Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Together with Independent Auditor's Report

> Prepared by Town of North Castle Finance Department

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Principal Officials	i
Organization Chart	ii
Letter of Transmittal	iii
Certificate of Achievement For Excellence in Financial Reporting	iv
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds – to the Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Funds – Fiduciary Funds	23
Statement of Changes Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Highway Fund, Public Library Fund and Special District Funds	
(Unaudited)	54
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability & Related Ratios (Unaudited)	58
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Unaudited)	59
Schedule of Contributions – Pension Plans (Unaudited)	60
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Comparative Balance Sheets – General Fund	62
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	63
Comparative Balance Sheets – Highway Fund	64
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Highway Fund	65
Comparative Balance Sheets – Public Library	66
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Public Library Fund	67
Comparative Balance Sheet – Special Districts Fund	68
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Districts Fund	70
Comparative Balance Sheets – Capital Projects Fund	72
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Fund	73
Project-Length Schedule – Capital Projects Fund	74

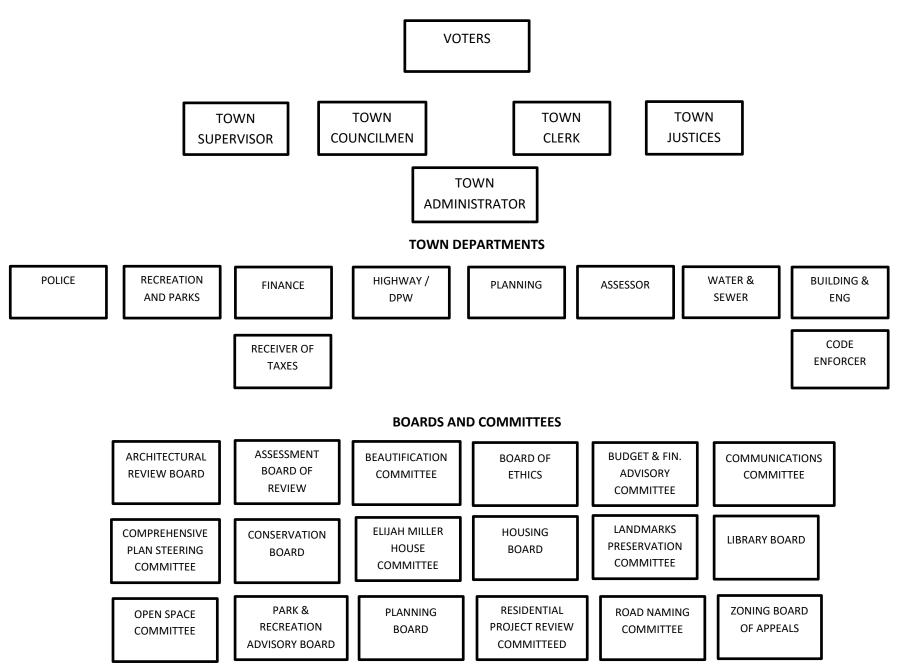
## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	76
Financial Trends:	
Net Position By Component – Last Eight Fiscal Years Change in Net Position – Last Eight Fiscal Years Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	77 78 79 80
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation – Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Taxpayers – Current Year and Ten Years Ago Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	81 82 83 84
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years  Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	85 86
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	87
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Employers – Current Year and Ten Years Ago	88 89
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees By Function – Last Ten Fiscal Operating Indicator By Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	90 91 92

# TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

		Term Ends
Supervisor:	Michael Schiliro	12/31/23
Town Board:	Barbara DiGiacinto Josè L. Berra Matthew Milim Saleem Hussain	12/31/25 12/31/23 12/31/25 12/31/23
Town Clerk:	Alison Simon	12/31/23
Town Administrator	Kevin Hay	

# TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE - ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





# Town Hall - 15 Bedford Road Armonk, New York 10504

northcastleny.com
Established 1736

KEVIN HAY Town Administrator (914) 273-3000 x52 khay@northcastleny.com

June 9, 2023

To the Honorable Supervisor and Town Board of the Town of North Castle, New York

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the Town of North Castle, New York ("Town") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 is herewith submitted. The New York State Comptroller's Office requires the Town to submit an annual report of the financial record and transactions presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Town has elected to have these statements audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This CAFR is issued pursuant to this requirement and Town Board policy.

This report consists of management's responsibilities concerning the finances of the Town. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information present in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the Town's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town's financial statements have been audited by Bonadio & Co., LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the Town's basic financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The financial section also includes a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the December 31, 2022 financial statements to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

## Profile of the Town

The Town was incorporated in 1788 by New York State as a separate political entity vested with independent taxing and debt authority. There are no incorporated villages situated within the Town's borders. The Town has portions of five independently governed school districts, which rely on the taxing

powers granted by New York State to raise revenues for school district purposes. The school districts use the Town's assessment roll as the basis for taxation of property within the Town.

In 2012, the Town hired a Town Administrator, setting up a Town Board-Administrator form of governance. The Town Board is the legislative, appropriating, governing and policy determining body of the Town and consists of four councilpersons, elected at large to serve a four-year term, plus the Supervisor. Councilpersons may serve an unlimited number or terms. It is the responsibility of the Town Board to enact, by resolution, all legislation including ordinances and local laws. Annual budgets for the Town must be approved by the Board; modifications and transfers between budgetary appropriations must also be authorized by the Board on the recommendation of the Supervisor and Town Administrator.

The Town Supervisor is elected for a two-year term of office. The Supervisor is a full member of and the presiding officer of the Town Board. Duties of the Supervisor include that of Chief Financial Officer. The Town Administrator is the Town's Chief Operating Officer and handles the administration of the Town's daily functions, including contract negotiations and departmental management. Additionally, under the supervision of the Town Supervisor, the Town Administrator prepares the annual budget.

The Town provides a wide range of governmental services to its residents. Highway construction and maintenance of roads is a Town function. Recreation is provided and parks are maintained through the Town government. Water, sewer, lighting, fire protection and ambulance services are furnished by various special districts, which have been formed within the Town. Other services performed at the Town level include property assessment, police protection, zoning administration and planning. The Town provides refuse collection services to all properties and pays the cost thereof from the General Fund.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. All departments are required to file detailed estimates of revenues (other than real property taxes) and expenditures for the next fiscal year with the Town Administrator and Director of Finance on or before October 20th. Estimates for each fire district situated within the Town must also be filed with the Director of Finance by this date (the Town has no authority to amend the budget submitted by the fire districts). After reviewing these estimates, the Town Administrator prepares a tentative budget which includes his/her recommendations. The tentative budget is filed with the Town Clerk no later than October 30th. Subsequently, the Town Administrator and Director of Finance present the tentative budget to the Town Board at the regular or special hearing, which must be held on or before November 10th. The Town Board reviews the tentative budget and makes such changes as it deems necessary and that are consistent the provision of the law. Following this review process, the tentative budget, including any modifications, as approved by the Town Board becomes the preliminary budget. A public hearing, notice of which must be duly published in the Town's official newspaper, on the preliminary budget is required to be held no later than December 10<sup>th</sup>. At the hearing, any person may express their opinion concerning the preliminary budget; however, there is no requirement or provision that the preliminary budget or any portion thereof be voted on by members of the public. After the public hearing, the Town Board may further change and revise the preliminary budget. The Town Board, by resolution, adopts the preliminary budget as submitted or amended no later than December 20th at which time the preliminary budget becomes the adopted budget of the Town for the ensuing fiscal year. Budgetary control during the year is the responsibility of the Town Administrator and Supervisor. However, any changes or modification to the annual budget, including the transfer of appropriations among line items, must be approved by resolution of the Town Board. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. For the General, Highway, Public Library and Special District funds, these comparisons are presented as part of the basic financial statements. For other governmental funds with annual budgets, the comparisons are presented in the governmental funds subsection of this report.

The information represented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town operates.

## Local Economy

The Town is situated in the central portion of Westchester County, which continues to rank amongst the most affluent counties in the United States. The Town encompasses approximately 26 square miles and is primarily suburban residential in nature. However, the Town has a significant commercial base, which includes the world headquarters for International Business Machine ("IBM"), Swiss Re and several other large corporations. The population of the Town according to the 2010 estimated census is 11,841, which represents an increase of 9% since the 2000 official census report.

## **Completed Projects**

The following projects were completed in the year ending 12/31/22:

- Drainage Improvements (various streets)
- Reconstruction of 5 miles of Town Roads
- New Playgrounds
- Improvements to Tennis/Basketball Courts
- Formation of a 5-year Financial Plan
- PFAS Remediation of Water District 2 & 4

## Long-Term Financial Planning

The Town's future projects include the following:

- Utilize road maintenance plan to increase the Town's Pavement Condition Index
- Maintain Town equipment and truck replacement schedule using budgeted monies
- Review of Town owned buildings and land for maximum benefit determination
- Construction of additional parking in business district to encourage growth
- Possible future acquisition of local pool for municipal use
- Renovation/expansion of Town library / North White Plains Community Center
- Park improvements
- Wastewater Efficiency Project
- Additional water sources for town water districts

## **Relevant Financial Policies**

In 2010 the Town Board adopted a formal fund balance policy, establishing an unreserved / undesignated fund balance in the General Fund of 10% to 20% of Operating funds expenditures with a 5% minimum level required, unless unforeseen expenditures occur. If the Town's reserves fall below 10%, the policy requires the reserve balance to be restored within three to five years through financial operations. The Town continues to maintain reserves at adequate levels due to management's demonstrated commitment to being structurally balanced. The Town's investment policy and purchasing policy are adopted and reviewed annually. The Town's multi-year capital plan is reviewed and modified annually. Since the enactment of the tax cap, North Castle's annual tax levy increase has not exceeded the cap limits.

## Awards and Acknowledgments

The Town has been awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its CAFR from the Government Finance Officers Associations ("GFOA") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the members of the entire Town Staff, as well as our independent auditor, who assisted in its preparation. Thank you to all who participated in the process.

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin Hay Town Administrator



# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# **Town of North Castle New York**

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# Bonadio & Co., LLP

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

June 9, 2023

To the Town Board of the Town of North Castle, New York

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of North Castle, New York (Town) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Change in Accounting Principal

As described in Note 8 to the financial statements, in 2022, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

1040 Avenue of the Americas, 3rd Floor New York, NY 10018 p (212) 600-2854

www.bonadio.com

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability (assets), and schedule of contributions-pension plans be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying comparative fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and project-length schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2022 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and project-length schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 (none of which are presented herein), and we expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The comparative fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and project-length schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and project-length schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

#### INTRODUCTION

As management of the Town of North Castle, New York (Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the Town's financial performance.

## **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a set of financial statements and notes. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a long-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements begin thereafter. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year ended 2022 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town
  fell short of its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by
  \$40,253,416.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,679,897 representing an increase in fund balance of \$1,091,490 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$17,157,398, which is 81.9% of total General Fund expenditures for 2022; an increase from the previous year of \$2,804,957.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, and other postemployment benefit obligations ("OPEB").

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are *governmental activities* (those principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues). The governmental activities of the Town include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services, and interest.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

## **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

## **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Highway Fund, Public Library Fund, Special Districts Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
December 31, 2022

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Highway Fund, Public Library Fund and Special Districts Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets. The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

## **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Town programs. The Town maintains two types of fiduciary funds; Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment funds, or Private Purpose Trust Funds. Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report certain trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments, but not the Town itself.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are located following the basic financial statements section of this report.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements. These include the comparative statements for the governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Town, assets and deferred outflows of resources fell short of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$40,253,416 at the close of 2022.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

## **NET POSITION**

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Percent
	2022	2021	Change
Assets:		-	
Current and other assets	\$ 35,207,793	\$ 35,119,013	0%
Noncurrent assets	53,076,142	47,667,644	11%
Total assets	88,283,935	82,786,657	7%
Deferred outflows of resources	17,750,526	22,132,214	-20%
Total assets and deferred outflows	106,034,461	104,918,871	1%
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	6,729,801	7,538,052	-11%
Long-term debt outstanding	103,186,308	125,612,275	-18%
Total liabilities	109,916,109	133,150,327	-17%
Deferred inflows of resources	36,371,768	16,247,040	124%
Total liabilities and deferred outflows	146,287,877	149,397,367	-2%
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	21,389,275	18,565,074	15%
Restricted	5,156,605	4,833,096	7%
Unrestricted	(66,799,296)	(67,876,666)	-2%
Total net position	\$ (40,253,416)	\$ (44,478,496)	-9%

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

# Investment in capital assets 23% Restricted 5% Unrestricted 72%

## Net Position Distribution December 31, 2022

By far, the largest component of the Town's net position is its investment in capital assets (land improvements, building improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress). The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted net position of \$5,156,605 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restrictions are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2022		Fiscal Year 2021		Percent Change
Workers' compensation benefits Reserve for debt	\$	1,692 -	\$	1,692 -	0% 0%
Capital projects Special districts	_	- 5,154,913	_	207,964 4,623,440	-100% 11%
Total	\$	5,156,605	\$	4,833,096	7%

Net position subject to external restrictions on how they may be used is \$26,545,880 with the remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which is a deficit of \$66,799,296 that must be financed from future operations. This deficit does not mean that the Town does not have resources available to meet its obligations in the ensuing year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments of other post-employment benefits of \$75,701,622 and net pension obligations of \$720,905 that are greater than currently available resources. Payments for these liabilities will be budgeted in the year that actual payment will be made.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

## **Change in Net Position**

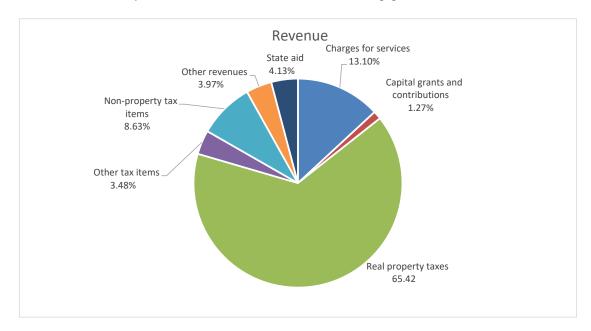
Change in Net 1 Ostron	Fiscal Vees	Fiscal Veer	Davaant
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Percent
	2022	2021	Change
Revenue:			
Program revenue:			
Charges for services	\$ 4,885,707		13%
Operating grants and contributions	-	28,760	-100%
Capital grants and contributions	471,998	418,552	13%
General revenue:			
Real property taxes	24,299,278	24,401,495	0%
Other tax items	1,402,698	1,249,471	12%
Non-property tax items	3,217,372	2,902,448	11%
Miscellaneous local sources	363,657	470,994	-23%
Use of money and property	1,059,339	320,113	231%
Sale of property and compensation for loss	58,102	143,815	-60%
State aid	1,538,667	1,667,642	-8%
Total revenue	37,296,818	35,936,447	4%
Expenses:			
General support	4,050,478	4,193,627	-3%
Public safety	10,693,149	11,496,251	-7%
Health	380,425	454,835	-16%
Transportation	7,031,094	4,539,295	55%
Economic assistance and opportunity	234,652	244,582	-4%
Culture and recreation	4,404,748	4,865,034	-9%
Home and community services	5,445,704	5,683,167	-4%
Debt service interest	831,488	554,855	50%
Total expenses	33,071,738	32,031,646	3%
Change in Net Position	4,225,080	3,904,801	8%
Net position - beginning of year	(44,478,496)	(48,383,297)	-8%
Net position - end of year	\$ (40,253,416)	\$ (44,478,496)	-9%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
December 31, 2022

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$37,296,818. Tax and other tax items revenues of \$28,919,348 comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represent the largest revenue source 77.5%. The \$1,360,371 increase in total governmental activities revenues from the prior year is the result of a combination of the following significant factors:

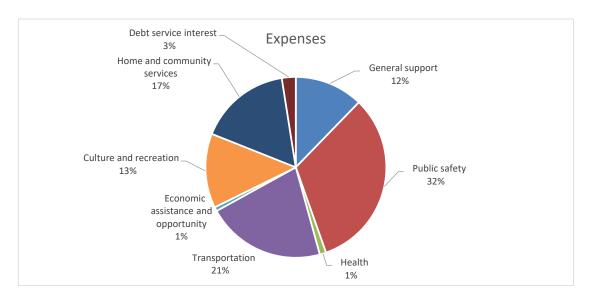
- Charges for services increased by \$552,550 primarily due to an increase in departmental income.
- Non property tax items increased by \$314,924 due to the increase in Westchester County sales tax.
- Use of money and property increased by \$739,226 due to an increase in interest rates.
- Sale of property and compensation for loss decreased by \$85,713 due to workers compensation claim paid by our insurance carrier.
- State aid decreased by \$128,975. This was due to a decrease in mortgage tax revenues in 2022.



# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, expenses from governmental activities totaled \$33,071,738. The largest components of governmental activities expenses are public safety \$10,693,149 (32.3%), transportation \$7,031,094 (21.3%), home and community services \$5,445,704 (16.5%), culture and recreation \$4,404,748 (13.3%), and general government support \$4,050,478 (12.2%). On an operational basis, expenses increased by \$1,040,092, primarily as a result of a combination of the following significant factors:

- Expenditure on Information Technology increased by \$113,686. All major upgrades to computer hardware
  and equipment were put on hold since 2020 due to unknown nature of COVID-19 at the time. In 2022, the
  Town made much needed upgrades to its servers and updated many machines that were past their useful
  lives.
- The Police department had an increase in spending in personnel costs and related benefits of \$492,895. A primary factor for the increase was increased pension contribution requirements and an increase in health insurance costs. Additionally, due to rate increases in the new PBA contract, there was an increase in salary and overtime costs as well.
- The Parks and Recreation department year over year expenses increased by \$193,632. These were due to a
  few different factors. Primarily, major tree work was done in town to address the removal of any old or
  diseased trees that could cause issues for the Town during any storms. Also upgrades were done to the
  Town fields to improve their usage and lastly a new alarm system was installed at the Recreation building
  facilities.
- The Highway department had an increase of \$493,805 in equipment purchases. This was due to the purchase of additional trucks that were funded from the Highway Fund's reserves.



## Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,679,897 an increase of \$1,091,490. The non-spendable fund balance component is \$503,295, consisting of amounts representing prepaid items. Fund balance of \$5,156,605 is restricted primarily for special district funds and capital projects. The assigned fund balance classification aggregates \$5,952,135, consisting primarily of amounts reserved for the highway and library funds. The remaining fund balance of \$17,067,862 is unassigned and represents the remaining positive fund balance in the General Fund after amounts that have been restricted, committed or assigned for other purposes.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$17,157,398, representing 97.1% of the total General Fund balance of \$17,662,385. This is an increase from the prior year, when the total unassigned fund balance was \$12,591,068. Two useful measures of liquidity are the percentage of unassigned fund balance to total expenditures and total fund balance to total expenditures. As a result of the above discussion, at the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund showed a 81.9% unassigned fund balance as compared to total expenditures and other financing uses, up from 72.3% in the prior year. Total unassigned general fund balance decreased \$4,566,330 or 36.3%.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$2,804,957 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$2,100,202 less than the amount contained in the final budget, representing a savings of 9.1% of the total budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources came in \$3,661,342 more than the final budget, a variance of 18.2%.

The General Fund expenditures were \$1,040,092 more than the prior year primarily due to an increase in transportation costs of \$2,491,799. The increase was off set by a reduction in public safety by -\$803,102. Revenues also experienced an increase of \$1,360,371 over the prior year. This increase was caused by an increase in use of money and property of \$739,226 and various other increases.

The Highway Fund's total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$5,907,639, a decrease of \$1,684,694 for the previous year. This was primarily due to additional paving of roads in the Town and the purchase of additional trucks. The remaining fund balance will be used in the coming years to complete other projects related to the Highway department. The Library Fund's total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$44,496, a decrease of \$262,746. This was due to a decrease in real property taxes being collected year over year as related to the Library Fund.

The Special Districts' Fund total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$5,154,913, an increase of \$531,473 from the prior year. The Capital Projects' Fund reflects a fund balance of -\$89,536 at the end of the current fiscal year, which is a decrease of \$297,500 from the prior year. The decrease is due to expenditures being incurred on the various capital projects that are ongoing in the Town. These expenses will be funded via transfers from the General Fund's fund balance and is negative due to timing factors.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

There was a negative variance between the original and final revenue budget versus the actual results for the General Fund, with the final budget at \$20,085,607 and the actual results at \$23,746,949, a net variance of \$3,661,342.

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
REVENUE:				
Real property taxes and tax returns	\$ 16,467,847	\$ 16,467,847	\$ 17,845,526	\$ 1,377,679
Department income	1,535,960	1,535,960	1,810,822	274,862
Licenses and permits	907,000	907,000	1,572,884	665,884
State aid	925,000	925,000	1,598,959	673,959
Federal aid	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	249,800	249,800	918,758	668,958
Total revenue	20,085,607	20,085,607	23,746,949	3,661,342
EXPENDITURES:				
General governmental support	4,478,537	4,891,986	4,061,304	830,682
Public safety	10,980,403	11,448,650	10,753,984	694,666
Other expenditures	5,707,439	6,512,326	5,935,911	576,415
Debt service	189,232	189,232	190,793	(1,561)
Total expenditures	21,355,611	23,042,194	20,941,992	2,100,202
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,270,004)	(2,956,587)	2,804,957	\$ 5,761,544
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	14,857,428	14,857,428	14,857,428	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 13,587,424	\$ 11,900,841	\$ 17,662,385	

#### Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at December 31, 2022, net of \$48,261,097 of accumulated depreciation, was \$48,688,917. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress.

More detailed information on capital assets can be found in Note 3. D. Capital Assets in the notes to the financial statements.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

#### **Governmental Activities**

- Highway equipment
- Various capital projects

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year	
	2022	2021	Change
Land	\$ 4,006,620	\$ 3,832,849	5%
Land improvements	12,227,528	10,752,059	14%
Construction in progress	1,516,459	1,516,459	0%
Buildings and improvements	9,011,657	9,384,833	-4%
Machinery and equipment	5,330,039	4,704,111	13%
Infrastructure	16,596,131	17,477,333	-5%
Lease	483		100%
Total capital assets	\$ 48,688,917	\$ 47,667,644	2%

## **Long-term Debt**

In 2022, Moody's Investors Services reaffirmed the Town's rating of Aaa to the Town. The Aaa rating, which is the highest rating achievable, reflects the Town's substantial, diverse and wealthy tax base that includes Fortune 500 corporate headquarters, a low debt burden and adequate reserve levels. The stable outlook reflects Moody's belief that the Town continues to restore structure balance and its reserves.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$26,108,000. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Town are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

More detailed information on long-term debt can be found in Note 3. F. Long-term Liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Known as the constitutional debt limit, and pursuant to New York State Local Finance Law §104, the Town must limit total outstanding long-term debt to no more than 7% of the five-year average full valuation of real property. At December 31, 2022, the Town has only utilized 3.44% of its constitutional debt limit, and had the authority to issue an additional \$346,926,216 of general obligation long-term debt.

The Town anticipates a modest capital budget for 2023. Essential equipment will be considered to maintain the Town's long range equipment replacement plan and road improvements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

According to the New York State Department of Labor, the unemployment rate for the Town was 2.70% as of December 31, 2022. This compares favorably with the rate of 4.10% for New York State and is lower than the 3.50% national unemployment rate. The collective bargaining agreements for CSEA Unit 1, 2 & the Library expired at the end of 2021. They are currently in negotiation and estimates based on historical agreements were used in developing the 2023 budget.

## Factors Bearing on the Town's Future

At the time of completion of this audit, federal funds rate and inflation are two causes of concern to businesses and governments throughout the State of New York and across the United States. It is possible that with higher interest rates, there may be lesser than expected revenues from mortgage tax and sales tax. However, it is possible that interest income may make up for any differences and keep the Town revenue neutral. Inflation has also directly impacted the Town's expenses. Cost for materials and services have all risen, and any continued increase in the prices of goods and services will adversely impact the Town's finances. The Director of Finance and the Town Administrator will continually monitor revenues & expenditures and develop contingency plans to ensure the residents of North Castle are well served.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in those finances. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to:

Abbas Sura, Director of Finance Town of North Castle 15 Bedford Road Armonk, New York 10504

#### Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	å 20.43.4400
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 30,124,182
Taxes, net	2,033,928
Leases	421,313
Accounts	1,078,680
Water rents	194,254
Due from other governments	852,141
Prepaid items	503,295
Total current assets	35,207,793
Noncurrent Assets:	
Net pension asset	1,664,857
Leases receivable, net	2,722,368
Capital Assets:	
Non-depreciable	5,523,079
Depreciable, net	43,165,838
Total noncurrent assets	53,076,142
Total assets	88,283,935
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	9,639,414
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	8,111,112
Total deferred outflows	17,750,526
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	106,034,461
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,251,765
Accrued liabilities	5,706
Retainages payable	51,236
Other liabilities	3,144,673
Accrued interest	245,848
Due to other governments Current portion of long-term liabilities	22 2,030,551
Total current liabilities	6,729,801
Non guyant lighilitias	
Non-current liabilities: Compensated absences	1,433,711
Total other postemployment benefits	75,701,622
Net pension liability	720,905
Bonds payable	25,330,070
Total long-term liabilities	103,186,308
Total liabilities	109,916,109
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Deferred inflows of resources - lease	3,063,770
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	12,392,784
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	20,915,214
Total deferred outflows	36,371,768
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	146,287,877
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	21,389,275
Workers' compensation benefits	1,692
Special districts -	2 222 40-
Water Sewer	2,333,107 2,631,231
Street Lighting	2,631,233 43,558
Fire	97,478
Parking	3,06
Ambulance	46,477
Inrestricted	(66,799,296
Total net position	\$ (40,253,416
Total net position	<u>→ (40,253,416</u>

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenue		N	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and	-	Revenue and nanges in Net Position
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:						
Governmental activities -						
General governmental support	\$ 4,050,478	\$ 447,070	\$ -	\$ 60,292	\$	(3,543,116)
Public safety	10,693,149	234,455	-	-		(10,458,694)
Health	380,425	-	-	-		(380,425)
Transportation	7,031,094	37,768	-	392,804		(6,600,522)
Economic opportunity and development	234,652	-	-	-		(234,652)
Culture and recreation	4,404,748	1,183,512	-	3,647		(3,217,589)
Home and community services	5,445,704	2,982,902	-	15,255		(2,447,547)
Interest	 831,488	 				(831,488)
Total governmental activities	\$ 33,071,738	\$ 4,885,707	\$ -	\$ 471,998		(27,714,033)
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Real property taxes and other tax items						24,299,278
Payments in lieu of taxes						620,323
Interest and penalties on real property taxes						782,375
Non-property tax distribution from County						3,217,372
Franchise fees - cable TV						288,383
Use of money and property						1,059,339
Sale of property and compensation for loss						58,102
State aid						1,538,667
Miscellaneous					_	75,274
Total general revenues						31,939,113
Change in net position						4,225,080
Total net position - beginning of year						(44,478,496)
Net position - end of year					\$	(40,253,416)

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

			Dii	blic Library	Special	Capital	
	General Fund	Highway Fund	гu	Fund	Districts Fund	•	Total
ASSETS	<u>General Fund</u>	- Ingilway i alia		Tuna	Districts Faria	1 rojecto runu	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,621,104	\$ 5,236,746	\$	96,794	\$ 5,169,538	\$ -	\$ 30,124,182
Taxes receivable Other Receivables:	2,033,928	-		-	-	-	2,033,928
Accounts	163,725	900,611		-	-	8,397	1,072,733
Leases	392,164	-		-	2,751,517	-	3,143,681
Water rents	-	-		-	194,254	-	194,254
Due from other governments	852,141	-		-	-	-	852,141
Due from other funds	-	-		-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	503,295						503,295
Total assets	\$ 23,566,357	\$ 6,137,357	\$	96,794	\$ 8,115,309	\$ 8,397	\$ 37,924,214
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$ 639,596	\$ 229,718	\$	52,298	\$ 283,067	\$ 46,697	\$ 1,251,376
Accrued liabilities	5,704	-		-	-	-	5,704
Retainages payable	-	-		-	-	51,236	51,236
Due to other governments	22	-		-	-	-	22
Other liabilities	3,144,673		-				3,144,673
Total liabilities	3,789,995	229,718		52,298	283,067	97,933	4,453,011
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Property tax revenues	1,727,536	-		-	-	-	1,727,536
Leases	386,441				2,677,329		3,063,770
Total deferred inflows of	2 112 077				2 677 220		4 701 200
resources	2,113,977				2,677,329		4,791,306
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable	503,295	-		-	-	-	503,295
Restricted	1,692	-		-	5,154,913	-	5,156,605
Assigned	-	5,907,639		44,496	-	-	5,952,135
Unassigned	17,157,398		_			(89,536)	17,067,862
Total fund balances	17,662,385	5,907,639		44,496	5,154,913	(89,536)	28,679,897
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of	\$ 23,566,357	\$ 6,137,357	\$	96,794	\$ 8,115,309	\$ 8,397	\$ 37,924,214
resources and fund balances	<u> ۲۵,۵۵۵,۵۵/</u>	۰ ۱,137,337	Ą	50,754	0,113,509 ب	\$ 8,397	<i>31,324,214 ب</i>

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Net pension liability (720,905) Net pension asset 1,664,857 Deferred inflows of resources (12,392,784)  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 48,688,917  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity: Deferred outflows of resources 8,111,112 Deferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 28,679,897
Deferred outflows of resources 9,639,414 Net pension liability (720,905) Net pension asset 1,664,857 Deferred inflows of resources (12,392,784)  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 48,688,917  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity: Deferred outflows of resources 8,111,112 Deferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)		
Net pension liability (720,905) Net pension asset 1,664,857 Deferred inflows of resources (12,392,784)  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 48,688,917  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity: Deferred outflows of resources 8,111,112 Deferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Pension related government-wide activity:	
Net pension asset Deferred inflows of resources  (12,392,784)  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity: Deferred outflows of resources Seferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability Accrued interest payable Accrued interest payable Accrued interest receivable Seferred interest receivable	Deferred outflows of resources	9,639,414
Deferred inflows of resources  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  48,688,917  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity: Deferred outflows of resources  8,111,112 Deferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable Accrued interest receivable Bonds payable (245,850)	Net pension liability	(720,905)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  48,688,917  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity:  Deferred outflows of resources  Statistical posterned inflows of resources  (20,915,214)  Total other postemployment benefits  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability  Accrued interest payable  Accrued interest payable  Accrued interest receivable  Bonds payable  (245,850)  5,947  Bonds payable	Net pension asset	1,664,857
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  48,688,917  Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity: Deferred outflows of resources B,111,112 Deferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability Accrued interest payable Accrued interest receivable Accrued interest receivable Bonds payable (245,850) 5,947 Bonds payable	·	(12,392,784)
Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity:  Deferred outflows of resources  Deferred inflows of resources  (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability  Accrued interest payable  Accrued interest receivable  Bonds payable  (27,201,320)	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
Deferred outflows of resources 8,111,112 Deferred inflows of resources (20,915,214) Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)	resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	48,688,917
Deferred inflows of resources Total other postemployment benefits  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability Accrued interest payable Accrued interest receivable Bonds payable  (20,915,214) (75,701,622) (75,701,622)	Other Post Employment Benefit related government-wide activity:	
Total other postemployment benefits (75,701,622)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389)  Accrued interest payable (245,850)  Accrued interest receivable 5,947  Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Deferred outflows of resources	8,111,112
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability  Accrued interest payable  Accrued interest receivable  Bonds payable  (245,850)  (27,201,320)	Deferred inflows of resources	(20,915,214)
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Real property taxes  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability  Accrued interest payable  Accrued interest receivable  Bonds payable  1,727,536  (389)  (245,850)  5,947  (27,201,320)	Total other postemployment benefits	(75,701,622)
Real property taxes 1,727,536  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:  Lease liability  Accrued interest payable  Accrued interest receivable  Bonds payable  (27,201,320)	resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
reported in the funds:  Lease liability (389) Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Real property taxes	1,727,536
Accrued interest payable (245,850) Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)		
Accrued interest receivable 5,947 Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Lease liability	(389)
Bonds payable (27,201,320)	Accrued interest payable	(245,850)
		5,947
Compensated absences (1,593,012)	Bonds payable	(27,201,320)
	Compensated absences	 (1,593,012)
Total net position of governmental activities \$ (40,253,416)	Total net position of governmental activities	\$ (40,253,416)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Public Library	Special	Capital	
	General Fund	Highway Fund	Fund	Districts Fund	Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES:		<u> </u>				
Real property taxes	\$ 12,937,073	\$ 7,407,148	\$ 1,297,071	\$ 3,259,479	\$ -	\$ 24,900,771
Other tax items	1,402,698	-	-	-	-	1,402,698
Nonproperty tax items	3,505,755	-	-	-	-	3,505,755
Departmental income	1,810,822	-	917	1,357,208	-	3,168,947
Intergovernmental charges	-	37,768	-	-	-	37,768
Use of money and property	704,460	-	8,025	340,907	-	1,053,392
Licenses and permits	1,572,884	-	-	-	-	1,572,884
Fines and forfeitures	106,108	-	-	-	-	106,108
Sale of property and compensation for loss	35,670	13,186	356	8,890	-	58,102
State aid	1,598,959	392,804	3,647	-	15,255	2,010,665
Miscellaneous	72,520	312	2,442			75,274
Total revenues	23,746,949	7,851,218	1,312,458	4,966,484	15,255	37,892,364
EXPENDITURES:						
General governmental support	4,061,304	-	-	1,877	-	4,063,181
Public safety	10,753,984	-	_	479,195	_	11,233,179
Health	5,007	-	-	375,703	-	380,710
Transportation	409,920	8,193,807	-	185,075	-	8,788,802
Economic opportunity and development	244,060	-	-	-	-	244,060
Culture and recreation	3,361,092	-	1,575,204	16,000	-	4,952,296
Home and community services	1,915,832	-	-	2,161,087	-	4,076,919
Debt service -						
Principal	164,856	810,000	-	835,689	-	1,810,545
Interest	25,937	532,105	-	380,385	-	938,427
Capital outlay					312,755	312,755
Total expenditures	20,941,992	9,535,912	1,575,204	4,435,011	312,755	36,800,874
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,804,957	(1,684,694)	(262,746)	531,473	(297,500)	1,091,490
	44.057.400	7.502.222	207.242	4.622.440	207.064	27 500 407
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	14,857,428	7,592,333	307,242	4,623,440	207,964	27,588,407
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 17,662,385	\$ 5,907,639	\$ 44,496	\$ 5,154,913	\$ (89,536)	\$ 28,679,897

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,091,490
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	
Capital outlay expenditures	3,781,158
Depreciation expense	(2,761,819)
Pension expense resulting from the pension related actuary reporting is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds but is recorded in the statement of activities	1,326,090
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Real property taxes	(601,493)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts deferred and amortized in the statement of activities	92,250
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities.	
Principal paid on bonds	1,809,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Lease liability	1,545
Accrued interest	20,636
Compensated absences	153,845
Other post employment benefit obligations	 (687,622)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,225,080

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>		Private Purpose	
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	16,759,533	\$	10,954
Receivables				
Taxes for other governments		28,991,905		-
Library trust		-		4,732
Total assets	\$	45,751,438	\$	15,686
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	14,689
Due to local governments		45,751,438		
Total liabilities	_	45,751,438		14,689
NET POSITION				
Restricted				997
Total net position	\$	_	\$	997

# Statement of Changes Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>	<u>Private Purpose</u>	
ADDITIONS			
Property tax collections for other governments Payments in lieu of taxes collected for other governments Other Revenue	\$ 88,014,907 2,472,361	\$ - - - - 79,097	
Total additions	90,487,268	79,097	
DEDUCTIONS			
Payments of property taxes to other governments Payments of payments in lieu of taxes to other governments Other Private Purpose Activities Contractual	88,014,907 2,472,361	- - 84,286	
Total deductions	90,487,268	84,286	
Net change in fiduciary net position	-	(5,189)	
Net position, beginning of year		6,186	
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ 997	

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of North Castle, New York (Town) was established in 1788 and operates in accordance with Town Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Town Supervisor serves as chief executive and chief financial officer. The Town provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies:

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the Town, b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal burden and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

### **B. Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Town at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Town's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

- a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:
- General Fund The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Town are as follows:
  - Highway Fund The Highway Fund is used to account for road and bridge maintenance and improvements as
    defined in the Highway Law of the State of New York. The majority of revenue resources consist of property
    taxes, intergovernmental charges, state aid and transfers from the general fund.
  - Public Library Fund The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's Public Library.
     The majority of revenue resources consist of property taxes.
  - Special Districts Fund The Special Districts Fund is provided to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's water, sewer, street lighting, fire protection, parking and ambulance districts. The majority of revenue resources consist of property taxes, departmental income and rental income.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are
  restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major
  capital facilities and other capital assets.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

- b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not included in Government-Wide Financial Statements)- Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee or custodial capacity. The Town has the following fiduciary fund:
  - Custodial Funds used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other
    employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The Town records
    property taxes collected on behalf of other local governments as custodial funds.
  - Private Purpose Trust Funds These funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in accordance with terms of a trust agreement. Established criteria govern the use of the funds.

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The Fiduciary Fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

### E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Fund Balances

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other postemployment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### F. Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure

 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and investments consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, and amounts with the New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (NYCLASS).

The Towns' deposit and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Town has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Town is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include NYCLASS, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions and accordingly, the Town's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Town has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and Town subdivisions.

The Town participates in the New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (NYCLASS), a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. At December 31, 2022, the Town held \$1,868,122 in investments consisting of various investments in securities issued by the United States and its agencies. NYCLASS is rated 'AAAm' by S&P Global Ratings. The investments are highly liquid, and the amount held represents the amortized cost of the investment pool shares, which are considered to approximate fair value. Due to the highly liquid nature of these investments, they are classified as cash equivalents in the financial statements. Additional information concerning NYCLASS, including the annual report, can be found on its website at www.newyorkclass.org.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1st. The
Town collects county, town, highway and special districts taxes which are due April 1st and payable without penalty to
April 30th. School district taxes for the period July 1st to June 30th are levied on July 1st and are due on September 1st
with the first half payable without penalty until September 30th and the second half payable without penalty until
January 31st. The Town guarantees the full payment of the County and Towns warrants and assumes the responsibility
for uncollected taxes. The Town also has the responsibility for conducting in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

The Town functions in both a fiduciary and guarantor relationship with the County of Westchester and the various Towns located within the Town with respect to the collection and payment of real property taxes levied by such jurisdictions. County taxes are included in the Town's levy and are payable without penalty for thirty days. The County Charter provides for the Town to collect County and Towns taxes and remit them as collected to the respective municipality. However, the Town must remit to the County sixty percent of the amount levied by May 25th and the balance of forty percent on October 15th. With respect to School taxes, the Charter provides that the Town satisfy the warrant of each school by April 5th. Thus, the Town's fiduciary responsibility is from the date of the levy until the due date of the respective tax warrant at which time the Town must satisfy its obligation to the municipalities regardless of the amounts collected. The County tax warrant is due in October and uncollected County taxes have been accounted for in a manner similar to Town taxes. The collection of Towns taxes is deemed a financing transaction until the warrants are satisfied.

- Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the Town is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.
- Other Receivables Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services
  provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program
  expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

- Due From/To Other Funds During the course of its operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2022, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.
- Inventory There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Town.
   Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.
- Prepaid Expenses/Items Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are
  recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.
  Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the
  end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent years budget and will
  benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the fund financial statements are equally offset by nonspendable fund
  balance, in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable
  resources" even though they are a component of current assets.
- Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life in Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Infrastructure	30-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Capital assets also include lease assets with a term greater than one year. The Town does not implement a capitalization threshold for lease assets. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

- Unearned/Deferred Revenues Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.
- Deferred inflows in fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Town has reported deferred inflow of \$1,727,536 for real property taxes in the General Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not available pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.
- Long-Term Liabilities In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations
  are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond
  premium or discount.
- In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance
  costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums
  received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as
  other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as
  Capital Projects or Debt Service funds expenditures.
- Compensated Absences The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.
- Net Position In the government-wide fund financial statements, net position is reported in three categories:
  - Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated
    depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are
    attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets. Accounts payable in the capital
    projects fund and retainage payable in the government-wide statements are considered capital related debt
    and are used in the calculation of next investment in capital assets.
  - Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, granters, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
  - Unrestricted net position consists of any remaining net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

- Fund Balances Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:
  - Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).
  - Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by
    grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling
    legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for
    the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds
    that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law.
  - Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to
    formal action of the Town Board prior to year-end. The Town Board is the highest level of decision-making
    authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions
    approved by the Town Board.
  - Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest
    level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign
    amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund
    balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent
    year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any
    positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.
  - Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

### G. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Highway, Public Library and Special Districts funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### I. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources (expenses/expenditure/revenues) until then.

### J. Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The Town's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

### 2. Stewardship Compliance and Accountability

### A. Budgetary Data

The Town generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) Prior to October 20th, the head of each administrative unit shall submit to the budget officer an estimate of revenues and expenditures for such administrative unit for the ensuing year.
- b) The budget officer, upon completion of the review of the estimates, shall prepare a tentative budget and file such budget in the office of the Town Clerk on or before October 30th.
- c) On or before November 10th, the Town Clerk shall present the tentative budget to the Town Board.
- d) The Town Board shall review the tentative budget and may make such changes, alterations and revisions as it shall consider advisable and which are consistent with law. Upon completion of such review, the tentative budget and any modifications, as approved by the Town Board, shall become the preliminary budget.
- e) On or before December 10th, the Town Board shall hold a public hearing on the preliminary budget.
- f) After the public hearing, the Town Board may further change, alter and revise the preliminary budget subject to provisions of the law.
- g) The preliminary budget as submitted or amended shall be adopted by resolution no later than December 20th.
- h) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Highway, Public Library and Special Districts funds.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

- i) Budgets for General, Highway, Public Library, Special Districts and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted for the Special Purpose Fund.
- j) The Town Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Town Board. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- k) Appropriations in General, Highway, Public Library, Special Districts and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

### **B. Property Tax Limitation**

The Town is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised (See Note 5).

### 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

В.

### A. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

As of December 31, 2022, all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents and investment balances were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Town's name:

		Carrying
	Bank Balance	Amount
Cash and cash equivalents, including fiduciary funds	\$ 46,766,519	\$ 46,894,669
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's		
trust department or agent in the Town's name	\$ 26,049,377	
Covered by FDIC insurance	20,717,142	
Total	\$ 46,766,519	
. Taxes Receivable		
Taxes receivable at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:		
Current year	\$ 369,979	
Overdue	1,663,949	
	\$ 2,033,928	

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### C. Lease Agreements

### **Lessee Agreements**

The Town leases a Post Meter. The lease contains a remaining term of 4 months and do not contain renewal option. The lease agreement is summarized as follows:

		Interest Rate /	December 31,
Des	scription	Discount Rate	2022 Balance
Post Meter Lease		2.27%	\$ 389
			389

Activity of lease liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022 is summarized as follows:

(Restated)					Amou	nts Due
Beginning					with	in one
Balance	Additions	Sı	ubtractions	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Y	ear
\$ 1,934	\$ -	\$	1,545	\$ 389	\$	389

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 389	\$ 2	\$ 391
	\$ 389	\$ 2	\$ 391

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### **Lessor Agreements**

The Town leases various buildings and land. The leases contain a rate of 2.27% and remaining terms of 32 - 270 months. Over the term of the leases, the Town will receive \$3,696,658 related to the lease. During the year the Town recognized \$463,152 as lease revenue and \$75,367 as interest Revenue.

	Ye	ear Ending
Lease revenue		2022
Building	\$	231,864
Land	<u> </u>	231,288
Total lease revenue		463,152
Interest revenue	<u> </u>	75,367
	\$	538,519

Future minimum lease payments due to the Town are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 421,313	\$	66,998	\$	488,311
2024	353,152		57,537		410,689
2025	201,433		51,696		253,129
2026	208,586		47,050		255,636
2027	215,971		42,238		258,209
2028-2032	641,747		156,418		798,165
2033-2037	527,988		96,865		624,853
2038-2042	491,129		32,681		523,810
2043-2047	82,362		1,494		83,856
	\$ 3,143,681	\$	552,977	\$	3,696,658

### D. Capital Assets

Changes in the Town's capital assets are a	as follows: (Restated)			
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,832,84	9 \$ 173,771	\$ -	\$ 4,006,620
Construction in progress	1,516,4	59 -	-	1,516,459
Total non-depreciable cost	5,349,3	08 173,771	-	5,523,079
·		<del>_</del>	•	
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Land improvements	13,407,44	2,128,098	_	15,535,539
Buildings and improvements	18,823,08		-	18,823,088
Machinery and equipment	13,545,25		(160,728)	14,863,813
Infrastructure	42,202,56		-	42,202,561
Total depreciable historical cost	87,978,34		(160,728)	91,425,001
Total depreciable historical cost	07,570,5	3,007,307	(100), 20)	31,123,001
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	2,655,3	82 652,629	_	3,308,011
Buildings and improvements	9,438,2			9,811,431
Machinery and equipment	8,841,1			9,533,774
· · ·	24,725,22			25,606,430
Infrastructure	24,723,22	.6 661,202	·	23,000,430
Total accumulated depreciation	45,660,00	2,760,368	(160,728)	48,259,646
Total cost, net	47,667,64	1,020,790		48,688,434
Leased assets that are amortized:				
Fordersont	1.0	2.4		1 024
Equipment	1,9			1,934
Total amortized leased assets	1,9	34		1,934
Less accumulated amortization:				
		- 1,451	_	1,451
Equipment			· <del></del>	
Total accumulated amortization		- 1,451		1,451
Total amortized lease assets, net	1.0	2/1 1/51		483
ויטנמו מוזוטו נוצפט ופמשפ מששנים, וופנ	1,9	34 1,451	· <del></del>	463
Governmental activities capital assets	ć 47.000 T	70 6 4 022 244	ć	ć 40.000.047
Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 47,669,5	78 \$ 1,022,241	<u> </u>	\$ 48,688,917

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged to the Town's functions and programs as follows:

	Assets Being		As	ssets Being
	De	preciated		mortized
General government support	\$	102,235	\$	1,451
Safety		109,257		-
Transportation		934,898		-
Culture and recreation		203,190		-
Home and community services		1,410,788		-
Total depreciation expense	\$	2,760,368	\$	1,451

#### E. Pension Plans

#### Plan Description

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224.

### **Funding Policy**

The Systems are non-contributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of service. For employees who joined after April 1, 2012, employees in NYSERS contribute 3% of their salary until April 1, 2013 and then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary throughout their active membership.

Contributions made to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
2022	\$ 763,481	\$ 1,240,059
2021	\$ 1,106,104	\$ 1,209,625
2020	\$ 1,010,750	\$ 941,739

The ERS and PFRS contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contribution for each respective fiscal year.

### New York State Employee Retirement System

Pension Liabilities, pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported a liability (asset) of (\$1,664,857) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as April 1, 2021. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2022, the Town's proportion was 0.0203663%, which was a decrease from its proportion measured December 31, 2021 of 0.0201832%.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$221,437 related to the NYS Retirement System. These expenses are liquidated through the general fund, highway fund, public library fund and special district fund. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	C	Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	126,082	\$ 163,536
Changes of Assumptions		2,778,459	46,883
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments		-	5,451,709
Changes in proportion and differences between the Town's contributions			
and proportionate snare of contributions		385,829	79,765
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	572,611	 
Total	\$	3,862,981	\$ 5,741,893

\$572,611 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ending March 31,	2023	\$ (317,256)
	2024	(531,970)
	2025	(1,346,003)
	2026	(256,294)
	2027	-
	Thereafter	 _
		\$ (2,451,523)

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability at March 31, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.7%

Salary scale 4.4 % in ERS, indexed by service

Investment Rate of Return including

inflation 5.9% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Cost of living adjustments 1.4% annually

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2020 experience study of the period April 1, 2015

through March 31, 2020

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real relates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2020 used a long-term expected rate of return of 5.9% The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as of March 31, 2022 in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term expected real rate
	Allocations in	of return in %
Asset Type		
Domestic Equity	32%	3.30%
International Equity	15%	5.85%
Private Equity	10%	6.50%
Real Estate	9%	5.00%
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.10%
Credit	4%	3.78%
Real Assets	3%	5.80%
Fixed Income	23%	0.00%
Cash	1%	-1.00%
	100%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase		
	4.9%	5.9%	6.9%		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,285,323	\$ (1,664,857)	\$ (6,641,896)		

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the plan as of March 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net				
		Position			
Total pension liability	\$	223,874,888,000			
Net position		(232,049,473,000)			
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(8,174,585,000)			
Fiduciary net position as percentage of total pension		103.65%			

New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported a liability (asset) of \$720,905 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2022, the Town's proportion was 0.1269099%, which was a increase from its proportion measured December 31, 2021 of 0.1233124%.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$541,612 related to the NYS Retirement System. These expenses are liquidated through the general fund. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Def	ferred
	Outflows of		Infl	ows of
	Resources		Res	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	388.645	Ś	_
Change of Assumptions	,	4,314,772		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		6,057,484
Change in proportion and differences between the Town's contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		142,972		593,407
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		930,044		
Total	\$	5,776,433	\$	6,650,891

\$930,044 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ending March 31,	2023	\$ (420,319)
	2024	(596,571)
	2025	(1,518,357)
	2026	729,016
	2027	1,729
	Thereafter	 
		\$ (1,804,502)

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability at March 31, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.7%

Salary scale 6.2% in PFRS, indexed by service

Investment Rate of Return, including

nflation 5.9% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Cost of living adjustments 1.4% annually

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2020 experience study of the period April 1, 2015

through March 31, 2020

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as of March 31, 2022 in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Type	Allocations in	of Return in %
Domestic Equity	32%	3.30%
International Equity	15%	5.85%
Private Equity	10%	6.50%
Real Estate	9%	5.00%
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.10%
Credit	4%	3.78%
Real Assets	3%	5.80%
Fixed Income	23%	0.00%
Cash	1%	-1.00%
	100%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current rate:

			Current		
1%	Decrease	Д	ssumption	1	% Increase
	4.9%	5.9%			6.9%
\$	8.018.954	Ś	720 905	Ś	(5,319,942)
	1%			1% Decrease Assumption 4.9% 5.9%	1% Decrease Assumption 1 4.9% 5.9%

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the plan as of March 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position					
Total pension liability	\$	42,237,292,000				
Net pension		(41,669,250,000)				
Net pension liability	\$	568,042,000				
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	-	98.66%				

#### F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Town's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Beginning									nounts Due
		Balance		Issued		Redeemed		Ending Balance		With One Year	
Government activities:											
Bonds & notes payable:											
General Obligation debt:											
Capital construction	\$	27,917,000	\$		-	\$	1,809,000	\$	26,108,000	\$	1,779,000
Unamortized premium on obligations	_	1,185,570			-		92,250	_	1,093,320		92,250
	_	29,102,570					1,901,250		27,201,320		1,871,250
Other liabilities:											
Total other postemployment benefits		94,677,643			-		18,976,021		75,701,622		-
Net pension liability (A)		2,161,141			-		1,440,236		720,905		-
Compensated absences		1,746,857			_		153,845		1,593,012		159,301
Total other liabilities	_	98,585,641	_				20,570,102	-	78,015,539		159,301
Total long-term liabilities	\$	127,688,211	\$		_	\$	22,471,352	\$	105,216,859	\$	2,030,551

(A) Additions and deletions to net pension liability are shown net because it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately.

The current portion of compensated absences, if any, is the amount left unpaid at the end of the reporting period that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The liability for compensated absences and total other post-employment benefit obligations are liquidated primarily by the general, highway, public library and special districts funds. The Town's indebtedness for bonds is satisfied by the general, highway and special districts funds.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### **Bonds Payable**

Bonds payable at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Bond Issue	 Original	Issued	Maturity	Interest Rate	 Balance
Firehouse acquisition	\$ 1,100,000	2004	2024	3.975%	\$ 150,000
Firehouse acquisition	1,100,000	2006	2026	3.973%	240,000
Sewer No. 2 treatment plant upgrade	3,345,000	2007	2037	3.630%	2,460,000
Sewer nitrogen removal - Environmental					
Facilities Corporation	5,245,000	2009	2033	4.270%	2,593,000
Public improvements	645,000	2010	2026	1.250%	190,000
Public improvements	2,500,000	2011	2026	1.50% - 2.65%	790,000
Public improvements	9,545,000	2014	2044	1.50%-5.0%	8,200,000
Water Project EFC Project # 18170	535,582	2017	2037	1.067%-3.574%	410,000
Public improvements	4,000,000	2017	2029	2.0% - 5.0%	2,420,000
Public improvements	8,960,000	2021	2036	2.0% - 5.0%	8,655,000

\$ 26,108,000

### Interest

Interest on all debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid - long-term debt	\$ 938,427
Add: Interest accrued in the current year	245,850
Less: Interest accrued in prior year	(260,539)
Amortization of bond premium	 (92,250)
Total expense	\$ 831,488

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### **Payments to Maturity**

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

The above general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Town.

	Principal			Interest		Total
Fiscal Year Ending December 31,						_
2023	\$	1,779,000	\$	864,477	\$	2,643,477
2024		1,824,000		795,445		2,619,445
2025		1,804,000		723,553		2,527,553
2026		1,859,000		656,222		2,515,222
2027		1,603,000		587,179		2,190,179
2028-2032		7,779,000		2,062,981		9,841,981
2033-2037		6,125,000		926,535		7,051,535
2038-2042		2,295,000		313,100		2,608,100
2043-2047	_	1,040,000	_	26,100	_	1,066,100
Total	\$	26,108,000	\$	6,955,592	\$	33,063,592

### **Compensated Absences**

In accordance with the Town's collective bargaining agreements, all employees may accumulate sick leave based upon length of service. Upon retirement, employees are compensated for accumulated sick leave pursuant to contract provisions. Vacation time earned during the year is generally taken in the year earned; however, with permission, certain employees may carryover vacation leave to the following year. Police employees may accumulate compensatory time up to a maximum of 96 hours. The value of compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

### **Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations**

### **Plan Description**

The Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The plan provides for continuation of retiree group health benefits for certain retirees and their spouses and can be amended by action of the Town subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report as there are no legally accumulated assets in a trust for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan that meets the criteria of GASB 75, paragraph 4.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### **Benefits Provided**

The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Town may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the Town and the retired employee. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town.

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	124
Active employees	116
Total participants	240

### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$75,701,622 was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. The changes in the OPEB liability are as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 94,677,643
Changes for the Year	
Service cost	834,276
Interest	3,895,058
Changes of benefit terms	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(20,716,472)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Benefit payments	(2,988,883)
Net changes	(18,976,021)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 75,701,622

### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	7.00%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Discount Rate	4.18%

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rates** 

7.0% for 2021, decreasing 0.25% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by 2034.

Share of Benefit-Related Costs Medical coverage, including prescription drugs as part of the medical plan, is

offered to retirees on a fully insured basis through the New York State Health Insurance Plan (NYSHIP) aka the Empire Plan. Life insurance is not available in retirement. Dental and vision coverage is available with varying benefits by union. For union employees, coverage is provided through Dutchess Dental & Vision Gold 12 via CSEA Employee Benefit Fund. For Police, coverage is available

for dental through Delta Dental.

The discount rate was based on an end of year measurement date of December 31, 2022 and is consistent with the prescribed discount rate methodology under GASB 75, using an average of two 20-year bond indices (e.g., S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index - 4.31% and Fidelity GO AA 20 Years - 4.05%) as of December 31, 2022.

Mortality was based on the Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Healthy Male and Female Total Dataset Headcount-Weighted Mortality tables based on Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables for both pre and post retirement, projected with mortality improvements using the most current Society of Actuaries Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	6 Decrease	[	Discount	19	% Increase
		(3.18%)		(4.18%)	(5.18%)	
Total OPEB Liability		89,248,916	\$	75,701,622	\$	65,376,785

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare						
		Current Heath						
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Care Rate						
	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 65,002,200	\$ 75,701,622	\$ 89,725,319					

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$3,676,505. These expenses are liquidated through the general fund, highway fund, public library fund and special district fund. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 8,111,11	2 \$ 20,915,214

The Town's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For years ending December 31,

2023	\$ (1,052,829)
2024	(1,052,829)
2025	(1,052,829)
2026	(1,457,321)
2027	(3,087,386)
Thereafter	 (5,100,908)
	\$ (12,804,102)

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### G. Revenues and Expenditures

#### **Interfund Transfers**

The Town had no outstanding interfund transfers at year end.

#### **H.** Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Workers' Compensation Benefits - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6-j of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Districts - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for water, sewer, street lighting, fire protection, parking and ambulance purposes under New York State Law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### I. Fund Balances

The components of fund balance are detailed below:

Certain elements of restricted fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for employee retirement and other payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the Town's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriations will be amended to provide authority and complete the transactions.

Designations of fund balance are not legally required segregations but represent intended use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2022, the Town Board has assigned the amounts below to be appropriated from the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

		General	 Highway	Publi	c Library	Spe	cial Districts	Capita	al Projects	Total
Nonspendable Prepaid items	\$	503,295	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 503,295
Restricted										
Capital Projects		-	-		-		-		-	-
Workers Compensation		1,692	-		-		-		-	1,692
Special Districts		-	-				5,154,913			5,154,913
		1,692	 				5,154,913			 5,156,605
Assigned										
Highway		-	5,907,639		-		-		-	5,907,639
Public Library		-	_		44,496					44,496
	_		 5,907,639		44,496		<u> </u>			 5,952,135
Unassigned	_	17,157,398	 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		(89,536)	 17,067,862
Total fund balance	\$	17,662,385	\$ 5,907,639	\$	44,496	\$	5,154,913	\$	(89,536)	\$ 28,679,897

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### 4. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Litigation

The Town is a defendant in various actions, all of which are within the limits of the Town's insurance coverage. Counsel for the insurance carrier is defending these claims. Consequently, an unfavorable decision in any of the actions will not have an adverse effect on the Town's financial condition.

The Town is also defendant in numerous tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which generally require tax refunds on the part of the Town. However, the amount of possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

### **B.** Risk Management

The Town maintains various conventional liability insurance policies to protect against potential losses. The general liability policy provides coverage of \$1 Million Per Occurrence and \$3 million Policy Aggregate. The Town's public officials and law enforcement liability policies provide coverage of \$1 million each. In addition, the umbrella policy provides a \$10 million policy aggregate. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In addition, the Town purchases conventional insurance for workers' compensation benefits and purchases conventional health insurance from various providers.

### C. Commitments and Contingencies

The Town participates in various Federal grant programs. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### 5. OTHER MATTERS

On June 24, 2011, the NYS Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Town to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less.

The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The Town is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Town, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Town. The Town Board may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Town Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Town Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

### 6. PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENT

The Town has 2 real property tax abatement agreements entered into by the Westchester County IDA (IDA) under Article 18-A of the real property tax law. These agreements provide for abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) in compliance with the IDA's Uniform Tax Exemption Policy (the Policy). In accordance with the policy, the IDA grants PILOTs in accordance with various activities for various activities such as new construction, purchasing of an existing facility, or the improvement or expansion of an existing facility. The IDA also has policies for recapture of PILOTs should the applicant not meet certain criteria. All policies are available on the IDA's website.

The following information relates to the PILOT agreements entered into under the agreements for the year ended December 31, 2021:

Taxa	b	e

Start Date	Agreement	Asse	essed Value	Tax Rate	Tax Value	PILC	T Received	Ta	xes Abated
				_					
01/01/1998	IBM	\$	6,139,500	173.1654	\$ 1,053,149	\$	481,892	\$	571,257
	Engel								
01/01/2012	Burman	\$	690,000	173.1654	\$ 119,484	\$	138,431	\$	(18,947)

### 7. AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN

The American Rescue Plan Act is projected to provide the Town with approximately \$1,300,000. The funds are to be used for costs associated with responding to COVID-19, to support workers performing essential work, to cover revenue losses caused by the pandemic, or to make necessary investments in water, sewer or broadband infrastructure. Fifty percent of the award were received in 2021, with the remaining funds received in 2022.

### 8. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases . GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and initiable right to use asset. A lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the Town's 2022 financial statements and had no net effect on the beginning net position of the governmental activities and the fund balance of the general or special districts. This was due to the net book value of the leased asset equaled the amount of the lease liability and the Lease receivable was equal to the deferred inflow of resources - leases.

	Governmental		
	Activities		Special District
	Net Position	General Fund	Fund
Balance at December 31, 2021, as previously reported	\$ (44,478,496)	\$ 14,857,428	\$ 4,623,440
Adjustments:			
Net book value assets	1,934	-	-
Lease liability	(1,934)	-	-
Lease receivable	3,143,681	392,164	2,751,517
Deferred inflow of resources - leases	(3,143,681)	(392,164)	(2,751,517)
Balance at January 1, 2022, as restated	\$ (44,478,496)	\$ 14,857,428	\$ 4,623,440

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Ori	ginal Budget	<u>F</u>	inal Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive <u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$	12,357,847	\$	12,357,847	\$	12,937,073	\$	579,226
Other tax items		1,010,000		1,010,000		1,402,698		392,698
Nonproperty tax items		3,100,000		3,100,000		3,505,755		405,755
Departmental income		1,535,960		1,535,960		1,810,822		274,862
Use of money and property		99,800		99,800		704,460		604,660
Licenses and permits		907,000		907,000		1,572,884		665,884
Fines and forfeitures		125,000		125,000		106,108		(18,892)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		-		-		35,670		35,670
State aid		925,000		925,000		1,598,959		673,959
Federal aid		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		25,000		25,000	_	72,520		47,520
Total revenue		20,085,607		20,085,607		23,746,949		3,661,342
EXPENDITURES:								
General governmental support		4,478,537		4,891,986		4,061,304		830,682
Public safety		10,980,403		11,448,650		10,753,984		694,666
Health		5,427		5,427		5,007		420
Transportation		411,965		427,264		409,920		17,344
Economic opportunity and development		258,166		260,131		244,060		16,071
Culture and recreation		3,086,380		3,746,274		3,361,092		385,182
Home and community services		1,945,501		2,073,230		1,915,832		157,398
Employee Benefits		-		-		-		-
Debt service - principal		163,312		163,312		164,856		(1,544)
Debt service - interest		25,920		25,920	_	25,937		(17)
Total expenditures		21,355,611	_	23,042,194	_	20,941,992		2,100,202
EVERSE (DELICIENCY) OF DEVENIUES OVED								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,270,004)		(2,956,587)		2,804,957		5,761,544
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out					_			<u> </u>
Total other financing sources and uses				<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,270,004)		(2,956,587)		2,804,957		5,761,544
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		14,857,428		14,857,428		14,857,428		-
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	13,587,424	\$	11,900,841	\$	17,662,385	\$	5,761,544

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Highway Fund (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Highway Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Real property taxes	\$ 7,407,148	\$ 7,407,148	\$ 7,407,148	\$ -
Intergovernmental charges	115,000	115,000	37,768	(77,232)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	13,186	13,186
Interfund revenue	-	-	-	-
State aid Federal aid	200,000	200,000	392,804	192,804
Miscellaneous	-	-	312	312
Miscellaticous				
Total revenues	7,722,148	7,722,148	7,851,218	129,070
EXPENDITURES:				
General governmental support	-	-	-	-
Transportation	8,473,452	9,881,504	8,193,807	1,687,697
Debt service - principal	810,000	810,000	810,000	-
Debt service - interest	532,106	532,106	532,105	1
Total expenditures	9,815,558	11,223,610	9,535,912	1,687,698
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES STEEL	(2,093,410)	(3,501,462)	(1,684,694)	1,816,768
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	-	-	_	-
Premium on obligations	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources and uses				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,093,410)	(3,501,462)	(1,684,694)	1,816,768
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	7,592,333	7,592,333	7,592,333	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 5,498,923	\$ 4,090,871	\$ 5,907,639	\$ 1,816,768

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Public Library Fund (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Ori</u>	ginal Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$	1,297,071	\$	1,297,071	\$	1,297,071	\$	-
Departmental income		12,000		12,000		917		(11,083)
Use of money and property		13,000		13,000		8,025		(4,975)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,500		1,500		356		(1,144)
State aid		3,000		3,000		3,647		647
Miscellaneous		1,500		1,500		2,442	_	942
Total revenues		1,328,071		1,328,071		1,312,458	_	(15,613)
EXPENDITURES:								
Culture and recreation		1,583,043	_	1,682,021		1,575,204	_	106,817
Total expenditures		1,583,043		1,682,021		1,575,204	_	106,817
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(254,972)	_	(353,950)		(262,746)		91,204
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out				<u>-</u>			_	
Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>	_			<u>-</u>	_	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(254,972)		(353,950)		(262,746)		91,204
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		307,242		307,242		307,242		
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	52,270	\$	(46,708)	\$	44,496	\$	91,204

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Special District Funds (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		S	pec	cial Districts Fun	d			
	<u>Ori</u>	ginal Budget		<u>Final Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:  Real property taxes  Departmental income	\$	3,260,148 1,509,086	\$	1,509,086	\$	1,357,208	\$	(669) (151,878)
Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous		202,905		202,905 - -		340,907 8,890 		138,002 8,890 
		4,972,139	_	4,972,139	_	4,966,484		(5,655)
EXPENDITURES:								
General governmental support		17,308		17,907		1,877		16,030
Public safety		479,195		479,195		479,195		-
Health		390,000		390,000		375,703		14,297
Transportation		158,900		193,739		185,075		8,664
Culture and recreation  Home and community services		16,000 3,165,721		16,000 3,446,190		16,000 2,161,087		1,285,103
Debt service - principal		835,689		835,689		835,689		1,265,105
Debt service - interest		410,795		410,795		380,385		30,410
Debt service interest		110,733	_	120,733	_	300,303		30,110
		5,473,608	_	5,789,515	_	4,435,011		1,354,504
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES  EXPENDITURES		(501,469)	_	(817,376)	_	531,473		1,348,849
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Insurance recoveries								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out			_					
Total other financing sources and uses			_		_			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(501,469)		(817,376)		531,473		1,348,849
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		4,623,440	_	4,623,440	_	4,623,440		
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	4,121,971	\$	3,806,064	\$	5,154,913	\$	1,348,849

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Last <sup>-</sup>	Ten Fiscal Years *		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 834,276 \$	1,374,426 \$	1,346,812 \$	709,699 \$	571,475
Interest	3,895,058	1,909,925	1,942,587	2,754,970	2,928,941
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	(20,716,472)	(568,369)	(3,877,952)	16,626,716	-
Benefit payments	 (2,988,883)	(2,410,807)	(2,413,278)	(2,178,640)	(2,232,498)
Total change in total OPEB liability	(18,976,021)	305,175	(3,001,831)	17,912,745	1,267,918
OPEB Plan Fiduciary Position	-	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 94,677,643	94,372,468	97,374,299	79,461,554	78,193,636
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 75,701,622 \$	94,677,643 \$	94,372,468 \$	97,374,299 \$	79,461,554
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,941,322 \$	10,286,449 \$	10,286,449 \$	10,166,288 \$	9,788,443
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-payroll	691.89%	920.41%	917.44%	957.82%	811.79%
Notes to schedule:					
	 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Discount rate	4.18%	2.05%	2.02%	2.90%	3.80%
Healthcare trend rate:					
Initial rate	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Decreasing per year	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.50%	0.50%
Ultimate rate	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	5.00%	5.00%
Ultimate rate year	2034	2032	2032	2026	2026

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

### Plan Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75, paragraph 4.

# Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				La	st :	10 Fiscal Year	s*			
New York State Employees' Retirement System Plan	2022		2021	2020		2019		2018	2017	2016
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0203669	%	0.020183%	0.020343%		0.022707%		0.023652%	0.022835%	0.024640%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,664,857	') \$	20,097	\$ 5,386,982	\$	1,608,829	\$	763,339	\$ 2,145,584	\$ 3,954,784
Covered payroll	\$ 7,042,855	\$	7,107,843	\$ 7,022,401	\$	7,223,542	\$	7,266,448	\$ 6,944,581	\$ 6,870,015
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-23.64	%	0.29%	76.71%		22.91%		10.57%	29.53%	56.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	103.65	%	99.95%	86.39%		96.27%		98.24%	94.70%	90.70%

	Last 10 Fiscal Years*													
New York State Police and Fire Retirement System Plan	System Plan 2022		2022			2020		2019		2018	2017			2016
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.126910%		0.123312%		0.131046%		0.120315%		0.115707%		0.122412%		0.144124%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	720,905	\$	2,141,044	\$	7,004,329	\$	2,017,754	\$	1,169,512	\$	2,537,177	\$	4,267,201
Covered payroll	\$	4,786,538	\$	4,432,466	\$	4,333,852	\$	4,209,759	\$	4,322,100	\$	4,393,866	\$	4,676,032
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		15.06%		44.73%		161.62%		46.56%		27.78%		58.70%		97.12%
liability (asset)		98.66%		95.79%		84.86%		95.09%		96.93%		93.50%		90.20%

<sup>\*</sup>This Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

## Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plans (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

						Last 10 Fis	cal	Years*					
New York State Employees' Retirement System Plan	2022		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 763,481	\$	1,106,104	\$ 1,010,750	\$	993,869	\$	1,041,429	\$	1,089,221	\$	1,349,325	\$ 1,177,993
contribution	 763,481		1,106,104	 1,010,750	_	993,869		1,041,429		1,089,221	_	1,349,325	1,177,993
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 6,851,765 11.14%	\$	7,042,855 15.71%	\$ 7,107,843 14.22%		7,022,401 14.15%	\$	7,223,542 14.42%	\$	7,266,448 14.99%	\$	6,944,581 19.43%	\$ 6,870,015 17.15%
						Last 10 Fis	cal	Years*					
New York State Police and Fire Retirement System Plan	 2022		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 1,240,059	\$	1,209,625	\$ 941,739	\$	898,884	\$	935,012	\$	971,624	\$	1,319,633	\$ 1,016,189
contribution	 1,240,059	_	1,209,625	 941,739		898,884		935,012	_	971,624	_	1,319,633	 1,016,189
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 
Covered payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 5,025,720 24.67%	\$	4,786,538 25.27%	\$ 4,432,466 21.25%	\$	4,333,852 20.74%	\$	4,209,759 22.21%	\$	4,322,100 22.48%	\$	4,393,866 30.03%	\$ 4,676,032 21.73%

<sup>\*</sup>This Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# Comparative Balance Sheets - General Fund December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022	<u>2021</u>
ASSETS			
Cash:			
Demand deposits	\$	19,620,504	\$ 16,487,571
Petty cash		600	600
Taxes receivable		2,033,928	2,429,351
Other receivables:			
Other		163,725	189,751
Leases		392,164	-
Due from other governments		852,141	1,435,384
Prepaid expenditures		503,295	 603,932
Total assets	\$	23,566,357	\$ 21,146,589
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	639,596	\$ 560,626
Due to other funds		-	-
Accrued liabilities		5,704	-
Retainage Payable		-	-
Other liabilities		3,144,673	2,145,048
Due to other governments		22	-
Due to school districts			 <u>-</u>
Total liabilities		3,789,995	 2,705,674
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,113,977	 2,329,029
FUND BALANCE			
Non-spendable		503,295	603,932
Restricted		1,692	1,692
Committed		-	-
Assigned		-	-
Unassigned		17,157,398	 12,591,068
Total fund balance		17,662,385	 13,196,692
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	23,566,357	\$ 18,231,395

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$ 12,357,847	\$ 12,357,847 \$	12,937,073	\$ 579,226	\$ 12,539,265	\$ 12,539,265 \$	11,980,381	\$ (558,884)
Other tax items	1,010,000	1,010,000	1,402,698	392,698	1,110,000	1,110,000	1,249,471	139,471
Nonproperty tax items	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,505,755	405,755	2,500,000	2,500,000	3,196,922	696,922
Departmental income	1,535,960	1,535,960	1,810,822	274,862	1,568,460	1,568,460	1,692,060	123,600
Use of money and property	99,800	99,800	704,460	604,660	124,800	124,800	118,717	(6,083)
Licenses and permits	907,000	907,000	1,572,884	665,884	758,000	758,000	1,291,247	533,247
Fines and forfeitures	125,000	125,000	106,108	(18,892)	125,000	125,000	62,604	(62,396)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	· -	-	35,670	35,670	· -	· -	115,521	115,521
State aid	925,000	925,000	1,598,959	673,959	775,000	775,000	1,679,255	904,255
Federal aid	-	-	-	-	-	· -	28,760	28,760
Miscellaneous	25,000	25,000	72,520	47,520	35,000	35,000	157,127	122,127
	20,085,607	20,085,607	23,746,949	3,661,342	19,535,525	19,535,525	21,572,065	2,036,540
EXPENDITURES:								
General governmental support	4,478,537	4,891,986	4,061,304	830,682	4,440,699	4,867,345	3,835,488	1,031,857
Public safety	10,980,403	11,448,650	10,753,984	694,666	10,332,432	11,197,948	10,237,207	960,741
Health	5,427	5,427	5,007	420	5,544	5,544	5,008	536
Transportation	411,965	427,264	409,920	17,344	420,187	431,205	414,597	16,608
Economic opportunity and development	258,166	260,131	244,060	16,071	242,260	248,030	224,455	23,575
Culture and recreation	3,086,380	3,746,274	3,361,092	385,182	2,978,019	3,336,658	2,876,266	460,392
Home and community services	1,945,501	2,073,230	1,915,832	157,398	1,890,523	2,004,941	1,886,372	118,569
Employee benefits		, , , <sub>-</sub>	-	,	, , , <sub>-</sub>	, , -	-	, <u> </u>
Debt service - principal	163,312	163,312	164,856	(1,544)	163,311	163,311	201,925	(38,614)
Debt service - interest	25,920	25,920	25,937	(17)	32,450	32,450	33,416	(966)
	21,355,611	23,042,194	20,941,992	2,100,202	20,505,425	22,287,432	19,714,734	2,572,698
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,270,004)	(2,956,587)	2,804,957	5,761,544	(969,900)	(2,751,907)	1,857,331	4,609,238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	512,134	512,134
Transfers out						(657,499)	(657,499)	
						(657,499)	(145,365)	512,134
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,270,004)	(2,956,587)	2,804,957	5,761,544	(969,900)	(3,409,406)	1,711,966	5,121,372
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	14,857,428	14,857,428	14,857,428	-	13,145,462	13,145,462	13,145,462	-
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 13,587,424	\$ 11,900,841 \$	17,662,385	\$ 5,761,544	\$ 12,175,562	\$ 9,736,056 \$	14,857,428	\$ 5,121,372

# Comparative Balance Sheets - Highway Fund December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022			<u>2021</u>
ASSETS				
Cash - demand deposits Due from other funds	\$	5,236,746 -	\$	7,564,679 -
Due from other governments Accounts receivable		900,611		512,826
Total assets	\$	6,137,357	\$	8,077,505
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$	229,718 <u>-</u>	\$	485,172
Total liabilities	\$	229,718	\$	485,172
FUND BALANCE				
Assigned		5,907,639		7,592,333
Total fund balance		5,907,639		7,592,333
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,137,357	\$	8,077,505

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE, NEW YORK

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - Highway Fund
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Finai Budget</u>	Actual	(Negative)	<u>Original Budget</u>	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$ 7,407,148	\$ 7,407,148	\$ 7,407,148	\$ -	\$ 7,007,955	\$ 7,007,955	\$ 7,007,955	\$ -
Intergovernmental charges	115,000	115,000	37,768	(77,232)	115,000	115,000	37,027	(77,973)
Miscellaneous sources	-	-	312	312	-	-	404	404
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	13,186	13,186	-	-	28,013	28,013
Interfund revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,396	1,396
State aid	200,000	200,000	392,804	192,804	200,000	200,000	402,948	202,948
Total revenues	7,722,148	7,722,148	7,851,218	129,070	7,322,955	7,322,955	7,477,743	154,788
EXPENDITURES:								
General governmental support	_	_	_	_	-	45,683	45,683	-
Transportation	8,473,452	9,881,504	8,193,807	1,687,697	6,722,161	12,001,098	10,594,134	1,406,964
Debt service -principal	810,000	810,000	810,000	-	495,000	495,000	495,000	-
Debt service - interest	532,106	532,106	532,105	1	105,794	105,794	105,794	-
Total expenditures	9,815,558	11,223,610	9,535,912	1,687,698	7,322,955	12,647,575	11,240,611	1,406,964
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,093,410)	(3,501,462)	(1,684,694)	1,816,768	-	(5,324,620)	(3,762,868)	1,561,752
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,960,000	8,960,000
Premium on obligations							1,044,336	1,044,336
Total other financing sources and uses	<u> </u>					<u>-</u> _	10,004,336	10,004,336
CHANCE IN FUND DALANCE	(2.002.110)	/2.504.463	(4.604.604)	4.046.763		/F 224 C22)	6.244.150	44.566.000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,093,410)	(3,501,462)	(1,684,694)	1,816,768	-	(5,324,620)	6,241,468	11,566,088
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	7,592,333	7,592,333	7,592,333		1,350,865	1,350,865	1,350,865	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 5,498,923	\$ 4,090,871	\$ 5,907,639	\$ 1,816,768	\$ 1,350,865	\$ (3,973,755)	\$ 7,592,333	\$ 11,566,088

# Comparative Balance Sheets - Public Library Fund December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u>		
ASSETS						
Cash: Demand deposits Petty cash	\$	96,379 415	\$	374,386 415		
Total assets	\$	96,794	\$	374,801		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	52,298	\$	67,559		
FUND BALANCE						
Assigned		44,496		307,242		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	96,794	\$	374,801		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE, NEW YORK

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - Public Library Fund For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

_		2022		_	2021						
			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES:											
Real property taxes	\$ 1,297,071	\$ 1,297,071	\$ 1,297,071	\$ -	\$ 1,496,527	\$ 1,496,527	\$ 1,496,527	\$ -			
Departmental income	12,000	12,000	917	(11,083)	12,000	12,000	1,005	(10,995)			
Use of money and property	13,000	13,000	8,025	(4,975)	13,000	13,000	3,165	(9,835)			
Sale of property and compensation for loss	1,500	1,500	356	(1,144)	1,500	1,500	281	(1,219)			
State aid	3,000	3,000	3,647	647	3,000	3,000	3,991	991			
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	2,442	942	3,465	3,465	18,989	15,524			
Total revenues	1,328,071	1,328,071	1,312,458	(15,613)	1,529,492	1,529,492	1,523,958	(5,534)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Culture and recreation	1,583,043	1,682,021	1,575,204	106,817	1,529,492	1,625,072	1,511,205	113,867			
culture and recreation											
Total expenditures	1,583,043	1,682,021	1,575,204	106,817	1,529,492	1,625,072	1,511,205	113,867			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(254,972)	(353,950)	(262,746)	91,204		(95,580)	12,753	108,333			
CTT. T											
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					6.635	6.005	6.005				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	6,985	6,985	6,985	-			
Transfers out					(230,348)	(230,348)	(230,348)	<u>-</u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)					(223,363)	(223,363)	(223,363)				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(254,972)	(353,950)	(262,746)	91,204	(223,363)	(318,943)	(210,610)	108,333			
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	307,242	307,242	307,242		517,852	517,852	517,852				
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 52,270	\$ (46,708)	\$ 44,496	\$ 91,204	\$ 294,489	\$ 198,909	\$ 307,242	\$ 108,333			

# Comparative Balance Sheet - Special Districts Fund December 31, 2022

		١	Water Districts			Sewer Districts					
ASSETS	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 4</u>	<u>No. 5</u>	<u>No. 6</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 3</u>	<u>No. 4</u>	Quarry Heights	
Cash:											
Demand deposits	\$ 436,754 \$	728,431	\$ 712,849	\$ 342,057	\$ 4,590	\$ 593,230	\$ 921,047 \$	595,658 \$	149,666	\$ 394,815	
Receivables:											
Water rents	114,903	32,238	40,096	7,017	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lease	1,023,079	-	-	-	-	-	1,728,438	-	-	-	
Due from other funds	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	300,000					<u> </u>			
Total assets	1,574,736	760,669	1,052,945	349,074	4,590	593,230	2,649,485	595,658	149,666	394,815	
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	62,433	11,296	19,884	16,632	-	19,815	48,441	1,210	178	3,312	
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retainage Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	300,000						<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Total liabilities	362,433	11,296	19,884	16,632		19,815	48,441	1,210	178	3,312	
Total liabilities	302,433	11,290	13,884	10,032		19,813	40,441	1,210	170	3,312	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	998,662						1,678,667				
FUND BALANCE											
Assigned	213,641	749,373	1,033,061	332,442	4,590	573,415	922,377	594,448	149,488	391,503	
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 576,074	760,669	\$ 1,052,945	\$ 349,074	\$ 4,590	\$ 593,230	\$ 970,818 \$	\$ 595,658 \$	149,666	\$ 394,815	

# Comparative Balance Sheet - Special District Funds December 31, 2022 (Continued)

		6.		Fi	ire Protection	Dealth - District			Long Pond	Elizabantiana		
			Lighting Districts	N- 2	District	Parking District	Ambulance [		District	Eliminations	Totals	2024
ASSETS	Carried Forward	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 3</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>No. 2</u>	<u>No. 1</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash:												
Demand deposits Receivables:	\$ 4,879,097 \$	49,481 \$	(4,456) \$	16,749 \$	97,478	\$ 3,062 \$	134,262 \$	(6,135) \$	-	\$ - \$	5,169,538 \$	4,446,219
Water rents	194,254										194,254	160,135
Accounts receivable	194,254	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	194,254	160,155
Leases	2,751,517	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,751,517	-
Due from other funds	300,000	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	(300,000)	2,731,317	300,000
Due from other funds	300,000									(300,000)		300,000
Total assets	8,124,868	49,481	(4,456)	16,749	97,478	3,062	134,262	(6,135)	<u>-</u>	(300,000)	8,115,309	4,906,354
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	183,201	7,568	10,391	257	-	=	81,650	-	-	=	283,067	186,239
Accrued liabilities	-	-	=	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=	16,000
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(300,000)	-	300,000
Due to other funds	300,000	<del></del> -					<del></del>	<del></del> -		(300,000)	<del></del> -	300,000
Total liabilities	483,201	7,568	10,391	257	<u>-</u>		81,650		<u>-</u>	(300,000)	283,067	502,239
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,677,329	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>		-		2,677,329	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE												
Assigned	4,964,338	41,913	(14,847)	16,492	97,478	3,062	52,612	(6,135)	-		5,154,913	4,404,115
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 5,447,539 \$	49,481 \$	(4,456) \$	16,749 \$	97,478	\$ 3,062 \$	134,262 \$	(6,135) \$	<u> </u>	\$ (300,000) \$	5,437,980 \$	4,906,354

# Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual- Special Districts Fund For the Years Ended December 31, 2022

-	Water Districts							 Sewer Districts										
	No.	<u>1</u>	No	<u>. 2</u>		No. 4	<u>No. 5</u>	,	No. 6	<u>No. 1</u>	<u>N</u>	o. 2		<u>No. 3</u>		<u>No. 4</u>	Quarry	Heights
REVENUES:										0.1-1-		205 242		70.050		25.600		20.000
Real property taxes		99,971		681,431	\$		\$	\$	-	\$ 94,715	\$ 1	,205,840	\$	79,250	\$	25,682	\$	30,328
Departmental income		26,362		383,275		340,767	105,474		-	-		1,305		-				25
Use of money and property	8	82,695		3,521		4,086	1,328		-	-		249,277		-		-		-
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,520		1,138		1,342	258		-	409		3,947		178		36		62
Federal aid		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous						-	 			 <u> </u>								
Total revenues	7:	10,548	1,	069,365		346,195	 107,060			 95,124	1	,460,369		79,428		25,718		30,415
EXPENDITURES:																		
General governmental support		1,249		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		29		-
Public safety		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Health		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Home and community services	47	73,377		236,079		320,008	103,370		-	67,219		905,566		33,851		7,428		14,189
Debt service - principal		89,412		390,588		· -	-		-	· -		355,689		· -		· -		· -
Debt service - interest		10,106		289,342		-	-		-	-		80,937		-		-		-
Dept service interest			-							 _								
Total expenditures	57	74,144		916,009		320,008	 103,370			 67,219	1	,342,192		33,851		7,457		14,189
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																		
OVER EXPENDITURES	13	36,404		153,356		26,187	3,690		-	27,905		118,177		45,577		18,261		16,226
OVER EXPENSIONES		<u> </u>					 			 				,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):																		
Insurance recoveries				-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Bans redeemed from appropriations		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out						-	 			 -					_			
Total other financing sources and																		
uses	-		-		-		 			 								
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	13	36,404		153,356		26,187	3,690		-	27,905		118,177		45,577		18,261		16,226
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		77,237		596,017		1,006,874	 328,752	-	4,590	 545,510		804,200		548,871		131,227		375,277
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 21	13,641	\$	749,373	\$	1,033,061	\$ 332,442	\$	4,590	\$ 573,415	\$	922,377	\$	594,448	\$	149,488	\$	391,503

# Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Special Districts Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2022

		Fire Protection Lighting Districts District Parking Distric			Parking District	Ambulance	Long Pond Ambulance Districts District Totals				
	Carried Forward	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 1	No. 1	<u>No. 1</u>	No. 2	No. 1	2022	2021
REVENUES:											
Real property taxes	\$ 2,217,217 \$	66,000 \$	89,194 \$	3,600 \$	477,452	\$ -	\$ 110,500	\$ 279,516	\$ 16,000 \$	3,259,479 \$	3,489,837
Departmental income	1,357,208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,357,208	1,392,415
Use of money and property	340,907	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	340,907	206,599
Sale of property and compensation for loss	8,890	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,890	-
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
Total revenues	3,924,222	66,000	89,194	3,600	477,452		110,500	279,516	16,000	4,966,484	5,088,851
EXPENDITURES:											
General governmental support	1,278	-	94	-	-	-	-	505	-	1,877	3,077
Public safety	-	-	-	-	479,195	-	-	-	-	479,195	479,195
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,825	279,878	-	375,703	356,729
Transportation	-	71,842	110,958	2,275	-	-	-	-	-	185,075	134,619
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,000	16,000	16,000
Home and community services	2,161,087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,161,087	2,173,116
Debt service - principal	835,689	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	835,689	953,834
Debt service - interest	380,385		<del></del> _	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>			<del></del> .	<u> </u>	380,385	468,478
Total expenditures	3,378,439	71,842	111,052	2,275	479,195		95,825	280,383	16,000	4,435,011	4,585,048
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	545,783	(5,842)	(21,858)	1,325	(1,743)		14,675	(867)		531,473	503,803
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Insurance recoveries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers out		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(39,579)
Total other financing sources and uses		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>						(39,579)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	545,783	(5,842)	(21,858)	1,325	(1,743)	-	14,675	(867)	-	531,473	464,224
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	4,418,555	47,755	7,011	15,167	99,221	3,062	37,937	(5,268)	<u> </u>	4,623,440	3,939,891
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 4,964,338 \$	41,913 \$	(14,847) \$	16,492 \$	97,478	\$ 3,062	\$ 52,612	\$ (6,135)	<u> - \$</u>	5,154,913 \$	4,404,115

# Comparative Balance Sheets - Capital Projects Fund December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u>		
ASSETS						
Cash - demand deposits Restricted Investments	\$	-	\$	638,369		
Accounts Receivable		8,397		25,855		
Total assets	\$	8,397	\$	664,224		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Retainages payable Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	46,697 51,236	\$	398,231 58,029		
Total liabilities		97,933		456,260		
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted		(89,536)		207,964		
Total fund balance		(89,536)		207,964		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	8,397	\$	664,224		

# Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Fund

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
REVENUES: State aid	\$ 15,255	\$ -
Miscellaneous		(134,871)
Total revenues	15,255	(134,871)
EXPENDITURES:		
General governmental support	-	40,440
Capital outlay	312,755	1,213,881
Total expenditures	312,755	1,254,321
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(297,500)	(1,389,192)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		516,788
Total other financing sources and uses		516,788
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(297,500)	(872,404)
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	207,964	1,080,368
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ (89,536)	\$ 207,964

Project-Length Schedule - Capital Projects Fund Inception of Project through December 31, 2021 For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

													Fund		
	Project	Budget	Amendments	Budget	Funding		Ex	penditures			Revenues		Balance	BANS	
Project Name	Number	01/01/22	2022	12/31/22	Source		Prior Year	2022	Total	Prior Year	2022	Total	12/31/22	O/S	
NWP Community Center Expansion	H7	\$ 308,445	\$ 657,499 \$	965,944	Fund Balance & Grants	\$	930,670 \$	236,292 \$	1,166,962 \$	956,944 \$	- \$	965,944 \$	(201,018) \$	-	
Bridge Renovation @ Wampus Park	Н8	275,000	-	275,000	Fund Balance		255,648	-	255,648	275,000	-	275,000	19,352	-	
Children's Room Expansion (Armonk)	H09	183,000	6,985	189,985	Fund Balance & Grants		176,015	8,066	184,081	176,015	-	176,015	(8,066)	-	
Armonk Library Restroom	H10	64,726	-	64,726	Fund Balance & Grants		43,319	12,360	55,679	64,726	-	64,726	9,047	-	
Armonk Library Roof Replacement	H11	84,000	-	84,000	Fund Balance & Grants		73,694	17,115	90,809	84,000	-	84,000	(6,809)	-	
NWP Community Center Automatic Doors	H12	23,968	-	23,968	Fund Balance & Grants		-	-	-	23,968	-	23,968	23,968	-	
Armonk Library Elevators	H13	335,978	-	335,978	und Balance & Grants & Donatio	r	375,581	14,335	389,916	335,978	4,200	340,178	(49,738)	-	
New Wells for Water Supply	H14	135,000	-	135,000	Fund Balance		44,450	19,888	64,338	135,000	-	135,000	70,662	-	
Children's Sensory Garden and Updating the 1	H15	61,930	-	61,930	Fund Balance & Grants		45,466	-	45,466	61,930	-	61,930	16,464	-	
Handicap Ramp	H16	33,547		33,547	Fund Balance & Grants		3,300	4,700	8,000	33,547	11,055	44,602	36,602		
TOTAL		\$ 1,505,594	\$ 664,484 \$	2,170,078		\$	1,948,143 \$	312,756 \$	2,260,899 \$	2,147,108 \$	15,255 \$	2,171,363 \$	(89,536) \$	-	

# **STATISTICAL SECTION**

# STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the Town's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required complementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being changed over time.

## **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, utility system receipts.

Additional data is presented on property tax revenue, the most significant general fund revenue source and a traditional revenue source of interest to readers of this report.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

## **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

## **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## Net Position by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years

		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	14,247,485 4,631,502 (5,866,745)	\$ 15,367,333 4,816,040 (9,867,343)	\$ 13,779,772 5,126,632 (8,618,958)	\$ 14,987,356 4,970,689 (67,161,099)	\$ 18,231,134 5,939,214 (70,915,430)	\$	20,509,758 5,486,175 (74,418,809)	\$ 18,565,074 4,833,096 (67,876,666)	\$	21,389,275 5,067,069 (66,799,296)
Total primary government net position	<u>\$</u>	13,012,242	\$ 10,316,030	\$ 10,287,446	\$ (47,203,054) (*)	\$ (46,745,082)	<u>\$</u>	(48,422,876)	\$ (44,478,496)	<u>\$</u>	(40,342,952)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The significant change in net position beginning in 2018 is the result of implementing GASB 75. The prior year was not restated on this schedule.

# Change in Net Position

Last Eight Fiscal Years								
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Governmental Activities								
EXPENSES:								
General government support	\$ 4,621,722	\$ 4,473,649 \$	4,427,237 \$	4,231,941	\$ 4,769,565	\$ 4,901,125	\$ 4,193,627	\$ 4,050,478
Public safety	11,170,848	10,857,915	10,104,712	10,199,595	11,570,210	12,438,034	11,496,251	10,693,149
Health	274,296	269,585	345,485	271,077	388,332	364,062	454,835	380,425
Transportation	7,928,052	8,691,886	10,574,161	9,014,078	6,917,846	7,231,735	4,539,295	7,031,094
Economic opportunity and development	300,679	254,387	258,113	248,255	305,591	291,447	244,582	234,652
Culture and recreation	5,747,153	5,664,608	5,133,034	4,894,341	5,629,854	4,915,748	4,865,034	4,404,748
Home and community services	7,402,203	5,174,154	4,029,260	4,532,758	4,359,364	5,309,214	5,683,167	5,445,704
Interest	725,766	732,123	685,618	791,105	743,858	591,838	554,855	831,488
Total primary government expense	38,170,719	36,118,307	35,557,620	34,183,150	34,684,620	36,043,203	32,031,646	33,071,738
PROGRAM REVENUES:								
Charges for services -								
General government support	37,095	395,456	405,442	346,099	959,843	507,038	359,126	447,070
Public safety	172,938	107,731	99,607	202,433	285,169	215,173	235,020	234,455
Transportation	483,577	125,586	172,176	494,512	192,134	77,180	38,423	37,768
Culture and recreation	1,337,710	1,344,830	1,346,505	1,246,529	1,190,273	438,517	964,846	1,183,512
Home and community services	2,575,406	2,638,729	2,232,886	2,465,310	2,372,917	2,395,138	2,735,742	2,982,902
Operating grants and contributions	2,405	3,488	2,441	3,599	2,790	4,911	28,760	-
Capital grants and contributions	352,932	966,473	835,160	439,941	320,680	387,340	418,552	471,998
Total primary government program revenues	4,962,063	5,582,293	5,094,217	5,198,423	5,323,806	4,025,297	4,780,469	5,357,705
Total primary government net expense	(33,208,656)	(30,536,014)	(30,463,403)	(28,984,727)	(29,360,814)	(32,017,906)	(27,251,177)	(27,714,033
GENERAL REVENUES:								
Taxes -								
Real property taxes	21,777,992	22,614,818	24,435,159	21,667,582	21,815,655	24,395,578	24,401,495	24,299,278
Other tax items	1,613,511	1,774,281	1,670,613	1,149,132	1,222,455	1,341,430	1,249,471	1,402,698
Non-property taxes	1,707,607	1,728,947	1,806,640	1,895,807	2,166,563	2,454,516	2,902,448	3,217,372
Unrestricted use of money and property	337,977	303,665	403,151	738,470	981,841	593,829	320,113	1,059,339
Unrestricted sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted State aid	775,351	901,713	1,137,995	1,125,327	797,510	1,111,674	1,667,642	1,538,667
Gain on sale of real property	235,584	125,387	419,108	50,800	105,975	51,196	143,815	58,102
Donated assets		-	-	-	· -	· -	· -	
Miscellaneous	660,214	390,991	562,153	506,179	605,256	431,468	470,994	363,657
Insurance recoveries	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total primary government	27,108,236	27,839,802	30,434,819	27,133,297	27,695,255	30,379,691	31,155,978	31,939,113
CHANGE IN NET POSITION TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (6,100,420)	\$ (2,696,212) \$	(28,584) \$	(1,851,430)	\$ (1,665,559)	\$ (1,638,215)	\$ 3,904,801	\$ 4,225,080

#### Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
GENERAL FUND:										
Nonspendable	\$ 602,927	\$ 551,545	\$ 587,230	\$ 514,353	\$ 515,212	\$ 494,109	\$ 498,188	\$ 513,123	\$ 603,932	\$ 503,295
Restricted	1,692	1,692	1,692	1,692	1,692	1,692	1,692	41,271	1,692	1,692
Committed	9,700	109,234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	46,665	; -	9,700	9,700	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	6,975,440	8,037,532	5,294,618	6,358,897	9,092,551	9,616,317	12,133,753	12,591,068	14,251,804	17,157,398
Reserved		· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved		<u> </u>					<u>-</u>			
Total general fund	7,636,424	8,700,003	5,893,240	6,884,642	9,609,455	10,112,118	12,633,633	13,145,462	14,857,428	17,662,385
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:										
Restricted	3,651	10,791,732	4,599,302	4,814,348	4,757,864	4,456,863	3,939,891	4,404,115	4,623,440	5,154,913
Assigned	6,814,274	1,490,537	2,265,423	1,501,600	3,015,362	1,848,339	1,120,923	1,868,717	7,899,575	5,952,135
Reserved		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in special revenue										
funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects fund		6,004,324	30,508	(799,731)	367,076	512,134	1,997,631	1,080,368	207,964	
Total all other governmental funds	6,817,925	18,286,593	6,895,233	5,516,217	8,140,302	6,817,336	7,058,445	7,353,200	12,730,979	11,107,048
Total governmental funds	\$ 14,454,349	\$ 26,986,596	\$ 12,788,473	\$ 12,400,859	\$ 17,749,757	\$ 16,929,454	\$ 19,692,078	\$ 20,498,662	\$ 27,588,407	\$ 28,769,433

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Tell Fiscal Teals										
	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
REVENUES:										
Real property taxes	\$ 21,174,858	\$ 21,274,513	\$ 20,591,429	\$ 22,960,559	\$ 23,825,335	\$ 22,388,486	\$ 24,063,005	\$ 23,018,479	\$ 23,848,794	\$ 24,900,771
Other tax items	1,463,862	1,376,678	1,613,511	1,774,281	1,670,613	1,149,132	1,222,455	1,341,430	1,249,471	1,402,698
Non-property taxes	1,991,126	2,010,854	2,011,724	2,037,387	2,126,623	2,210,188	2,480,309	2,761,562	3,196,922	3,505,755
Departmental income	2,961,704	2,930,663	3,206,772	3,204,735	3,182,722	3,157,085	3,314,884	2,537,816	3,075,754	3,168,947
Intergovernmental changes	115,896	116,296	435,659	124,867	170,661	230,133	190,823	76,080	37,027	37,768
Use of money and property	399,807	349,611	337,977	303,665	403,151	738,470	981,841	593,829	320,113	1,053,392
Licenses and permits	646,808	556,968	781,959	1,129,946	796,868	979,422	909,230	949,789	1,291,247	1,572,884
Fines and forfeitures	180,997	104,334	125,364	151,439	104,852	123,865	126,889	68,261	62,604	106,108
Sale of property and compensation for loss	42,302	99,890	235,584	125,387	419,108	50,800	105,975	51,196	143,815	58,102
Interfund revenues	1,193	2,480	2,639	719	1,515	1,323	1,331	1,100	1,396	36,102
State aid	1,200,318	1,129,129		1,844,698	1,973,155	1,565,268	1,118,190	1,499,014	2,086,194	2,010,665
	563,493	41,242	1,128,283		2,441	3,599	2,790	4,911	28,760	2,010,003
Federal aid Miscellaneous	33,668	104,897	65,281 347,429	3,488 106,664	2,441	454,854	723,127	124,422	41,649	- 75,274
Miscellaneous		104,837	347,423	100,004	242,170	434,634	723,127	124,422	41,043	75,274
Total revenues	28,768,080	30,776,032	30,097,555	30,883,611	33,767,835	34,919,214	33,052,625	35,240,849	35,383,746	37,892,364
EXPENDITURES:										
Current -										
General governmental support	3,828,575	4,203,539	4,067,939	3,972,534	4,046,111	3,948,016	4,008,469	4,002,555	3,933,602	4,063,181
Public safety	8,475,654	8,534,775	10,341,420	9,410,390	9,167,481	9,501,390	9,596,373	9,776,980	10,716,402	11,233,179
Health	305,763	272,675	273,617	269,585	345,485	271,077	388,332	361,736	381,716	380,710
Transportation	5,198,899	6,710,277	7,128,012	8,646,612	10,119,203	8,675,151	8,649,723	6,979,755	11,165,973	8,788,802
Economic opportunity and development	188,759	211,331	276,934	221,760	231,596	228,501	247,383	218,472	224,455	244,060
Culture and recreation	4,022,416	4,103,840	4,830,758	4,879,928	4,692,318	4,567,083	4,754,507	3,896,440	4,403,471	4,952,296
Home and community services	3,467,269	3,566,183	3,334,834	3,539,442	3,839,031	4,281,328	3,989,924	3,991,236	4,057,884	4,076,919
Employee benefits (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service -										
Principal	1,049,000	1,094,511	1,115,000	1,128,998	1,606,000	1,539,001	1,514,421	1,579,000	1,629,000	1,810,545
Interest	318,289	432,292	726,227	706,706	693,349	743,383	719,519	626,959	571,953	938,427
Refunding bond issuance costs	-			-	-	- 10,000		-	-	-
Capital Outlay	874,362	4,564,000	6,992,494	1,379,494	34,178	117,998	733,085	788,172	1,213,881	312,755
Capital Gutlay										
Total expenditures	27,096,648	27,728,986	33,693,423	39,087,235	34,155,449	34,774,752	33,872,928	34,601,736	38,298,337	36,800,874
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES										
	1,671,432	3,047,046	(3,595,868)	(8,203,624)	(387,614)	144,462	(820,303)	639,113	(2,914,591)	1,091,490
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Sale of real property										
	-	253,900	-	-	457,000	-	-	-	-	-
BANs redeemed from appropriations Bonds issued	-	9,950,000	-	-	4,535,582	-	-	-	8,960,000	-
Insurance recoveries	80,664	9,930,000	-		4,333,362		-	-	8,300,000	
Refunding bonds issued	80,004	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	244.054	-	-	-	4 044 226	-
Issuance premium	-	-	-	-	211,854	-	-	-	1,044,336	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	425	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance recoveries	2 250 574	750.672	125	2 677 044	12.000	-	2 704 202	- 04 570	4 025 007	-
Transfers in	2,258,574	759,673	2,053,316	2,677,941	12,999	-	2,761,383	84,579	1,035,907	-
Transfers out	(2,258,574)	(759,673)	(2,053,316)	(2,677,941)	(12,999)		(2,761,383)	(84,579)	(1,035,907)	
Total other financing sources and uses	65,905	80,664	10,203,900	125		5,204,436			10,004,336	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,737,337	\$ 3,127,710	\$ 6,608,032	\$ (8,203,499)	\$ (387,614)	\$ 5,348,898	\$ (820,303)	\$ 639,113	\$ 7,089,745	\$ 1,091,490
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL	Ĺ									
EXPENDITURES	5.0%	5.1%	5.2%	5.7%	5.6%	6.6%	6.8%	6.6%	5.9%	8.3%

<sup>(1)</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the cost of employee benefits was distributed within the applicable department.

# Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Year</u>	Residential <u>Property</u>	(	Commercial <u>Property</u>	<u>Industria</u>	ll Property	Specia	al Franchise (1)	otal Taxable sessed Value	State Special Equalization Rate (2)		stimate Actual Faxable Value	Effective Tax late (3)
2013	\$ 89,697,730	\$	23,051,440	\$	308,900	\$	1,513,633	\$ 114,571,703	2.36	%	\$ 4,854,733,178	\$ 156.33
2014	\$ 90,580,408	\$	22,856,250	\$	301,500	\$	1,535,940	\$ 115,274,098	2.37	%	\$ 4,863,885,992	\$ 158.30
2015	\$ 90,817,768	\$	22,613,550	\$	299,500	\$	1,914,566	\$ 115,645,384	2.25	%	\$ 5,139,794,844	\$ 162.21
2016	\$ 91,790,047	\$	22,704,400	\$	299,500	\$	1,752,278	\$ 116,546,225	2.34	%	\$ 4,980,607,906	\$ 162.59
2017	\$ 92,162,992	\$	22,582,440	\$	299,500	\$	1,904,243	\$ 116,949,175	2.19	%	\$ 5,340,144,977	\$ 165.11
2018	\$ 92,353,742	\$	21,671,790	\$	299,500	\$	1,785,993	\$ 116,111,025	2.26	%	\$ 5,137,655,973	\$ 168.03
2019	\$ 92,883,335	\$	21,426,495	\$	299,500	\$	1,810,730	\$ 116,420,060	2.30	%	\$ 5,061,741,739	\$ 169.52
2020	\$ 93,072,986	\$	21,290,755	\$	291,700	\$	1,929,576	\$ 116,585,017	2.38	%	\$ 4,898,530,126	\$ 171.84
2021	\$ 93,794,876	\$	20,923,235	\$	291,600	\$	1,990,034	\$ 116,999,745	2.24	%	\$ 5,223,202,902	\$ 173.55
2022	\$ 94,169,958	\$	20,642,889	\$	291,600	\$	1,963,926	\$ 117,068,373	1.94	%	\$ 6,034,452,216	\$ 173.17

<sup>(1)</sup> Assessed valuation of transmission lines of Consolidated Edison and Verizon

Note: Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by the state special equalization rate. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: Town of North Castle Assessor

<sup>(2)</sup> Provided by the New York State Office of Real Property Services

<sup>(3)</sup> The Town has a complex rate structure that would make such a calculation extremely difficult, since its revenue base cannot be sufficiently segregated for each applicable rate. The Town substituted an effective tax rate instead.

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE, NEW YORK

# Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Overlapping Rates											
					Westches	ter (	County						
<u>Year</u>	Effective <u>Tax</u> Rate (1)		<u>Operating</u>		Sewer Distr	<u>icts</u>	<u>(Range)</u>		School Distric	cts (	Range)		
2013	\$ 156.33	\$	160.25	\$	21.38	\$	26.98	\$	541.57	\$	810.05		
2014	\$ 158.30	\$	155.86	\$	24.03	\$	24.83	\$	543.30	\$	871.68		
2015	\$ 162.21	\$	148.60	\$	23.39	\$	28.80	\$	548.42	\$	873.34		
2016	\$ 162.59	\$	149.26	\$	23.89	\$	26.13	\$	539.20	\$	864.80		
2017	\$ 165.11	\$	139.95	\$	23.48	\$	24.64	\$	532.36	\$	855.61		
2018	\$ 168.32	\$	144.62	\$	23.06	\$	32.20	\$	580.80	\$	894.95		
2019	\$ 169.52	\$	140.39	\$	21.54	\$	25.33	\$	571.54	\$	890.30		
2020	\$ 171.84	\$	134.19	\$	-	\$	-	\$	549.66	\$	879.21		
2021	\$ 173.55	\$	128.30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	553.18	\$	864.07		
2022	\$ 173.17	\$	128.38	\$	=	\$	-	\$	582.33	\$	887.04		

Source: Town of North Castle Assessor

<sup>(1)</sup> The Town has a complex rate structure that would make such a calculation extremely difficult, since its revenue base cannot be sufficiently disaggregated for each applicable rate. The Town substituted an effective rate instead.

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and 10 Years Ago

	<u>20</u>	022		
<u>Rank</u>	<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
1	New York City	Watershed	\$ 8,560,240	7.31%
2	Con Edison	Utility	2,000,827	1.71%
3	Westchester County	Airport	1,795,800	1.53%
4	Airport Campus I LLC	Commercial	1,158,800	0.99%
5	Swiss Re America	Commercial	1,097,682	0.94%
6	IBM	Commercial	1,087,300	0.93%
7	Citigroup, Inc.	Commercial	888,800	0.76%
8	Fifth Avenue Properties	Commercial	467,000	0.40%
9	ASQ LLC	Residential	446,000	0.38%
10	99 Business Park Drive	Commercial	295,000	0.25%
	Total		\$ 17,797,449	<u>15.20</u> %
	<u>20</u>	012		Percent of Tayahla
<u>Rank</u>	<u>20</u> <u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Taxable Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Rank 1	·			Assessed
	<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	<u>Valuation</u>	Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
1	<u>Taxpayer</u> New York City Bureau	Type of Business Watershed	<u>Valuation</u> \$ 8,262,745	Assessed Valuation 7.18%
1 2	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County	Type of Business Watershed Airport	<u>Valuation</u> \$ 8,262,745 1,795,800	Assessed Valuation 7.18% 1.56%
1 2 3	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County  Con Edison	Type of Business  Watershed  Airport  Utility	\text{Valuation} \$ 8,262,745  1,795,800  1,616,969	Assessed <u>Valuation</u> 7.18% 1.56% 1.41%
1 2 3 4	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County  Con Edison  IBM	Type of Business  Watershed  Airport  Utility  Commercial	\$ 8,262,745 1,795,800 1,616,969 1,284,100	Assessed <u>Valuation</u> 7.18% 1.56% 1.41% 1.12%
1 2 3 4 5	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County  Con Edison  IBM  National R/E Holdings of Armonk LLC	Type of Business  Watershed  Airport  Utility  Commercial  Commercial	\$ 8,262,745 1,795,800 1,616,969 1,284,100 1,246,000	Assessed <u>Valuation</u> 7.18% 1.56% 1.41% 1.12% 1.08%
1 2 3 4 5	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County  Con Edison  IBM  National R/E Holdings of Armonk LLC  Citigroup Inc.	Type of Business  Watershed  Airport  Utility  Commercial  Commercial	\$ 8,262,745 1,795,800 1,616,969 1,284,100 1,246,000 888,800	Assessed Valuation 7.18% 1.56% 1.41% 1.12% 1.08% 0.77%
1 2 3 4 5 6	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County  Con Edison  IBM  National R/E Holdings of Armonk LLC  Citigroup Inc.  North White Plains Shopping Center	Type of Business  Watershed  Airport  Utility  Commercial  Commercial  Commercial	\frac{\text{Valuation}}{\text{8,262,745}} \text{1,795,800} \text{1,616,969} \text{1,284,100} \text{1,246,000} \text{888,800} \text{672,600}	Assessed Valuation 7.18% 1.56% 1.41% 1.12% 1.08% 0.77% 0.58%
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Taxpayer  New York City Bureau  Westchester County  Con Edison  IBM  National R/E Holdings of Armonk LLC  Citigroup Inc.  North White Plains Shopping Center  Lashins	Type of Business Watershed Airport Utility Commercial Commercial Commercial Commercial	\text{Valuation} \$ 8,262,745  1,795,800  1,616,969  1,284,100  1,246,000  888,800  672,600  551,300	Assessed Valuation 7.18% 1.56% 1.41% 1.12% 1.08% 0.77% 0.58% 0.48%

Source: Town of North Castle's Assessor's Office

Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> The Percent of Taxable Assessed Valuation is the taxable assessed valuation over the total taxable assessed valuation (from Assessed value last 10 tab)

# Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected v	vithin the Fiscal Ye	ar (	of th	ne Levy	Total Collect	ion to Date	_
<u>Year</u>	Levied for the Fiscal year (1)	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage of <u>Levy</u>			Collections in bsequent Years	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage of <u>Levy</u>	
2013	\$ 41,991,452	\$ 41,638,972	99.16	%	\$	178,445	\$ 41,817,417	99.59	%
2014	\$ 41,664,490	\$ 41,199,500	98.88	%	\$	244,014	\$ 41,443,514	99.47	%
2015	\$ 41,745,818	\$ 41,428,437	99.24	%	\$	201,940	\$ 41,630,377	99.72	%
2016	\$ 42,198,812	\$ 41,897,524	99.29	%	\$	186,746	\$ 42,084,270	99.73	%
2017	\$ 41,503,591	\$ 41,291,628	99.49	%	\$	55,364	\$ 41,346,992	99.62	%
2018	\$ 43,524,164	\$ 42,913,095	98.60	%	\$	43,041	\$ 42,956,136	98.69	%
2019	\$ 43,496,119	\$ 42,737,914	98.26	%	\$	311,452	\$ 43,049,366	98.97	%
2020	\$ 43,273,750	\$ 42,849,245	99.02	%	\$	62,747	\$ 42,911,992	99.16	%
2021	\$ 42,657,075	\$ 42,306,213	99.18	%	\$	16,800	\$ 42,323,013	99.22	%
2022	\$ 42,741,662	\$ 42,371,683	99.13	%	\$	62,995	\$ 42,434,678	99.28	%

Source: Town of North Castle Department of Finance

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts for General, Highway, Library, Special Districts, and the County of Westchester

# Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Obli	General gation Bonds (2)	Less: Amo Available ii Service <u>F</u>	n Debt	Net	Long-Term <u>Debt</u>	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of <u>Property</u>	Percentage of Personal Income (1)		<u>Pe</u>	r Capita (1)
2013	\$	15,099,000	\$	3,651	\$	15,095,349	13.02%	1.51	%	\$	1,275
2014	\$	24,095,000	\$	3,651	\$	24,091,349	13.18%	2.32	%	\$	2,035
2015	\$	22,986,000	\$	3,651	\$	22,982,349	20.90%	2.08	%	\$	1,941
2016	\$	21,857,000	\$	-	\$	21,857,000	19.87%	1.91	%	\$	1,846
2017	\$	25,455,436	\$	-	\$	25,455,436	18.75%	info not available			
2018	\$	23,898,781	\$	-	\$	23,898,781	21.59%	info not available			
2019	\$	22,165,000	\$	-	\$	22,165,000	20.42%	info not available			
2020	\$	20,744,889	\$	-	\$	20,744,889	19.04%	info not available			
2021	\$	27,917,000	\$	-	\$	27,917,000	23.86%	info not available			
2022	\$	27,201,320	\$	-	\$	27,201,320	23.24%	info not available			

<sup>(1)</sup> Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics.

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes unamortized premiums.

# Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2021

Government Unit	Net Long-Term Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Percentage of Applicable to North Castle (1)		Amount Applicable to North Castle
County of Westchester	\$ 1,435,280,068	1.91	%	\$ 27,432,785
School Districts (as of June 30, 2022):				
Byram Hills	159,093,670	85.38	%	135,827,944
Bedford	344,445,994	2.31	%	7,971,438
Harrison	278,873,442	0.02	%	63,594
Mount Pleasant	149,271,192	1.99	%	2,963,163
Valhalla	99,886,351	27.26	%	27,224,951
				201,483,875
Town direct debt				27,201,320
Net direct and overlapping debt				\$ 228,685,195

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed values.

Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Town's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the Town's total taxable assessed value.

Source: Town of North Castle and County of Westchester Finance Departments

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town. This process recognizes that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account.

# Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 370,623,117 	\$ 354,354,021 	\$ 350,136,044 4,220,696	\$ 352,729,710 3,668,676	\$ 343,864,570 6,926,656	\$ 347,143,647 6,266,490	\$ 351,474,494 5,671,325	\$ 352,609,310 5,046,159	\$ 356,102,612 13,847,260	\$ 359,300,753 13,467,857
Legal debt margin	\$ 362,816,217	\$ 347,199,021	\$ 345,915,348	\$ 349,061,034	\$ 336,937,914	\$ 340,877,157	\$ 345,803,169	\$ 347,563,151	\$ 342,255,352	\$ 345,832,896
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.11%	2.02%	1.21%	1.04%	2.01%	1.81%	1.61%	1.43%	3.89%	3.75%

	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019										
	Assessment	Roll	_								
	Year	Budget Year		Assessed Valuation	State Special Equalization Ratio		Full Valuation				
	<u>rear</u>	<u>baaget rear</u>		Valuation	<u>natio</u>		Valuation				
	2021 2020 2019	2022 2021 2020	\$	117,068,373 116,999,745	2.38 %	\$	5,226,266,652 4,915,955,672				
	2019	2020	\$ \$	116,585,017 116,420,060	2.30 % 2.26 %		5,068,913,783 5,151,330,088				
	2017	2018	\$	116,111,025	2.19 %		5,301,873,288				
Total five year	rvaluation					\$	25,664,339,483				
Five year aver	age full valuation of taxable	real property				\$	5,132,867,897				
Debt limit - 7%	% of five year average valuat	ion					359,300,753				
Outstanding T Serial bonds Bond anticipal							27,201,320				
·					•		27,201,320				
Less: Exclusion for v	water and sewer districts						13,733,463				
Net indebtedr	ness subject to debt limit						13,467,857				
Net debt cont	racting margin					\$	345,832,896				

# Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Population (1)	Personal Income	Per C	Capital <u>Income</u> (1)	Unemployment <u>Rate (1)</u>	
2013	11,841	\$ 983,691,075	\$	83,075	7.30	%
2014	11,841	\$ 996,858,267	\$	84,187	6.30	%
2015	11,841	\$ 1,039,367,457	\$	87,777	5.10	%
2016	11,841	\$ 1,103,924,589	\$	93,229	4.60	%
2017	11,841	\$ 1,146,196,959	\$	96,799	4.60	%
2018	11,841	\$ 1,156,735,449	\$	97,689	4.10	%
2019	12,212	\$ 1,182,158,236	\$	96,803	3.90	%
2020	12,231	\$ 1,208,826,423	\$	98,833	3.80	%
2021	12,408	\$ 1,255,850,904	\$	101,213	3.90	%
2022	12,105	\$ 1,295,186,580	\$	106,996	2.70	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

# **Principal Employers**

**Current Year and 10 Years Ago** 

	2022		
<u>Employer</u>		<u>Employees</u>	Percent of Total Employment
IBM		3,000	36.98%
Byrum Hills School System		492	6.07%
Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD		400	4.93%
Byrum Hills School District		267	3.29%
MBIA		192	2.37%
Open gate Inc		100	1.23%
Moderna Barn		80	1.00%
Byrum Hiils School Transportation		77	0.98%
Sotheby's International Reality		75	0.97%
Summit Club	_	60	<u>0.74</u> %
Total	=	4,743	<u>58.56</u> %
	2012		
<u>Employer</u>	2012	<u>Employees</u>	Percent of Total <u>Employment</u>
Employer IBM	2012	Employees 1,200	
	2012		Employment
IBM	2012	1,200	Employment 21.43%
IBM Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD	2012	1,200 700	Employment 21.43% 12.50%
IBM Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD MBIA Inc	2012	1,200 700 450	Employment 21.43% 12.50% 8.04%
IBM  Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD  MBIA Inc  Byram Hills School System	2012	1,200 700 450 410	Employment 21.43% 12.50% 8.04% 7.32%
IBM  Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD  MBIA Inc  Byram Hills School System  Trinity Packaging	2012	1,200 700 450 410 240	Employment  21.43%  12.50%  8.04%  7.32%  4.29%
IBM  Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD  MBIA Inc  Byram Hills School System  Trinity Packaging  Cine Magnetics Inc.	2012	1,200 700 450 410 240 150	Employment  21.43%  12.50%  8.04%  7.32%  4.29%  2.68%
IBM  Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD  MBIA Inc  Byram Hills School System  Trinity Packaging  Cine Magnetics Inc.  Carquest Auto Parts	2012	1,200 700 450 410 240 150	Employment  21.43%  12.50%  8.04%  7.32%  4.29%  2.68%
IBM  Swiss Reinsurance Co LTD  MBIA Inc  Byram Hills School System  Trinity Packaging  Cine Magnetics Inc.  Carquest Auto Parts  Production Resources Group, LLC	2012	1,200 700 450 410 240 150 150	Employment  21.43%  12.50%  8.04%  7.32%  4.29%  2.68%  2.68%

# Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Function</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
General government	53	52	56	59	60	60	63	61	75	75
Public safety	45	45	46	41	41	41	38	35	36	36
Culture and recreation	46	44	49	50	46	46	18	18	18	18
Home and community services	7	7	7	8	8	8	13	11	11	11
Total	148	151	148	158	158	155	155	132	125	140

Source: Town's Finance Department

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE, NEW YORK

## Operating Indicator By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
GENERAL G	OVERNMENT SUPPORT:										
Building per	mit issued	611	511	670	611	637	976	1,165	1,190	1,162	1,403
PUBLIC SAFI	ETV·										
Police -	E11.										
. 000	Physical arrests	153	112	102	152	168	136	134	60	90	94
	Parking violations	384	669	484	357	598	621	942	586	474	460
	Traffic violations	1,505	720	855	799	894	825	842	238	425	476
011171105 44	UD DECREATION										
	ND RECREATION:										
Recreation -	Adult programs	51	54	47	36	32	31	26	17	25	30
	Children's programs	160	168	47 146	150	128	134	125	65	128	131
	Camp	14	14	8	8	9	8	7	4	2	2
	Senior citizen's programs	6	8	8	8	10	11	14	7	15	16
	Pre-school classes	31	33	46	53	44	40	40	16	35	37
	Special events	3	3	3	6	9	8	7	4	6	6
Library -	Special events	3	3	3	O	9	8	,	4	U	U
Libi ai y -	Volumes in collections	108,265	138,714	102,284	106,376	102,341	116,529	54,794	51,602	57,646	57,646
	Circulation	137,785	143,336	153,235	183,160	172,790	167,673	155,790	84,255	120,528	120,528
	Circulation	137,783	143,330	133,233	183,100	172,730	107,073	133,730	84,233	120,328	120,320
HOME AND	COMMUNITY SERVICES:										
Water distri	ct No. 1 -										
	Average daily consumption	352,100	327,443	322,013	315,871	339,653	358,371	292,510	271,451	296,283	259,403
	Peak daily consumption	428,000	418,000	412,782	431,772	380,154	456,600	339,728	371,200	434,300	376,300
Water distri	ct No. 2 -										
	Average daily consumption	159,288	205,525	225,450	147,717	133,615	125,402	125,700	147,346	132,862	143,424
	Peak daily consumption	357,714	382,804	364,860	294,500	309,000	299,809	304,460	327,343	319,000	404,000
Water distri											
	Average daily consumption	348,000	369,359	386,404	369,519	351,283	345,001	357,011	318,105	333,937	325,307
	Peak daily consumption	622,744	653,000	639,916	662,280	603,000	702,192	636,600	302,000	531,000	597,000
Water distri											
	Average daily consumption	59,457	58,090	74,454	72,428	65,328	62,024	67,045	95,203	106,615	84,036
	Peak daily consumption	150,100	131,070	153,900	138,390	151,612	142,100	133,200	211,800	176,300	169,750

Source: Various Town's Departments

TOWN OF NORTH CASTLE, NEW YORK

## Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT: Number of general government buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
PUBLIC SAFETY:										
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	19	17	17	16	17	17	17	17	17	17
TRANSPORTATION:										
Miles of streets	94	94	94	90	92	92	92	92	92	92
Number of street lights	659	659	659	659	659	659	659	659	659	659
Number of traffic lights	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CULTURE AND RECREATION:										
Number of community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of parks/playgrounds	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Acres of parks	341	341	341	341	341	341	341	341	341	341
Baseball/softball diamonds	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Outdoor tennis courts	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Soccer fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Nature trails	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Picnic areas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Libraries	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES:										
Miles of water mains	31	31	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Fire hydrants	282	282	303	303	303	303	303	303	303	303
Miles of sanitary sewers	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23

Source: Various Town's Departments