years 2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	0.024640% \$3,954,784 \$6,944,581 0.569477698 90.7%	0.022636% \$764,701 \$6,870,015 0.111309946 97.9%	will be o	completed for	ds prior to impl each year goir	ng forward as				
NEW YORK STATE POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	0.144124% \$4,267,201 \$4,393,866 0.971172312 90.2%	0.115271% \$317,295 \$4,676,032 0.067855609 99.0%		•	s prior to imple each year goin					

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NEW YORK OTATE EMPLOYEES DETIDEMENT SYSTEM BLAN		0045	0044	Last 10 Fiscal		0040	0000		0007
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,349,325 1,349,325 \$ - \$ 6,944,581 19,43%	\$ 1,177,993 1,177,993 \$ - \$ 6,870,015 17.15%			to implementation of the total terms to the total terms are the to			vill be	
NEW YORK STATE POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2016	2015	2014		ollar amounts displayed in the 2012 2011	ousands) 2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,319,633 1,319,633 \$ - \$ 4,393,866 30.03%	\$ 1,016,189 1,016,189 \$ - \$ 4,676,032 21.73%			or to implementation year going forward				



COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS-GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash: Demand deposits Petty cash Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$-0- in 2016 and \$446,584 in 2015 Other receivables: Other Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures	\$ 10,988,482 600 32,309,009 67,050 562,342 514,353	\$ 15,520,214 600 27,589,232 64,236 495,615 587,230
Total assets	<u>\$ 44,441,836</u>	<u>\$ 44,257,127</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to school districts	\$ 327,306 - - 34,472,227	\$ 368,224 - - 34,892,261
Total liabilities	34,799,533	35,260,485
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	2,757,661	3,103,402
FUND BALANCE		
Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned	514,353 1,692 - 9,700	587,230 1,692 - 9,700
Unassigned	6,358,897	5,294,618
Total fund balance	6,884,642	5,893,240
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 44,441,836	\$ 44,257,127

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

		20	16		2015							
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES: Real property taxes Other tax items Nonproperty tax items Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits	\$ 11,593,324 1,689,045 1,780,000 1,568,688 94,800 640,000	1,689,045 1,780,000 1,568,688 94,800 640,000	\$ 12,368,680 1,774,281 2,037,387 1,737,993 98,533 1,129,946	85,236 257,387 169,305 3,733 489,946	\$ 11,670,484 1,398,898 1,790,000 1,450,767 82,500 494,000	1,398,898 1,790,000 1,607,667 82,500 494,000	1,613,511 2,011,724 1,703,731 102,406 781,959	\$ (1,295,304) 214,613 221,724 96,064 19,906 287,959				
Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid Federal aid	142,000 26,500 777,000	142,000 26,500 777,000	151,439 95,947 941,166 3,488	9,439 69,447 164,166 3,488	135,000 28,000 752,000	139,244 28,000 754,700	125,364 47,918.00 808,541 2,405	(13,880) 19,918 53,841 2,405				
Miscellaneous	80,320	80,320	65,361	(14,959)			73,815	73,815				
Total revenues	18,391,677	18,391,677	20,404,221	2,012,544	17,801,649	17,965,493	17,646,554	(318,939)				
EXPENDITURES: General governmental support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Total expenditures	4,222,884 8,867,585 2,339 352,141 227,195 3,095,085 1,316,884 8,000 299,564	4,088,074 8,928,608 2,339 350,141 227,795 3,196,279 1,333,421 8,000 284,564	3,849,011 8,913,695 2,144 344,165 221,760 3,100,803 1,301,282 189,550	239,063 14,913 195 5,976 6,035 95,476 32,139 8,000 95,014	4,418,264 8,346,256 8,453 346,483 234,992 2,765,887 1,326,746 286,020 68,548	4,116,271 9,993,690 8,742 355,420 281,565 3,109,486 1,333,416 286,020 63,548	4,005,705 9,844,725 7,664 345,543 276,934 3,004,775 1,236,655 - 190,561	(110,566) (148,965) (1,078) (9,877) (4,631) (104,711) (96,761) - 127,013				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(27,544)	2,481,811	2,509,355		(1,582,665)	(1,266,008)	316,657				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Insurance recoveries Transfers in Transfers out		(1,400,426)	5,017 (1,495,426)	5,017 95,000	- - -	- - (1,392,455)	- - (1,550,455)	158,000				
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,400,426)	(1,490,409)	(89,983)		(1,392,455)	(1,550,455)	(158,000)				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(1,427,970)	991,402	2,419,372	-	(2,975,120)	(2,816,463)	158,657				
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	5,893,240	5,893,240	5,893,240		8,709,703	8,709,703	8,709,703					
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 5,893,240	\$ 4,465,270	\$ 6,884,642	\$ 2,419,372	\$ 8,709,703	\$ 5,734,583	\$ 5,893,240	\$ 158,657				

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS-HIGHWAY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	<u> 2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
ASSETS			
Cash - demand deposits Due from other funds Due from other governments Accounts receivable	\$ 2,183,74	-	2,135,672 - - 8,493
Total assets	\$ 2,472,14	<u>47</u> <u>\$</u>	2,144,165
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Retainage	\$ 1,103,20 <u>35,72</u>		91,525
Total liabilities	1,138,9	23	91,525
FUND BALANCE			
Assigned	1,333,22	24	2,052,640
Total fund balance	1,333,2	<u> </u>	2,052,640
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,472,14	<u>47</u> <u>\$</u>	2,144,165

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

		2016						2015						
	Origina <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Act</u>	tual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES:														
Real property taxes	\$ 5,829,	264	\$ 5,829,264	\$ 5,8	329,261	\$ (3)	\$ 5,629,811	\$	5,629,811	\$	5,629,811	\$	-
Departmental income		-	-		-		_	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental charges	115,	000	115,000	1	124,867	9,86		100,000		100,000		435,659		335,659
Miscellaneous sources		-	-		173	17		31,000		31,000		470		(30,530)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	31,	000	31,000		24,287	(6,71		-		-		163,137		163,137
Interfund revenues	200	-	-		719	71		-		-		2,639		2,639
State aid	200,	000	200,000	2	224,435	24,43	5	200,000		200,000		209,160		9,160
Federal aid							=					62,876		62,876
Total revenues	6,175,	<u> 264</u>	6,175,264	6,2	203,742	28,47	8	5,960,811		5,960,811		6,503,752		542,941
EXPENDITURES:														
General governmental support	7	500	5,221		5,221		_	6,500		7,441		20,416		12,975
Transportation	5,997,		8,273,237	8 1	168,736	(104,50	1)	5,742,704		7,019,454		6,661,397		(358,057)
Debt service -principal	170,		170,000	,	170,000	(101,00	-	165,000		165,000		165,000		(000,007)
Debt service - interest		657	41,657		41,656	(1)	46,607		46,607		46,606		(1)
Debt service - interest		001	11,001		11,000		<u>.</u>)	10,001		10,001		10,000		<u> </u>
Total expenditures	6,216,	921	8,490,115	8,3	385,613	(104,50	<u>2</u>)	5,960,811		7,238,502	_	6,893,419		(345,083)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES														
OVER EXPENDITURES	(41,	<u>657</u>)	(2,314,851)	(2,1	181,871)	132,98	<u>0</u>			(1,277,691)		(389,667)		888,024
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):														
Transfers in			1,400,426	1 /	162,455	62,02	0			1,258,000		1,258,000		
		-	1,400,420	1,4	+02,433	02,02	9	-		1,236,000		1,256,000		-
Transfers out		<u> </u>		-	-		=							
Total other financing sources and uses			1,400,426	1,4	162,45 <u>5</u>	62,02	9			1,258,000	_	1,258,000		<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(41,	657)	(914,425)	(7	719,416)	195,00	9	-		(19,691)		868,333		888,024
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	2,052,	640	2,052,640	2,0	052,640		<u>-</u>	1,184,307		1,184,307		1,184,307		<u>-</u>
		_				·								
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 2,010,	983	\$ 1,138,215	\$ 1,3	333,224	\$ 195,00	9	\$ 1,184,307	\$	1,164,616	\$	2,052,640	\$	888,024

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS-PUBLIC LIBRARY DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	<u>2016</u>			<u>2015</u>		
ASSETS						
Cash: Demand deposits Petty cash Receivables:	\$	235,247 415	\$	247,876 336		
Accounts receivable		346		4,211		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	236,008	<u>\$</u>	252,423		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	67,632	\$	39,640		
FUND BALANCE						
Assigned		168,376		212,783		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	236,008	\$	252,423		

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016								2015							
		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Final E Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES: Real property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid Miscellaneous	\$	1,618,948 14,000 15,000 1,500 10,000 9,200	\$	1,618,948 14,000 15,000 1,500 10,000 9,200	\$	1,618,947 14,938 12,440 1,454 69,923 17,016	\$	(1) 938 (2,560) (46) 59,923 7,816	\$	1,596,509 20,000 18,000 1,200 3,200 500	\$	1,596,509 20,000 18,000 1,200 3,200 500	\$	1,618,948 13,398 9,836 1,199 45,387 43,768	\$	22,439 (6,602) (8,164) (1) 42,187 43,268
Total revenues		1,668,648		1,668,648		1,734,718		66,070		1,639,409		1,639,409		1,732,536		93,127
EXPENDITURES: Culture and recreation		1,668,648		1,817,637		1,779,125		(38,512)		1,664,848		1,664,848		1,825,983		161,135
Total expenditures		1,668,648		1,817,637		1,779,125		(38,512)		1,664,848	_	1,664,848	_	1,825,983		161,135
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		_		(148,989)		(44,407)		104,582	_	(25,439)		(25,439)		(93,447)		(68,008)
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		212,783		212,783		212,783			_	229,482		229,482		306,230		76,748
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	212,783	\$	63,794	\$	168,376	\$	104,582	\$	204,043	\$	204,043	\$	212,783	\$	8,740

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

	_				Water D	Distric	ots								Sev	ver Districts			
		<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No</u>	o <u>. 2</u>	<u>No. 4</u>		<u>No. 5</u>	<u>!</u>	No. 6	No	o. 7	<u>No. 1</u>	No.	2		<u>No. 3</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>. 4</u>	uarry eights
Cash: Demand deposits Receivables:	\$	391,768	\$ 5	529,751	\$ 1,207,444	\$	254,933	\$	4,590	\$	87,941	\$ 491,232 \$	7	34,422	\$	505,616 \$	\$ 1	33,381	\$ 315,329
Water rents Accounts receivable	_	56,168		38,672	 51,419 2,888		4,902 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>		786 <u>-</u>	 <u> </u>		- 12,127		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total assets	_	447,936		568,423	1,261,751		259,835		4,590		88,727	491,232	7	46,549		505,616	1	33,381	 315,329
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	_	66,687 - -		4,878 - -	 12,109 - -		1,308 - -		- - -		750 - -	185 - -		22,574 - -		738 - -		171 - -	5 - <u>-</u>
Total liabilities	_	66,687		4,878	12,109		1,308		<u>-</u> .		750	 185		22,574		738		171	5
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	_				 		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>			 <u> </u>				<u> </u>			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Assigned		381,249		563,545	 1,249,642	_	258,527		4,590		87,977	 491,047	7	23,975		504,878	1	33,210	 315,324
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	447,936	\$ 5	568,423	\$ 1,261,751	\$	259,835	\$	4,590	\$	88,727	\$ 491,232 \$	7	46,549	\$	505,616	\$ 1	33,381	\$ 315,329

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL DISTRICT FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

		St	reet Lighting Distri	icts	Fire Protection	Parking	Ambuland	e Districts	Tota	ls
	Carried <u>Forward</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 3</u>	District <u>No. 1</u>	District <u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Cash: Demand deposits Receivables:	\$ 4,656,407	\$ 28,660	\$ 10,326	\$ 9,372	\$ 404	\$ 3,062	\$ 55,837	\$ 5,299	\$ 4,769,367	\$ 4,568,098
Water rents Accounts receivable	151,947 15,015								151,947 15,015	160,438 7,820
Total assets	4,823,369	28,660	10,326	9,372	404	3,062	55,837	5,299	4,936,329	4,736,356
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	109,405 - 	5,022 - 	7,289 - 	167 - 	- - -	- - -	79 - 	19 - 	121,981 - 	140,705 - -
Total liabilities	109,405	5,022	7,289	167	<u>-</u>		79	19	121,981	140,705
DEFERRED INFLOWS FROM RESOURCES:										<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Assigned	4,713,964	23,638	3,037	9,205	404	3,062	55,758	5,280	4,814,348	4,595,651
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 4,823,369	\$ 28,660	\$ 10,326	\$ 9,372	\$ 404	\$ 3,062	\$ 55,837	\$ 5,299	\$ 4,936,329	\$ 4,736,356

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL- SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for 2015)

			Water Dist	ricts				S	ewer Districts		
	<u>No. 1</u>	No. 2	<u>No. 4</u>	<u>No. 5</u>	<u>No. 6</u>	<u>No. 7</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 3</u>	<u>No. 4</u>	Quarry <u>Heights</u>
REVENUES:	A 000 000 A	005.054	0.540	00.004		04.445	A 00.000 A	040 474 0	05.004 @	04.000 4	04.444
Real property taxes	\$ 206,698 \$	805,251 \$		30,001 \$ 108,342	- \$	34,415	\$ 82,998 \$	912,474 \$ 100	85,001 \$	24,882 \$,
Departmental income Use of money and property	505,911 5,106	399,640 5,541	415,449 2,683	482	-	22,337 62	-	178,818	-	0	25
Sale of property and compensation for loss	3,384	105	2,063	462	-	02	-	170,010	-	0	-
Federal aid	3,304	105	210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1			-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellarieous											
Total revenues	721,100	1,210,537	424,882	138,825	 _	56,814	82,998	1,091,392	85,001	24,882	21,166
EXPENDITURES:											
General governmental support	2,409	168	44	_	_	3	303	729	21	111	3
Public safety	,	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home and community services	521,135	348,398	314,214	76,644	-	13,207	54,577	843,440	41,508	16,219	8,818
Debt service - principal	97,955	335,253	5,158	29,405	-	27,227	-	336,980	-	-	-
Debt service - interest	28,742	389,992	1,362	7,764	<u> </u>	7,189		167,471	- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	650,241	1,073,811	320,778	113,813		47,626	54,880	1,348,620	41,529	16,330	8,821
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	70,859	136,726	104,104	25,012		9,188	28,118	(257,228)	43,472	8,552	12,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Insurance recoveries		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bans redeemed from appropriations	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
Transfers in	-	321,451	-					-			237,406
Transfers out	(162,036)	(281,186)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		(113,390)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources and uses	(162,036)	40,265	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		(113,390)	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	237,406
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(91,177)	176,991	104,104	25,012	-	9,188	28,118	(370,618)	43,472	8,552	249,751
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	472,426	386,554	1,145,538	233,515	4,590	78,789	462,929	1,094,593	461,406	124,658	65,573
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 381,249 \$	563,545 \$	1,249,642 \$	258,527 \$	4,590 \$	87,977	\$ 491,047 \$	723,975 \$	504,878 \$	133,210 \$	315,324

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL- SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

	-	Lighting Districts Carried				5		D: 1: 1	Totals			
	Carried				Protection District	Parking District	Ambuland	e Districts	Iota	ais		
	<u>Forward</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 3</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
REVENUES:	6 0.000.404	£ 50,000	ф 77 400	¢ 0.074	f 400.004	•	A 04 000	A 045.057	A 0.440.074	¢ 0.007.400		
Real property taxes Departmental income	\$ 2,209,401 1,451,804	\$ 59,929	\$ 77,420	\$ 2,971	\$ 496,694	5 -	\$ 81,999	\$ 215,257	\$ 3,143,671 1,451,804	\$ 2,967,490 1,489,643		
Use of money and property	192,692	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	192,692	225,735		
Sale of property and compensation for loss	3,699	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,699	23,330		
Miscellaneous	1								1	1,751		
Total revenues	3,857,597	59,929	77,420	2,971	496,694		81,999	215,257	4,791,867	4,707,949		
EXPENDITURES:												
General governmental support	3,791	71	207	200	-	-	187	454	4,910	41,818		
Public safety	-	-		-	496,695	-	-	-	496,695	496,695		
Health	-	-		-	-	-	53,957	213,484	267,441	265,953		
Transportation	-	55,679	76,227	1,805	-	-	-	-	133,711	121,072		
Home and community services	2,238,160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,238,160	2,098,179		
Debt service - principal	831,978	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	831,978	822,980		
Debt service - interest	602,520			-	-				602,520	616,080		
Total expenditures	3,676,449	55,750	76,434	2,005	496,695		54,144	213,938	4,575,415	4,462,777		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES	181,148	4,179	986	966	(1)		27,855	1,319	216,452	245,172		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Insurance recoveries	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	125		
Transfers in	558,857								558,857	34,729		
Transfers out	(556,612)								(556,612)	(468,132)		
Total other financing sources and uses	2,245								2,245	(433,278)		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	183,393	4,179	986	966	(1)	-	27,855	1,319	218,697	(188,106)		
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	4,530,571	19,459	2,051	8,239	405	3,062	27,903	3,961	4,595,651	4,783,757		
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 4,713,964	\$ 23,638	\$ 3,037	\$ 9,205	<u>\$ 404</u>	\$ 3,062	\$ 55,758	\$ 5,280	\$ 4,814,348	\$ 4,595,651		

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS-CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
ASSETS		
Cash - demand deposits Restricted Investments Accounts Receivable Due from other funds	\$ - - 1,188,515 -	\$ 1,489,162 113,390 - -
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,188,515</u>	\$ 1,602,552
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Retainages payable Bond anticipation notes payable	\$ 918,938 48,146 1,021,162	\$ 383,853 493,191 695,000
Total liabilities	1,988,246	1,572,044
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted	(799,731)	30,508
Total fund balance	(799,731)	30,508
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 1,188,515</u>	\$ 1,602,552

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
REVENUES:		
Miscellaneous	\$ 24,112	\$ 227,625
State aid	 609,174	 65,195
Total revenues	 633,286	 292,820
EXPENDITURES:		
General governmental support	113,392	-
Capital outlay	 1,379,494	 6,992,494
Total expenditures	 1,492,886	 6,992,494
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	(859,600)	(6,699,674)
		,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Bans redeemed from appropriations Proceeds from bond issuance	-	-
Transfers in	651,612	760,587
Transfers out	 (622,251)	 (34,729)
Total ather financian accuracy and was	20.261	725 050
Total other financing sources and uses	 29,361	 725,858
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(830,239)	(5,973,816)
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	 30,508	 6,004,324
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ (799,731)	\$ 30,508

PROJECT-LENGTH SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND INCEPTION OF PROJECT THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Project	Budget	Amendments	Budget	Funding		Expenditures		R	evenue		Fund Balance	BANS
Project Name	Number	1/1/16	2016	12/31/16	Source	Prior Year	2016	Total	Prior Year	2016	Total	12/31/2016	O/S
Rt 128 Connect Rd.	93	108,321	-	108,321	Donat/ Int	46,292	62,029	108,321	108,321	-	108,321	-	-
Parks Improvements	100	459,305	-	459,305	Various	447,155	-	447,155	459,305	-	459,305	12,150	-
Wampus Brook Pathway	106	240,015	-	240,015	T&A/Fed	31,300	-	31,300	83,375	-	83,375	52,075	-
Windmill Tank	116	2,080,000	-	2,080,000	BAN	1,992,281	87,719	2,080,000	2,000,000	80,000	2,080,000	-	-
NWP Painting	117	1,130,000	-	1,130,000		1,142,674	69,362	1,212,036	1,050,000	162,036	1,212,036	-	-
Sewer Nitrogen Removal	118	5,300,000	-	5,300,000		5,346,570	113,390	5,459,960	5,346,570	113,390	5,459,960	-	-
Sewer & Water Building - new	122	655,003	-	655,003	Interfund Trans	-	-	-	225,003	-	225,003	225,003	-
Quarry Heights	124	1,188,499	-	1,188,499	Federal/Misc	951,093	237,406	1,188,499	1,188,499	-	1,188,499	-	-
LT2 UV Disinfection Facility	H1	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	BOND	127,000	1,101,169	1,228,169	-	605,729	605,729	(622,440)	
Water Distribution System Replacement	H2	9,950,000	-	9,950,000	BOND	9,732,878	416,430	10,149,308	9,950,000	199,308	10,149,308	-	-
Water 4 Ground Water Rule	H4		-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
Windmill Water District Project	HD	511,000	-	511,000	Interfund Trans	494,389	18,488	512,877	511,000	1,877	512,877	-	-
Gazebo	HG	285,669	-	285,669	Insurance	285,560	5,695	291,255	227,625	24,112	251,737	(39,518)	-
Open Space	Н	430,000	-	430,000	BAN	417,001	-	417,001	430,000	-	430,000	12,999	-
Open Space	НО	500,000	-	500,000	Transfer/BAN	500,000	-	500,000	-	75,000	75,000	(425,000)	425,000
Sidewalks	HS	199,650	-	199,650		199,650	3,445	203,095	199,650	3,445	203,095	-	-
Copiers	HR	55,000		55,000	BAN	55,628		55,628	20,628	20,000	40,628	(15,000)	15,000
TOTAL	L	\$ 24,592,462	\$ -	\$ 24,592,462		\$ 21,769,472 \$	2,115,133	\$ 23,884,605	\$ 21,799,976 \$	1,284,897	\$ 23,084,873	\$ (799,731)	\$ 440,000

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS-DEBT SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	<u>20</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2015</u>
ASSETS			
Cash Cash with fiscal agent	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 3,651 575
Total assets	\$		\$ 4,226
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES			
Bond interest and matured bonds payable	\$	-	\$ 575
FUND BALANCE			
Restricted		<u> </u>	 3,651
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 4,226

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

		2	2016			2	015	
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$	<u>-</u> \$	- \$	<u>-</u> \$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _
Total revenues		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES: Serial bonds - Principal Interest		<u> </u>	:	 - <u>-</u>	<u> </u>			
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out		<u>-</u>	- - (3,65	 1)		- -	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>	(3,65	1) (3,651)		<u> </u>		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	- (3,65	1) (3,651)	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		<u>-</u>	3,65	1 3,651	3,651	3,651	3,651	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	- \$	- \$	<u>-</u> \$ -	\$ 3,651	\$ 3,651	\$ 3,651	<u> -</u>

Note: Principal and interest expenditures were recorded in their respective funds during the current year.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2009		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Invested in capital assets	\$	17.628.645	\$	18.307.276	\$	18.309.183	\$	17.780.215	\$	19.232.497	\$	12.049.991	\$	14.247.485	\$	15,367,333
Restricted Unrestricted	¥	4,942,924 (3,221,147)	Ψ	5,037,797 (4,207,861)	Ψ	4,964,130 (4,667,973)	Ψ	4,834,354 (2,261,648)	Ψ	4,921,231 (1,686,158)	Ψ	10,793,424 (3,870,614)	Ψ	4,631,502 (5,866,745)	Ψ	4,816,040 (9,867,343)
Total primary government net position	\$	19,350,422	\$	19,137,212	\$	18,605,340	\$	20,352,921	\$	22,467,570	\$	18,972,801	\$	13,012,242	\$	10,316,030

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Governmental Activities								
EXPENSES:								
General government support	\$ 3,890,067	\$ 4,166,045	\$ 4,252,016	\$ 3,563,786	\$ 4,171,299	\$ 4,491,082	\$ 4,621,722	\$ 4,473,649
Public safety	8,873,203	9,345,182	9,256,357	8,982,600	9,148,519	9,468,143	11,170,848	10,857,915
Health	244,683	261,169	258,321	281,807	306,612	273,690	274,296	269,585
Transportation	5,861,894	5,607,814	5,579,877	4,476,680	5,694,950	5,749,561	7,928,052	8,691,886
Economic opportunity and development	122,141	102,376	111,048	195,911	210,864	237,086	300,679	254,387
Culture and recreation	4,603,292	4,673,102	4,569,492	4,753,269	4,628,823	4,746,241	5,747,153	5,664,608
Home and community services	4,293,741	4,546,129	4,621,888	4,199,220	4,103,472	7,664,127	7,402,203	5,174,154
Interest	461,259	502,723	436,361	517,320	312,665	477,255	725,766	732,123
Total primary government expense	28,350,280	29,204,540	29,085,360	26,970,593	28,577,204	33,107,185	38,170,719	36,118,307
PROGRAM REVENUES:								
Charges for services -								
General government support	26,998	40,131	34,404	14,131	10,557	777,683	37,095	395,456
Public safety	917,723	983,252	857,614	300,772	228,705	176,440	172,938	107,731
Transportation	273,452	269,271	204,523	217,986	115,896	146,296	483,577	125,586
Culture and recreation	1,182,668	1,029,766	1,077,690	1,118,769	1,279,329	1,068,987	1,337,710	1,344,830
Home and community services	1,319,284	1,527,383	1,697,959	2,203,773	2,271,611	1,698,987	2,575,406	2,638,729
Operating grants and contributions	347,363	639,773	297,626	444,581	114,525	61,836	2,405	3,488
Capital grants and contributions	445,050	152,800	160,372		752,582	338,359	352,932	966,473
Total primary government program revenues	4,512,538	4,642,376	4,330,188	4,300,012	4,773,205	4,268,588	4,962,063	5,582,293
Total primary government net expense	(23,837,742)	(24,562,164)	(24,755,172)	(22,670,581)	(23,803,999)	(28,838,597)	(33,208,656)	(30,536,014)
GENERAL REVENUES:								
Taxes -								
Real property taxes	19,224,451	20,354,370	20,094,810	20,318,166	21,010,015	20,789,170	21,777,992	22,614,818
Other tax items	1,013,986	1,414,904	1,304,046	1,486,744	1,463,862	1,376,678	1,613,511	1,774,281
Non-property taxes	1,526,691	1,648,859	1,779,878	1,562,191	1,665,649	1,724,158	1,707,607	1,728,947
Unrestricted use of money and property	112,782	70,509	94,968	59,935	75,040	98,710	337,977	303,665
Unrestricted sale of property and compensation for loss	-	13,593	3,011	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted State aid	579,654	739,217	799,064	754,243	897,204	863,425	775,351	901,713
Gain on sale of real property	122,055	49,699	-	608,440	367,069	99,890	235,584	125,387
Donated assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	102,818	57,803	39,251	726,038	359,145	391,593	660,214	390,991
Insurance recoveries			108,272	65,905	80,664			
Total primary government	22,682,437	24,348,954	24,223,300	25,581,662	25,918,648	25,343,624	27,108,236	27,839,802
CHANGE IN NET POSITION TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (1,155,305)	\$ (213,210)	\$ (531,872)	\$ 2,911,081	\$ 2,114,649	\$ (3,494,973)	\$ (6,100,420)	\$ (2,696,212)

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011(1)	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
GENERAL FUND:											
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,633	\$ 488,548	\$ 602,927	\$ 551,545	\$	587,230	\$ 514,353
Restricted	-	-	-	-	1,692	1,692	1,692	1,692		1,692	1,692
Committed	-	-	-	-	9,700	9,700	9,700	109,234		-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	103,493	110,448	46,665	-		9,700	9,700
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	2,994,260	4,689,179	6,975,440	8,037,532		5,294,618	6,358,897
Reserved	220,494	228,191	212,312	247,560	-	-	-	-		-	-
Unreserved	 1,642,850	 964,383	 1,007,625	 2,091,073	 	 	 	 _	_		
Total general fund	 1,863,344	 1,192,574	 1,219,937	 2,338,633	3,244,778	5,299,567	7,636,424	 8,700,003	_	5,893,240	6,884,642
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:											
Restricted	-	-	-	-	3,219,292	548,487	3,651	10,791,732		4,599,302	4,814,348
Assigned	-	-	-	-	4,218,321	5,408,176	6,814,274	1,490,537		2,265,423	1,501,600
Reserved	3,252,877	1,430,435	1,448,148	1,615,236	-	-	-	-		-	-
Unreserved, reported in special revenue funds	3,963,533	4,302,140	4,889,546	4,752,202	-	-	-	-		-	-
Capital projects fund	 (2,520,701)	(1,778,216)	161,213	 467,212	 		<u> </u>	 6,004,324	_	30,508	(799,731)
Total all other governmental funds	4,695,709	3,954,359	6,498,907	6,834,650	7,437,613	5,956,663	6,817,925	18,286,593		6,895,233	5,516,217
•	 <u>.</u>	,			,	<u>.</u>					
Total governmental funds	\$ 6,559,053	\$ 5,146,933	\$ 7,718,844	\$ 9,173,283	\$ 10,682,391	\$ 11,256,230	\$ 14,454,349	\$ 26,986,596	\$	12,788,473	\$ 12,400,859

⁽¹⁾ The Town implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

REVENUES:	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental changes Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss Interfund revenues State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 16,791,769 \$ 1,012,391 1,611,500 2,511,669 152,908 947,730 660,460 194,258 49,969 1,723 2,108,902 70,675 428,288	18,083,022 924,947 1,635,068 2,544,908 156,667 569,362 613,132 185,497 56,179 2,822 1,639,294 718,252 557,500	\$ 18,661,599 1,013,986 1,526,691 2,471,583 213,612 449,705 578,110 213,835 117,673 3,207 914,981 189,978 188,315	\$ 19,814,989 1,414,904 1,648,859 2,789,504 195,849 368,525 411,450 207,824 42,136 3,381 1,059,846 163,031 285,333	\$ 19,880,035 1,304,046 1,779,878 2,775,509 126,000 401,666 533,168 204,197 35,988 4,051 1,090,886 9,156 89,912	\$ 19,397,786 1,486,744 1,754,584 2,823,632 148,964 591,190 709,348 149,737 100,935 1,581 968,931 229,893 404,755	\$ 21,174,858 1,463,862 1,991,126 2,961,704 115,896 399,807 646,808 180,997 42,302 1,193 1,200,318 563,493 33,668	\$ 21,274,513 1,376,678 2,010,854 2,930,663 116,296 349,611 556,968 104,334 99,890 2,480 1,129,129 41,242 104,897	\$ 20,591,429 1,613,511 2,011,724 3,206,772 435,659 337,977 781,959 125,364 235,564 235,564 235,281 347,429	\$ 22,960,559 1,774,281 2,037,387 3,204,735 124,867 303,665 1,129,946 151,439 125,387 719 1,844,698 3,488 106,664
Total revenues	26,542,242	27,686,650	26,513,275	28,405,631	28,234,492	28,768,080	30,776,032	30,097,555	30,883,611	33,767,835
EXPENDITURES: Current -										
General governmental support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits (1)	3,626,721 7,801,024 228,708 4,408,191 182,299 4,177,619 3,879,994	3,543,513 8,174,825 237,438 4,780,947 175,844 4,047,050 4,069,299	3,454,054 7,868,895 244,683 4,679,960 115,401 4,021,306 3,667,265	3,412,651 8,492,596 261,169 4,710,690 96,002 4,079,107 3,816,148	4,325,763 8,491,391 258,321 4,949,428 107,883 4,090,155 4,027,513	3,473,734 8,115,036 281,807 4,318,345 173,295 4,124,512 3,540,955 948	3,828,575 8,475,654 305,763 5,198,899 188,759 4,022,416 3,467,269	4,203,539 8,534,775 272,675 6,710,277 211,331 4,103,840 3,566,183	4,067,939 10,341,420 273,617 7,128,012 276,934 4,830,758 3,334,834	3,972,534 9,410,390 269,585 8,646,612 221,760 4,879,928 3,539,442
Debt service - Principal Interest	280,000 363,153	480,000 457,581	495,000 440,729	713,563 536,464	758,000 450,819	774,000 501,057	1,049,000 318,289	1,094,511 432,292	1,115,000 726,227	1,128,998 706,706
Refunding bond issuance costs Capital Outlay	4,726,276	3,132,273	4,323,113	51,039 1,527,501	1,874,383	1,792,959	874,362	4,564,000	6,992,494	1,379,494
Total expenditures	29,673,985	29,098,770	29,310,406	27,696,930	29,333,656	27,096,648	27,728,986	33,693,423	39,087,235	34,155,449
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,131,743)	(1,412,120)	(2,797,131)	708,701	(1,099,164)	1,671,432	3,047,046	(3,595,868)	(8,203,624)	(387,614)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of real property	-	-	124,042	49,699	-	-	-	-	-	-
BAN's redeemed from appropriations Bonds issued Insurance recoveries	6,603,563 -	- -	5,245,000 -	645,000 -	2,500,000 108,272	- - 65,905	- - 80,664	253,900 9,950,000 -	-	- -
Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	- - -	-	- - -	1,740,000 161,390 (1,850,351)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· -	· -	-	-	-
Insurance recoveries Transfers in Transfers out	1,924,314 (1,924,314)	1,423,115 (1,423,115)	1,438,043 (1,438,043)	2,232,747 (2,232,747)	1,998,287 (1,998,287)	2,179,194 (2,179,194)	2,258,574 (2,258,574)	759,673 (759,673)	125 2,053,316 (2,053,316)	2,677,941 (2,677,941)
Total other financing sources and uses	6,603,563	<u>-</u>	5,369,042	745,738	2,608,272	65,905	80,664	10,203,900	125	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,471,820 \$	(1,412,120)	\$ 2,571,911	\$ 1,454,439	\$ 1,509,108	\$ 1,737,337	\$ 3,127,710	\$ 6,608,032	<u>\$ (8,203,499)</u>	\$ (387,614)

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the cost of employee benefits was distributed within the applicable department.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Year</u>	ı	Residential <u>Property</u>	(Commercial Property	Industrial <u>Property</u>	<u>Fr</u>	Special anchise (1)	otal Taxable ssessed Value	State Special Equalization Rate (2)		E	stimated Actual Faxable Value	al Effective x Rate (3)
2007	\$	90,941,365	\$	24,273,750	\$ 321,100	\$	1,457,663	\$ 116,993,878	1.94	%	\$	6,030,612,268	\$ 124.45
2008	\$	90,287,065	\$	24,238,250	\$ 315,500	\$	1,373,095	\$ 116,213,910	1.91	%	\$	6,084,497,906	\$ 133.10
2009	\$	90,925,745	\$	24,011,619	\$ 315,500	\$	1,428,897	\$ 116,681,761	1.94	%	\$	6,014,523,763	\$ 139.25
2010	\$	90,909,470	\$	23,255,625	\$ 315,500	\$	1,417,165	\$ 115,897,760	2.13	%	\$	5,441,209,390	\$ 147.36
2011	\$	90,551,423	\$	23,067,840	\$ 312,200	\$	1,434,191	\$ 115,365,654	2.30	%	\$	5,015,898,000	\$ 150.03
2012	\$	90,141,695	\$	22,990,000	\$ 312,200	\$	1,589,186	\$ 115,033,081	2.24	%	\$	5,135,405,402	\$ 152.19
2013	\$	89,697,730	\$	23,051,440	\$ 308,900	\$	1,513,633	\$ 114,571,703	2.36	%	\$	4,854,733,178	\$ 156.33
2014	\$	90,580,408	\$	22,856,250	\$ 301,500	\$	1,535,940	\$ 115,274,098	2.37	%	\$	4,863,885,992	\$ 158.30
2015	\$	90,817,768	\$	22,613,550	\$ 299,500	\$	1,914,566	\$ 115,645,384	2.25	%	\$	5,139,794,844	\$ 162.21
2016	\$	91,790,047	\$	22,704,400	\$ 299,500	\$	1,752,278	\$ 116,546,225	2.34	%	\$	4,980,607,906	\$ 162.59

⁽¹⁾ Assessed valuation of transmission lines of Consolidated Edison and Verizon

Note: Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by the state special equalization rate. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value. Source: Town of North Castle Assessor

⁽²⁾ Provided by the New York State Office of Real Property Services

⁽³⁾ The Town has a complex rate structure that would make such a calculation extremely difficult, since its revenue base cannot be sufficiently segregated for each applicable rate. The Town substituted an effective tax rate instead.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES, PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						apping Rates				
			1	Westo	hester County					
<u>Year</u>	I Effective Rate (1)	<u>0</u>	perating		Sewer Distr	icts (R	ange)	 School Distr	icts (R	ange)
2007	\$ 124.45	\$	133.85	\$	20.52	\$	23.14	\$ 428.15	\$	664.26
2008	\$ 133.10	\$	142.85	\$	22.69	\$	24.29	\$ 475.30	\$	748.06
2009	\$ 139.25	\$	151.66	\$	23.27	\$	26.08	\$ 499.77	\$	793.89
2010	\$ 147.36	\$	157.86	\$	21.80	\$	26.83	\$ 492.53	\$	793.89
2011	\$ 150.03	\$	158.12	\$	21.85	\$	27.68	\$ 492.53	\$	766.54
2012	\$ 152.19	\$	124.01	\$	23.02	\$	46.39	\$ 497.30	\$	826.26
2013	\$ 156.33	\$	160.25	\$	21.38	\$	26.98	\$ 541.57	\$	810.05
2014	\$ 158.30	\$	155.86	\$	24.03	\$	24.83	\$ 543.30	\$	871.68
2015	\$ 162.21	\$	148.60	\$	23.39	\$	28.80	\$ 548.42	\$	873.34
2016	\$ 162.59	\$	149.26	\$	23.89	\$	26.13	\$ 539.20	\$	864.80

Source: Town of North Castle Assessor

⁽¹⁾ The Town has a complex rate structure that would make such a calculation extremely difficult, since its revenue base cannot be sufficiently disaggregated for each applicable rate. The Town substituted an effective rate instead.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND 10 YEARS AGO

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of <u>Business</u>	Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	<u>(1</u>
1	New York City	Watershed	\$ 8,262,745	7.09	%
2	Westchester County	Airport	1,795,800	1.54	%
3	Con Edison	Utility	1,746,274	1.50	%
4	IBM	Commercial	1,284,100	1.10	%
5	Airport Campus I LLC	Commercial	1,146,000	0.98	%
6	Citigroup, Inc.	Commercial	888,800	0.76	%
7	Armonk Square LLC	Commercial	486,000	0.42	%
8	Lashins	Commercial	445,950	0.38	%
9	Fifth Avenue Properties	Residential	390,600	0.34	%
10	99 Business Park Drive	Commercial	374,400	0.32	_ %
	Total		\$ 16,820,669	14.43	- % -
	200	06			_
<u>Rank</u>	<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	<u>(1</u>
1	New York City	Watershed	\$ 7,803,850	6.75	%
2	MBIA	Commercial	2,217,900	1.92	%
3	Westchester County	Airport	1,825,700	1.58	%
4	IBM	Commercial	1,480,500	1.28	%
5	Con Edison	Utility	1,394,253	1.21	%
6	North White Plains Shopping Center	Commercial	672,600	0.58	%
7	NYNEX/Verizon	Utility	591,590	0.51	%
•	Lashins	Commercial	504,500	0.44	%
8			372,900	0.32	%
9	No. Castle Leisure	Commercial	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	***	
	No. Castle Leisure Armonk Fairview, LLC	Commercial	248,600	0.22	%

Source: Town of North Castle's Assessor's Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		 Collected wi	thin the Fiscal Yo	he Levy	Total Collection to Date				
<u>Year</u>	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal year (1)	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage of <u>Levy</u>		ollections in sequent Years		<u>Amount</u>	Percentage of <u>Levy</u>	
2007	\$ 34,247,231	\$ 34,120,366	99.63	% \$	71,652	\$	34,192,018	99.84 %	
2008	\$ 37,216,003	\$ 37,017,163	99.47	% \$	40,978	\$	37,058,141	99.58 %	
2009	\$ 39,291,251	\$ 38,843,930	98.86	% \$	244,956	\$	39,088,886	99.48 %	
2010	\$ 41,197,468	\$ 40,710,885	98.82	% \$	149,002	\$	40,710,885	98.82 %	
2011	\$ 40,914,602	\$ 40,454,316	98.88	% \$	58,225	\$	40,512,541	99.02 %	
2012	\$ 41,569,942	\$ 40,569,942	98.88	% \$	340,487	\$	40,910,429	98.41 %	
2013	\$ 41,991,452	\$ 41,638,972	97.59	% \$	178,445	\$	41,733,970	99.39 %	
2014	\$ 41,664,490	\$ 41,199,500	98.88	% \$	244,014	\$	41,443,514	99.47 %	
2015	\$ 41,745,818	\$ 41,428,437	99.24	% \$	201,940	\$	41,630,377	99.72 %	
2016	\$ 42,198,812	\$ 41,897,524	99.29	% \$	186,746	\$	42,084,270	99.73 %	

Source: Town of North Castle Department of Finance

⁽¹⁾ Includes amounts for General, Highway, Library, Special Districts, and the County of Westchester

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	<u>Obl</u>	General igation Bonds	Ava	Amounts ailable in ervice Fund	Lor	Net ng-Term Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	P	Percentage of ersonal Income (1) Per Capita	a (1)
2007	\$	10,958,563	\$	966	\$	10,957,597	9.37	%	1.66 % \$ 1	1,010
2008	\$	10,478,563	\$	966	\$	10,477,597	9.02	%	1.51 % \$	966
2009	\$	15,228,563	\$	966	\$	15,227,597	13.05	%	1.74 % \$ 1	,404
2010	\$	15,065,000	\$	966	\$	15,064,034	13.00	%	1.72 % \$ 1	,389
2011	\$	16,807,000	\$	3,651	\$	16,803,349	14.57	%	1.78 % \$ 1	1,419
2012	\$	14,984,000	\$	3,651	\$	14,980,349	13.02	%	1.52 % \$ 1	1,265
2013	\$	15,099,000	\$	3,651	\$	15,095,349	13.18	%	1.51 % \$ 1	,275
2014	\$	24,095,000	\$	3,651	\$	24,091,349	20.90	%	2.32 % \$ 2	2,035
2015	\$	22,986,000	\$	3,651	\$	22,982,349	19.87	%	2.08 % \$ 1	1,941
2016	\$	21,857,000	\$	-	\$	21,857,000	18.75	%	info not available	

⁽¹⁾ Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics.

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2016

Government Unit	Net Long-Term Debt <u>Outstanding (1)</u>	Percentage of Applicable to North Castle (2)		Amount Applicable to North Castle
County of Westchester	\$ 1,020,539,010	3.18	%	32,494,248
School Districts (as of June 30, 2015): Byram Hills Bedford Harrison Mount Pleasant Valhalla	35,160,000 44,002,539 - 19,683,258 40,772,053	85.87 2.23 0.02 2.22 29.06	% % %	30,191,513 982,424 - 437,285 11,847,304 75,952,774
Town direct debt				21,857,000
Net direct and overlapping debt				\$ 97,809,774

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the amount available for repayment in the Debt Service Fund

Source: Town of North Castle and County of Westchester Finance Departments

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town. This process recognizes that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account.

⁽²⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Town's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the Town's total taxable assessed value

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Net debt contracting margin

	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 336,599,471 12,626,240	\$ 368,819,521 12,782,660	\$ 396,198,251 16,106,903	\$ 402,921,485 15,226,498	\$ 401,535,118 17,166,791	\$ 390,439,336 15,085,010	\$ 370,623,117 7,806,900	\$ 354,354,021 7,155,000	\$ 350,136,044 4,220,696	\$ 352,729,710 3,668,676
Legal debt margin	323973231	356036861	380091348	387694987	384368327	375354326	362816216.7	347199021.4	345915348	349061034.5
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of d	e 3.75%	3.47%	4.07%	3.78%	4.28%	3.86%	2.11%	2.02%	1.21%	1.04%
Legal Debt	Margin Calculation	for Fiscal Year 2015								
Assessment Roll										
<u>Year</u>	Budget Year	Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	State Special Equalization <u>Ratio</u>	Full <u>Valuation</u>						
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012	117,384,708 116,709,661 116,517,364 114,571,703 115,033,081	2.25 % 2.37 % 2.36 % 2.24 % 2.30 %	4,924,458,270 4,937,176,441 5,114,808,170						
Total five year valuation				\$25,194,979,318						
Five year average full valuation of taxable real property				5,038,995,864						
Debt limit - 7% of five year average valuation				352,729,710						
Outstanding Town debt: Serial bonds Bond anticipation notes Less: Exclusion for water and sewer districts				21,857,000 440,000 22,297,000 18,628,324						
Net indebtedness subject to debt limit				3,668,676						

\$349,061,034

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Population (1)	Personal <u>Income</u>	er Capita come (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)	
2006	10,849	\$ 459,910,808	\$ 42,392	3.80	%
2007	10,849	\$ 659,499,861	\$ 60,789	3.70	%
2008	10,849	\$ 695,518,541	\$ 64,109	4.80	%
2009	10,849	\$ 875,460,055	\$ 80,695	7.10	%
2010	10,849	\$ 875,460,055	\$ 80,695	7.40	%
2011	11,841 (3)	942,768,579	\$ 79,619	7.10	%
2012	11,841	\$ 983,691,075	\$ 83,075	7.30	%
2013	11,841	\$ 996,858,267	\$ 84,187	6.30	%
2014	11,841	\$ 1,039,367,457	\$ 87,777	5.10	%
2015	11,841	\$ 1,103,924,589	\$ 93,229	4.60	%

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

⁽²⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce. Per capita income not available for the Town.

As such, the information reflected represent data for the County.

⁽³⁾ New York State Department of Labor - Unemployment statistics are not available for the Town. As such, the information reflected represent data for the County.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND 10 YEARS AGO

<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employees</u>	Percent of Total Employment	
IBM	850	12.66	%
Byram Hills School District	551	8.20	%
Breezemont Day Camp	267	3.98	%
Mariani Gardens	250	3.72	%
Swiss Re Life and Health	176	2.62	%
Town of North Castle	171	2.55	%
Advance Auto Parts	150	2.23	%
Cine Magnetics Inc	150	2.23	%
Production Resources	150	2.23	%
Grand Luxe Realty Inc	100	1.49	%
Total	2,815	41.91	%
2005			

<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Percent of Total Employment	
IBM	850	11.78	%
Byram Hills School District	507	7.03	%
MBIA	500	6.93	%
Breezemont Day Camp	267	3.70	%
Swiss Re	176	2.44	%
Car Quest Distribution	150	2.08	%
Cine Magnetics	150	2.08	%
Town of North Castle	150	2.08	%
Fox Meadown Farm	101	1.40	%
Alfredo LDC	100	1.39	%
Total	2,951	40.89	%

Source: North Castle Library, Reference USA

^{(1) 2006} Total employment in Armonk is estimated at 7,217. (2) 2016 Total employment in Armonk is estimated at 6,716.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,

-						,				
<u>Function</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
General government	62	61	53	51	49	52	53	52	56	59
Public safety	54	52	45	44	39	43	45	45	46	41
Culture and recreation	74	64	65	60	57	46	46	44	49	50
Home and community services	14	13	12	11	11	7	7	7	7	8
Total	204	190	175	166	156	148	151	148	158	158

Source: Town's Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATOR BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT:										
Building permit issued	573	457	457	521	513	579	611	511	670	611
PUBLIC SAFETY:										
Police -										
Physical arrests	244	218	152	135	127	98	153	112	102	152
Parking violations	1,236	936	798	873	587	395	384	669	484	357
Traffic violations	1,716	1,643	984	1,085	752	956	1505	720	855	799
CULTURE AND RECREATION:										
Recreation -										
Adult programs	28	30	30	26	110	53	51	54	47	36
Children's programs	65	70	70	60	142	153	160	168	146	150
Camp	10	10	9	10	13	17	14	14	8	8
Senior citizen's programs	3	3	7	2	5	2	6	8	8	8
Pre-school classes	17	17	17	15	45	28	31	33	46	53
Special events	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	6
Library -										
Volumes in collections	87,578	82,266	87,000	86,661	85,947	84,692	108,265	138,714	102,284	106,376
Circulation	186,000	203,370	205,000	198,000	195,000	178,000	137,785	143,336	153,235	183,160
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES:										
Water district No. 1 -										
Average daily consumption	366,025	364,348	394,240	467,738	451,900	335,100	352,100	327,443	322,013	315,871
Peak daily consumption	418,760	532,679	487,750	552,976	634,000	441,968	428,000	418,000	412,782	431,772
Water district No. 2 -										
Average daily consumption	166,314	161,750	129,384	159,290	137,000	168,798	159,288	205,525	225,450	147,717
Peak daily consumption	273,157	333,080	248,672	368,000	350,000	364,832	357,714	382,804	364,860	294,500
Water district No. 4 -										
Average daily consumption	377,677	363,235	311,309	362,259	334,000	357,400	348,000	369,359	386,404	369,519
Peak daily consumption	580,051	607,480	511,872	707,444	673,000	670,400	622,744	653,000	639,916	662,280
Water district No. 5 -		=0.045			==					==
Average daily consumption	95,824	76,812	57,487	82,232	58,800	54,530	59,457	58,090	74,454	72,428
Peak daily consumption	153,709	163,400	133,350	235,240	157,600	170,600	150,100	131,070	153,900	138,390

Source: Various Town's Departments

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT: Number of general government buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
PUBLIC SAFETY:										
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	21	21	19	20	20	20	19	17	17	16
TRANSPORTATION:										
Miles of streets	94	98	98	94	94	94	94	94	94	90
Number of street lights	607	607	607	659	659	659	659	659	659	659
Number of traffic lights	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CULTURE AND RECREATION:										
Number of community centers	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Number of parks/playgrounds	8	8	8	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Acres of parks	343	343	343	341	341	341	341	341	341	341
Baseball/softball diamonds	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Outdoor tennis courts	9	9	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
Soccer fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Nature trails	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Picnic areas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 2
Libraries	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES:										
Miles of water mains	32	31	32	31	31	31	31	31	32	32
Fire hydrants	276	278	278	278	278	282	282	282	303	303
Miles of sanitary sewers	22	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23

Source: Various Town's Departments